Previous references. 1893-4
191 .
(Sep. Rev)

File No. 20 of 93

Serial Nos. 1-24

Later references.
S.R 136 of 1903.
S.R. 20 of 93 pp. 25-32

(120)

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

Serial Nos. 1-24

Major ~~Part~~ B. for June 1895

SUBJECT

Embezzlement case against Shimoga Dt. Stamp vendor B. Venkoba Rao

---

Sl 1. From The Dy Commr Shimoga
No 649/692 Dt. 8-3-94
States that the Stamp Vendor B Venkoba Rao has embezzled Court fees stamps and labels to the extent of Rs. 3941-7-0.

G. R. S. 58

GPB—4,000—4-7-11

Sl 2. From The Comptroller
No 5151 Dt. 8-3-94.

Forwards copy of letter from
Dy Comr. Shimoga and st
that he intends to proce
Shimoga.

Sl 3. To The Comptroller.
No 16414/G.3609 29-3-9
Requests to report the re
of his investigation
case.

Sl 4 From The Supdt Shimoga
No. 2784 . 3-4-9
forwards a petn from Ven
Rao praying for an order t
pone the sale of his propert
ing the disposal of the cri
nal case against him.

Sl 5. To The Dy Comr. Shim
No 17222/G.1232 11-4-94
Requests that the sale of the
under attachment may be

Sl 6. From The Comptroller.
No. 6164. Dt. 24-4-94.

Reports on the result of his Examination of the Stamps accounts of the Shimoga District Treasury.

Sl 7. From The Dy. Comr. Shimoga
No 1002/820 25-4-94

Forwards the petn of B. Venkoba Rao and States that if it is necessary to Stay the Sale of the property needful orders may be passed.

Sl 8. From The Supdt Shimoga Jail
No 269 26-4-94
Forwards a petn from Venkoba Rao praying to Stay the Sale of his property and to release him on bail.

Sl 9 To. The Comptroller.
The Dy Comr Shimoga
No 20240-41/G.4564 28-5-94
passes orders in connection with the above case.

Sl 10 From The Supdt Shimoga Jail.
No 236 8-6-94.

Forwards a petn from Venkoba Rao praying for an order to Stay the Sale.

Sales of his property until the disposal of his appeal which will shortly be preferred against the orders of the Dy Comr Shimoga

Sl 11 From The Dy Comr Shimoga
No 1123/915 . 11-6-94

States that Rs 3264-1-4 has been realized from the Security and by the sale of the defaulter's property

Sl 12 To The Dy Comr Shimoga
The Suptd Shimoga Jail
No Camp 466-9 . 15-6-94

Forwards post copy of telegram sent to the Dy Comr Shimoga .

Sl 13 From The Dy Comr Shimoga
No 1141/928 . 18-6-94

Reports that the properties hence already been sold.

Sl 14 From The Suptd Shimoga Jail
No. 342 . 25-6-94

Forwards a petn from Venkoba Rao praying not to confirm the sales till the final disposal of his case.

Sl 15 From The Dy Comr Shimoga
No 1169/948 Dt. 26-6-94

States that the properties have been sold

Sl 16 From The Dy Comr Shimoga
No. 249 10-7-94

Forwards copy of Judgement in the Shimoga Sessions' Court case No 17 of 1893

Sl 17 Do The Dy Comr Shimoga
No 664/g 1249 13-7-94

Forwards a post copy of a telegram dt 13-7-94

Sl 18 From The Dy Comr Shimoga
No 60/50 13-7-94

Submits papers as per first attached about Venkata Rao's embezzlement

Sl 19 From The Dy Comr Shimoga
No 123/100 9-8-94

Ref Reports that a sum of Rs 42 due to the defaulter has been received from the Munsiff's Court and credited towards his balance.

Sl 20 To The Dy Comr Shimoga
No 3403/845 Dt. 27-8-94

Requests to submit further representations from the Treasury officer.

Sl 21 From The Dy Comr Shimoga
No 190/154 30-8-94

Submits two representations received through the Dt Treasury officer from the Head and Dy Accountants.

Sl 22 From The Comptroller.
No 3892 .. 14-12-94

Forwards a Statement as required in connection with the embezzlement of Govt money.

Sl 23 From The Dy Comr Shimoga
No 1183/910 26-5-95

Requests orders as to whether the sum of Rs. 500/- deposited as security by the late Stamp Vendor Venkatha Rao, may be taken in part adjustment of the Govt money embezzled.

Sl:24 To The Dy Comr. Shimoga.
No The Comptroller.
No 24961-2 Dt. 26-6-95
R 3690

States that the deposit may be forfeited and credited towards the recovery of the embezzlement money

M.B

V.V. Ramadasacharya Iyengar.

For orders

SECTION S. D.
FILE No. 20 aff 93-4
SERIAL No.

Memo:

Subject. Shemoga Stamp Vendors frauds.

The total amount embezzled by the Stamp Vendor is reported to be Rs 3742-7-0. In order to realize whatever of the embezzled money could not be recovered from the Stamp Vendor's property and to enable the Govt. to ascertain the proportionate liability of each Official concerned, the Comptroller was requested to submit in a given form, a statement compiled from the original Returns received in his Office from time to time.

Vide para 4 of Govt. Pro:
No 20240-41 of 23rd May 1894.
G. 4579

Note. This statement received with the Comptroller's letter No 3392 of 14th Dec/94 is pending disposal. —

The Dy Commissioner was also requested to report the steps taken by him for realizing the misappropriated amount and to submit the explanations of the Treasury Officer and others concerned.

Note. These have been dealt with in the Chief Secty's Office note of 10th Septr/94 herewith put up.

2. In his letters ⊗ marginally noted, the Dy Commissioner reported having recovered Rs 3313-7-9 by the attachment and sale of the Vendor's property, and on a further reference he was directed to declare the sum of Rs 500/- deposited by the Vendor as Security forfeited and to credit it towards the recovery of the embezzled amount. Please see Pro: No 24961-2/R. 3690 of 26th June 1895. Thus the total amount ~~realized~~ realized from the Stamp

⊗ Letter No (11) 1123/915 dated 11th June/94
Letter No 123/100 of 9th August/94

Vendor's property including
Security is Rs. 3813-7-9
or Rs 71-0-9 more than the
amount embezzled by him.

3. With reference to the Dr Commrs report as well as
Stamp Vendor Venkoba Row's
petition received with
docket No (15) 337 dated 20th
June 1894 from the Supdt.
Shemoga jail and subse-
quent petitions presented
by his son Rama Chandra
Row dated 20th August/94
protesting against the
Dr Commissioner's action
in attaching & selling their
property the Government
in their Proceedings Camp
No 193 dated 2nd October/94
97 8-94
observed as follows: —

"There is no provision
"of law under which the
"Dr Commissioner could
"have held the Sales complained
"of But as the Sales have

"been completed by the
"Deputy Commissioner and
"properties made over, no
"orders of Government are
"now required on the petitions
"now before them".

4. In his letter dated
18th December 1894 No 538/428
the Dy Commissioner solicits
orders as to whether the
Sale certificate applied for
by Mr K. Nagesha Row who
purchased some of the lands
belonging to the Stamp
Vendor may be granted.

Submitted for orders with
reference to ~~the Dy Commrs~~
~~order~~ petition Regd No C114/1419
from B. Rama Chendra Row
Son of the late Stamp Vendor
on which, the Dewan has been
pleased to make the following
remarks.

"Revenue Department.
"How does the case now stand

"and what will the present
"Deputy Commissioner propose
"in the matter."

24/10/95.

A D.O. was written
to Mr Rangaswamy
who sent a reply (Encl
No 35). The Devan
thereupon passed an
order declining to
interfere & directing
the grant of a certificate
to Mr Nagesha Rao, one
of the auction purchasers
on extension applied
for.

The Dy Comr wrote his
letter No 253 dy 29/8/96
forwards for the reformation
tion of Govt a copy
of petition dy the 22nd
idem from the late
Venda Venkatarao.
This petition is in
the nature of a notice
informing the Dy Comr
of Venkatarao's
intention to file a
suit against himself
& his subordinates

Draft Sent 5/12

5/12 for
Asst Comr
5/12/96

Encl/

Memorandum.

"In reply to the notice
of the Dy Comr bid
the Petr that no suit
lies either against the
Govt, or against the
Dy Comr & his subor-
-dinates in their official
capacity."

4-12-95.

CHIEF SECY.'S DEPT.

SECTION S. R.

FILE NO. 20 of 93

SERIAL

Submitted to the Dewan.

For Orders —

Papers ending with Shimoga Dy Cs No 190/152 dt 30th Augt 1894

Subject Shimoga Stamp Vendors frauds

The last finl order on the subject was on 23d May last.

To ascertain the proportionate liability of each Special concerned if Govt should think fit to call upon these Specials to reimburse Govt for the Embezzlement, the Comptroller was

Vide Printed Rec No 20240-1 Cy 94579 hereto attached

in para 4 requested
to submit certain
information after
referring to the original
returns sent to his
office from time to
time - This has not
yet been received -
The Comptroller is
trying to obtain the
info. by a reference
to the returns which
stand filed as exhibits
in the Court's record -

The Dy C was
of paras 5 & 6 requested
to furnish explanations
which the officials
concerned may
have to offer, and
the explns of the Early
Officer who started the
practice of the Vendor

preparing the Draft
Warrants - These,
the D/L has since
furnished -

The Dean of Men
Mr Nagel has now
heads multifarious
heavy work as a plea
for neglecting to
examine vendors
stock & accounts
during above 3 years - He
says that the ~~Deputy~~
Treasurer must to
have ex-stock &
accounts, and
that the D/L Asst
is responsible for the
false Warrants sent
to Comptrollers Office -
He submits that the
Vendor Verification
had been employed
only to help in Clerical
work at the Treasury

and the refused to
entertain the plea
of the Dy Asst that
he (the Dy Asst)
only installed as a
matter of form what
the Camp Quartr had
completed under Ready
Officers orders -

The Examiner illustrates
responsibility & examines
accounts of the Officers
entered in the Returns
Indents - He supplied
these Indents on the
Ready Officer rendering
his order to supply -
The Ready Officer says
something about his
rendering such order
only on one side
without his even
looking at much
less testing the Officers
given on the other
side! -

The Dy Asst

The Read Act of Shift
the blame and
by Deceit upon
themselves — The
Dy Accountant was his
discovery & the Crime
of the Frauds as proof
that he had been
no party but
One thing is
Clear — The practice
of the Vendors Emptying
the District Stores
began during Nagoh
Ram's Regime and
not during Ramcha
Nath Ram's tenure
of Office as at first
suggested —
The question now
is whether the sales
of Vendors previously
effected by the Dist —
should stand
or be cancelled —
Vendor Veerabhadra
has appealed against
the Dept H's action

in during the property
the hd — that Rukhen
his creditors may
proceed agt Newkhaus
property has urged by
the Learn'd Officer in an
early stage of the proceedings
as a reason why
prompt measures should
be taken — But there is
nothing to show that any
of Newkhaus' creditors had
or have taken execution agt
any of the properties that
the Dft has attached & sold —
No protest has been received
from any one except Rukhen
Now himself (& his son on his
behalf) — There is nothing to show
that any of these properties had
been mortgaged — Of the purchasers
at Dft's sales, (Learn'd Officer & Mr)
one mortgagee Row is one — It does not
appear that he obtained sanction

12

The U.S. Confiscated
the amt of the Bonds
Security ($500) and
in his first Report did
not set it off as the
Embezzled amount.
But if it be restored,
it & the Sale proceeds
of the Bonds Together
fully cover the Embezzled
amount —

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

Shimoga Stamp Vendors frauds.

Venkoba Rao late Salaried Stamp vendor, Shimoga Dist: 7½ Ms embezzled Stamps to the extent of Rs 3,732-5-0 by fraudulent transactions extending over a period of upwards 7½ years. His property (immovable & immovable) was attached by the Revenue authorities on the 2nd April 94 he petitioned Govt: praying for an order to postpone the sale of his property pending disposal of the Criminal case against him before the Sessions Court. On the 11th idem the

Govt: observed That
"as the properties
"are under attachment.
"the head for immediately
"selling them is not
"apparent." In reply
to this, on the 25th Dem
the Dy Commr: stated
that "orders were issued
"for the sale of the
"properties in question
"in the ordinary course
"of business. If it is
"found necessary to stay
"the sale until the
"disposal of the case
"pending against the
"prisoners, such orders
"will be passed on the
"subject" but on the
23d of last month he
confirmed the order
of sale which

rejecting a petition from the accused.

On the 11th June properties were sold by Mr. Rainsford Sandford Offg Commr for Rs 4A4-1-4/Rs 3264-1-4* as noted on the margin & the sale was confirmed the same day by the Dy Commr. Before the report of the sale reached Govt they telegraphed & the Dy Commr on the 14th June & stay for the sale of Vaddas property pending result of Sessions trial & on subsequently the receipt of this message

Immovable Rs 4A4-1-4

House at Shimoga & Ht Gumasta Chennajiah Taluk Shimoga 995-0-0

Wet land in Hillyatta Shimoga Taluk & Mr. Ayeza Rao 1200-0-0

another wet land in an Inam Village of one Pattanayjamma 625-0-0

Total Rs 3264-1-4

6. the Saturday
the Dft. Sheriff
that there was no more
property under attachment. Where is this?
& requested instructions
what he should do
make over the property
& the purchasers on
their paying the
full amount of the
purchase money —
Thereupon the Govt:
telegraphed to return
the deposit of bidders
in all cases in wh:
the sale had not
already been completed,
& pointed out to
the Dft. that
his action could
not be supported
by the provisions of
the Rev: Code. This
was on the 24 June
that

17

but before these
instructions reached him
he had transferred
the property &
the purchasers on
their paying the
full amount on
the 16th June i.e. two
days after he had
solicited the orders
of the Govt.

The D.C. has
also confiscated the
security amount of
the Stamp Vendor - Rs 500/-

The vendor appeals
against the action of
the D.C. as being
illegal arbitrary &
wrong that the sale
may be declared null

order on Enclosed
Cable-Gram.

Is there a
Prohibition of Loan
under Act: the
Statement of Loan
Thru Vatican completed
If they are handed
Cancelled

Ans. the Letter enclosed
I have been
Completed has arrived
I first. one hour
Left after Ten
o'clock

29/9/24 Ch for
Sub-Sec
for Secretary

Mr Richards

Rec'd Sub-Sec
Secs
30/9/24.

Lamps No. 193 of 2nd Oct/94

Accordingly an order was passed to the effect that there was no provision of law under which the Dy Commr could have held the sales complained of; but, as the sales had been completed by the Dy Commr and properties made over to the purchasers, no orders of Govt were required on the petition of ex Stamp Vendor Venkoba Rao.

Letter No. 538/423 of 18th Dec/94

The purchaser of one of the lands belonging to the Stamp Vendor applied

the Dy Commr for the
grant of a sale-certifi-
cate and the transfer
of the Khata in his name.
and the orders of Govt were
solicited in the matter.
No orders were passed
on this reference. But
from a Memo submitted D.O.
by the Dy Commr since of 14th March/95
it appears that Ws Nagesha
Rao the purchaser again
applied for the sale certificate
and the Offg Dy Commr,
Ws Ramaiah Rao directed
the issue of the certificate
and it was accordingly
granted in May 1895.

The Dy Commr re- No. 1183/910 of 28th May/95
quested orders
as to whether the sum of
Rs 500 deposited by the

Stamp Vendor in payment of the balance remaining to be recovered. and the Dy Commr was directed to declare the deposit forfeited and to credit it towards the recovery of the amount embezzled.

Govt Pros No 2496/1-2 of 26-6-95
R 3690

Petn No 114/119 of 16-10-95

In October 1895, a petition was presented to H. H. the Maharaja Regent C.I. by B. Ramachandra Rao, son of Venkoba Rao, the stamps Vendor, praying that his fathers property might be released on grounds that the sale was against the provisions of the Land Rev Code, that the stamps Vendor was not a Rev: Officer

that the Dy Commrs
effected the sales and
confirmed them in spite
of the orders of Govt
and made over the
property to the purchasers &
that upon appealing
to the Council it was
decided "that though
the Dy Commrs action
was not supported by
any law Govt found
no necessity of recon-
sidering the order"
The petitioner was given
an endorsement to the
effect that there were
no grounds to interfere

A notice was sent
by Venkobarao on the

Encls: to Dy Commrs
letter No. 255/220 of 29th August 96

22nd August 1896 addressed to the Dy Commr., to the effect that if the properties belonging to his family confiscated and sold, were not restored to him within two months, he would sue the Revenue Officers concerned in a Civil Court. The Dy Commr., on submitting the notice to Govt., was directed to inform Venkoba Rao that no suit lies either against Govt. or against the Dy Commrs and their subordinates in their official capacity.

No. 5213 / R.P. 42-96 of 5th Dec/96.

No. 3008 / Poll. of 14th June/98.

B. Venkoba Rao, an Advocate of Shimoga, applied for an authenticated copy of Govt. Orders Comp No 193 R.P. 5-94 of 2nd October 1894 — —

Paper No 29.

It was considered that that the copy applied for could not be granted as the object of the application was to use it against Govt. ~~against Govt~~ in the long threatened suit and the application of the Advocate was simply refused.

D.O. of 15th October 1898.

Armed with the Govt. Order of 2d October 1894, Venkoba Rao filed a suit before the Munsiff of Shimoga for the recovery of the land confiscated and sold, from the purchaser's son, the purchaser having died in the meanwhile.

The Defendant petitioned to the Dy Commr. to ~~to~~ take such action as he might consider necessary to defend

the sale made by Govt.
Not being then aware of
of the Govt order the Dy
Commr replied that under
Section 25 of the Land Revenue
Code the Dy Commr was
empowered to sell the land
and that he saw no reason
to and the purchaser in
making good his title.
The Dy Commrs attention
was ~~subsequently~~ drawn
to the Govt order when
an application for a copy
of it was made. A
summons again the Munsiff
to produce the
Govt order was received
afterwards by the Dy
Commr. Before complying
with the summons, the
Dy Commr sought the order
of Govt in the case. He
observed at the same time

that it was doubtful whether
a suit by Govt. in case
the plaintiff succeeded in
in his suit to set aside the
sale, to recover the amount
paid by the purchaser of the
land from the dismissed
the Stamp Vendor, would
not be out of time of then
instituted. He stated that
the result ~~would~~ would be that the
~~culprit~~ criminal would
get off Scotfree with his
booty. He thought, with
due deference, that the Govt.
had unnecessarily given
its case away by its Pros.
of 2d Oct/94. Section 25 of
the Revenue Code empowered
D/Commrs to recover
public money by summary
process and it seemed ap-
plicable to demands on
Revenue Officers, which
term was defined by the Code
to mean one connected

with the business of Land Revenue
~~Disposed to have been borrowed~~
~~that~~ the word is used in a
wider sense in Section 25
and might be held plausibly
to mean any Revenue Officer
Under cl. VIII of the Revenue
Rules Khazana Bakshi,
Nazir & Shroff &c are
included as Revenue Officers
who do not fall under the
definition Either authority
he said ~~would~~ might be
found for this view In
these circumstances he
requested that the matter
might be taken into re
consideration by Govt
and either ~~reissue~~ fresh Pro
Urwick or.
~~as issue~~ instructions as
to whether he should inter
vene and defend the suit
on behalf of Govt or adopt
any other particular course
Urwick.

19

Subsequently the Dy D.O. of 7th June 99.
Commr. wrote to say that
the Suit was dismissed
by the Munsiff on the ground
that the plaintiff had con-
veyed away his rights
to a third party and therefore
had no locus Standi in
the matter.

A summons from
the Munsiff of Shimoga
has now been received
by the Dy Commr. Shimoga
B'ru, requesting to cause
the production of the papers
connected with the matter,
in connection with a suit
filed again by Batni Venkaba
Rao against K. Hanumantha
Rao, and the favor of
instructions of Govt in
matter of ~~the~~ complying with the summons
otherwise is requested.

20

Submitted
to the Secretary
for orders —

The matter
has been sufficiently
discussed in the
notes just up —

The Junior
the fort advocate
may if necessary
be obtained.

H
8/5/02

Submitted to Secretary H
24/5/02
the 2nd Councillor

29/5

H
31/5/02

Read
31-5-02.

D.G.

H
7/6/02

Counsel for Claimants
urged the Commissioner
if the case may be
reopened, and
Juriller claimed
to appeal to the rest
of the matter called
for — H

2/6/02

The order of 2/10/94
was, I am afraid
not a correct one
but we cannot
decline to reopen
it — The only cancern
with of course being to show
to the Court that the order
is erroneous and to
amend the Plan accordingly

3/ (stole in continuation)

The order as above was communicated to the Dy Comr. by means of a D.O. of 4.6.02. The Dy Comr, now in his letter no: 450/307 of 20.2.04, states that for Rs 3742-7-0 embezzled by Babu Venkoba Rao, the late salaried Stamp Vendor, a sum of Rs 3823-9-9 has been realized, or Rs 81-2-9 more than the amount embezzled, by attachment and sale of his moveable and immovable properties and credited to Govt, and requests that the prayer of the said Venkoba Rao for the refund of the said excess amount may be favourably considered as he is now in very ~~straitened~~ straightened circumstances.

Submitted for orders.

A.V. 4/3/04

4/3/4

The Secretary

Please put up a draft sanctioning

5/3/04

5/3/04

16411/7.3.04

Submitted with draft to the Revenue

5/3/04 5/3/04

7/3/04

5/3/04

SECTION
FILE No.

37

Memo.

The total amount of stamps Embezzled by Official Stamp Vendor B. Venkoba Rao was Rupees 3742-7-0 in satisfaction of which the following properties were attached on the Revenue side:-

(1) Moveable property valued at Rs 4464-1-4

(2) Tiled house in the town of Shimoga -

(3) The lands in his Khata in the Milghatta village, Shimoga Taluk.

(4) Another wet land in the Inam village of Mandli.

The above mentioned properties were sold by public auction with the following result:-

Rs 1. Moveable property fetched in the auction sale ——— 4464-1-4

Rs 2. Tiled house in Shimoga was purchased in auction by Vittachary Head Gumasta, Shimoga Taluk for Rs. } 995-0-0

3. Lands in the Indghatta village were purchased in the auction by the Pensioned Asstt Commr Mr Nageshra Rao for ——— } 1200-0-0

No 4. Wet land in the Inam village of Mandli was sold by auction and purchased by one Putta Nanjappa of Shimoga for } 625-0-0

Total Rs 3264-1-4

Amount of security confiscated and credited towards the recovery of the embezzled amount as per Govt Pro: No $\frac{4961-2}{3690}$ of 26-6-95 } 500-0-0

3764-1-4

The sale of both the moveable and immoveable property has been reported to Government in this Office letters No $\frac{1123}{915}$ dated 11th June 1894 and 1141 of 18-6-94; 49 of 10-7-94.

The sales were confirmed by Mr Abdul Rahiman K. B. on the 11th June/94 and reported to Government in the 1st of the letters above quoted.

The Government in their 3rd-
ceedings No 193 dated 2nd October 1894
L.7.8.94
remarked that there was no provision
of law under which the Deputy Commr
could have held the sales complained
of by Rg Stamp Vendor but that as the
sales had been completed by the
Dy Commissioner and properties
made over no orders of Government
were required on the petitions before
them.

Mr Nagesha Rao who purchased
the lands applied for a sale certificate
on the 17th December 1894.

Upon this a reference was made
to Government in this office letter No
538/423 dated 18th December 1894 soliciting
orders of Government as to whether
the certificate applied for could be
granted.

No reply was received from
the Government to the above referen-

Mr Nagesha Rao again applied for a sale certificate in May 1895 and Mr Ramacul Rao, Offg Deputy Commissioner directed the issue of a sale certificate and accordingly it was granted on the 31st May 1895.

Mis Rgd No 73

The other purchasers have not applied for sale certificates as yet.

Yours very truly
Rev Sheriff
Shimoga

Shimoga
14th November 1953

36

Lands in the Khata of Venkoba Rao late Stamp Vendor.

	survey no.	ac.	amount
Nilagatta village Shimoga Taluk.	125.	11–20.	46–0–0

Sold to Mr Nagesha Rao for Rs 1200/.

		assessment
Mandle Beam village	15 Kolgas	15–0–0

Sold to one Puttaniyappa of Shimoga for Rs 625

Shimoga
14th November/95

pmv & Collr.
Revenue Division
Shimoga Dt

37

Petitioner not to be present.

Pap an order

declining to interfere.

A Rule cd not issue

may be upheld &

the Magistrate's

Decision order. 9-12-95

Rec'd 9/12/95

Petitioner not to be present.

10/12 Magistrate's Decision

to the Petitioner dismissing

issue of Conditional Order

to Remove Petition No 1141

1410

12/12 to be transferred to

the Petition Book.

Read at 5.30 P.M.
on 22/11/96

(Please see Revision
Order above dt 9.12.95

Entd dropped
22/11/96

SECTION
FILE No.
SERIAL No.

60

Extracts of the explanations submitted by the Dry Office Shimoga Distt and the Dry officials in re. the employment of stamps by Stamp Vendor Venkoba Rao

(Accompaniment of this office letter No. 60/50 of the 13th Instt.)

Distt Dry Officer Mr. Naish Rao's explanation dt 4th June/94 with enclosures and also of 6th July/94.

2. Dry Head Accountt Shimoga Rao's explanation dt 4th June/94

3. Distt Treasurer Shimoga's explanation dt 13th June/94 with Kannada enclosures with the Dry Off's memo dt 4th June/94

4. Dry Dy Accountt Shimoga's

explanation of 18th June 194.

R

Shimoperdeth
Dy Lawrs Office
13th July 1894.

Abdul Rahimsaa K. Br.
Deputy Comptroller

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Explanation of the Treasury Officer Shimoga district.

With reference to Government Proceedings No: 20240-41 / 94576-23-5-9 dated 23rd May 1894, I beg to submit the following in addition to my detailed Explanation furnished before the receipt of the above order in re the Embezzlement of the Court-Fees Stamps to the Value of Rupees 3742-7-- on the 4th June 1894 by the ex-Salaried Vendor Venkoba Rao.

I did not make any irregularity or omission deliberately I leave it for the Kind Consideration of Government to see whether I may be supposed to have had time enough to check the registers of Vendor, the balances shown in the Indents given by him and also to compare the Entries made in the Stamp Returns submitted to the Comptroller with the Taluk accounts in attending to the multifarious works

work so entrusted to me connected with 6 different departments (which are also important ones) in addition to the Treasury, as mentioned in the above Explanation.

2. Neither did I take away the duties and responsibilities of the compilation of the Stamp accounts from the Account Branch and transfer the same to the Stamp Vendor, nor there was any necessity for my so doing. The preparation of the Stamp accounts was entrusted to the Deputy Accountant, as was done, before I took charge of this Treasury.

3. The facts mentioned below will, I think, bear out the above.

A. The 1st man that brought to my notice of the fraud committed by the Vendor in the present case was, the same Deputy Accountant, who found out the mischief played by the Vendor, while checking the returns with the Taluk Accounts, in his ordinary course of business, on the occasion noted in the margin.

A check No: 4696 of 16th February 1894 was received from the Comptroller calling for an explanation of the difference of one Stamp Valued at Rupees 30/- in the Court Fees Stamp returns for December 1893. The same was referred to the Head Accountant by me. — then, he, on perusal & comparison of the Taluk Accounts for furnishing to the Deputy Accountant for furnishing explanation.

Annexure memo no: 1544 of the 11th November/91 and the Deputy Commissioner's remarks commencing on the 25th September 1891 ending on 11th November 1891, are sent in original, herewith for kind perusal.

B. It is distinctly stated in a memo of 11th November 1891 submitted to the Deputy Commissioner that, when Correspondence took place between myself and the Deputy Commissioner regarding the transfer of the said Vendor to the Judicial Department "Venkoba Rao Vends the stamps since 8 or 9 years in the Treasury Office and assists only writing work whenever he finds leisure but he was not bound to assist do. The Vendor was not doing any assigned work in the Treasury" This memo was submitted 4½ years after April 1887 (in which month, it is stated in Comptrollers letter that the preparation of stamp returns was entrusted to the Vendor) and prior to 2 years & 3 months, when the present Case came to light

4. After the present Case was taken up against the Vendor during March last a murmur that the preparation of stamp accounts was entrusted to the Vendor was roused as a sort of defence by the officials Concerned on the ground

provided that most of the returns submitted to the Comptroller are in the hand writing of the Vendor. But, I think that it cannot be presumed merely on the reasons that the returns are in the hand writing of the Vendor, that the responsibility of the Compilation of the same was entrusted to him, because it is not unusual to get written accounts and other Correspondence especially where the works are heavy and hands limited, by the other Officials. By doing so, the man who is responsible to perform the particular work will not be free from blame, if any irregularities or omission occured.

5. A reference may kindly be also made to the Stamp accounts of the Taluks from April 1887 to December 1893 as to, who the Official was, that checked the same whenever such necessity occurred and after their return from Taluks, to whom they were referred, under

under whose initials also, under whose initials are attached to the Abstract Returns Submitted to the Comptroller.

From the above the Deputy Commissioner may Satisfy that the Officer had never taken away of the duties and responsibilities of the Compilation of the accounts in question, from the Account Branch and transferred the Same to the Vendor.

Shumoya
6th July 1894

Treasury Office
Shumoya District

by So he fraudulently got excess to that of his security amount on credit by means of incidents showing false balance against him and mis-appropriated the Value of the Same for his own use. Details of one of the incidents presented by him is given in the margin for instance to Show how he received the excess Stamp

Secondly:- With a view to screen the fraud he made fictitious Entries in the Stamp returns prepared by him to be Submitted to the Comptroller by Showing less amount as he liked against him and adding the excess to the Taluk balances.

3. The above facts Came to light during the early part of March last, while Examining the accounts to find out the difference of one Stamp Valued at Rupees 30/- pointed out by the Comptroller in the Stamp return for December 1893, returned with his do-Sket no: 4696 dated 16th February 1894.

4. After Enquiry on the Criminal Side the said Stamp Vendor has

1 Balance Shown by him in the Account-Sales Oct 1890 343-12-0

2 The Value of Stamps then on Hand for 2446-10-0

3 Sundry Fictitious Entries on Stock-Sheet. 90-0-0

4 Actual balance Standing against him on Stock-Sheet 159-8-0

If 1942 be added it Comes to Rupees 5788-6-0 and if 3 be Subtracted from this there remains Rupees 4998-6-0 Which is less than his Security amount.

has been committed by the District Magistrate to the Court of Sessions to take his trial there for the offences of cheating and dishonestly inducing the delivery of property and Criminal breach of trust by a public Servant. under Sections 420 & 409 of the Indian Penal Code respectively. This case is pending in the above Court awaiting the next Shimoga Sessions to be held in the early part of July 1894.

5. Now the points to be decided departmentally seem to be the following.

(1) How the Stamp Vendor had the opportunity to play the above mischief.

(2) Why was not this checked then and there, who are responsible for the same and how far.

Regarding the first point nobody checked the balances given in the several indents on which the Stamp Vendor obtained stamps on credit, nor took notice whether he paid the value of the same then and there. So there was room for the misappropriation of the large amount of the value of stamps. Moreover he was entrusted with the preparation of Stamp returns to be submitted to the Comptroller from the District Treasury. This gave him a chance to show false balances in the accounts against himself and the Taluks.

As regards point two, I may say the

the following four persons will have to stand to account for the omission of the same.

1st Myself.
2nd Treasurer Gundappa.
3rd Head Accountant A. Sreenivasa Rao.
4th Deputy Accountant B. Garudachar, who is responsible for the preparation of Stamp returns.

As for myself, I beg to submit that I hardly find time to go through the ordinary daily transactions minutely owing to multifarious works entrusted to me, also there was no occasion for me to suspect that such mis-chief was or has been going on until 2nd March 1896. when the facts of the present case were brought to my notice by the Deputy Accountant. Further I was under the belief that every check which ought to be done in the Cash and Account Departments was being carried out.

1. Treasury.
2. Municipal
3. Muzaroi
4. Registration
5. Jail
6. Criminal
7. Her Majesty's Military

Regarding the Treasurer he draws a Salary of Rupees 100/- per mensem. He is confined to the work of direct supervision of issuing and receiving Cash and Stamps from and into the Treasury and has got ample time for discharging the above duties. Besides this he is responsible for checking the Stamp Vendors accounts according to the Circular No: 330 dated 6th November 1865 of the Audit and Account Department which lays down a provision that no Vendors should be allowed

Stamps

Stamps and labels to a larger amount than his security will cover and also Vendors should remit once a week to the Treasury the proceeds of Stamps sold by them with their daily accounts, and the amount so paid in should be verified with the Treasurer's entries.

Had the Treasurer at least checked the balance of any of the 26 indents (details of which have been given in the Statement marked B hereto attached) on which the Vendor fraudulently obtained Stamps on credit during the Course of 4 years ie from 6th January 1890 to 4th January 1894 with the Vendor's daily accounts he might have easily found out this fraud. He had a fair chance of doing this as the transaction of issuing the Stamps and receiving the money takes place in his presence. Though he had so many facilities and knew that I had no time to check the same I cannot say why he was so indifferent in the matter.

Not what about Treasurer's own certificate

The Treasurer seems to excuse himself on the plea that he issued the Stamps without checking the indent on the authority of the order "Pay £(Rs)" with the Treasury Officer's initial. In this connection I may add that it is true that I have written on all Challans presented by the Vendor for Stamps, either on Cash payment or on credit - "Pay £(Rs)" with my initial and I think that this does not mean that the indent should not be checked by the Officials Concerned I may further State that the Vendor has

played

played another trick - Viz he has not obtained this order on the indents on which Side the Same was written, but placing before me, as far as I can recollect, only the Challan which was written on the front portion when I was engaged in the Criminal and other work and got the Same order passed by me saying that he would take the Stamps for the money presented with the Challan. Of the 26 indents mentioned above 16 of which are forth-coming for the present bear a remark with the Treasurer's initial that the Stamps have been issued. Copy of Challan marked C dated 8th October 1890 is hereto attached for perusal.

If the Treasurer had instead of issuing the Stamps on the authority of the order so written on the Challan brought to my notice that no order had been passed on the indent, it would have been wise.

Moreover, the following go against the above Excuse:

(1) The Challan dated 13th May 1893. Copy of which marked D is hereto attached bears no order whatever Except - Sir K. Ramanujangar's initial

(2) The Challan dated 12th June 1890. Copy of which marked E is hereto attached and upon which the Treasurer himself has passed an order "Pay" (Rs 0 2 5 7) with his initials.

Now

Now I am going to say as to how the Vendor had opportunity to reduce the balance against him and add the same to the Taluk in the account submitted to the Comptroller.

The Stamp Vendor was improperly and unauthorisedly entrusted with the preparation of the Stamp returns to be submitted to the Comptroller from the District Treasury and the Deputy Accountant who was responsible for the preparation of the said Accounts in the Treasury department and the Head Accountant who had to supervise the same neglected altogether even to see whether he (Vendor) was preparing them giving correct figures according to Taluk and other accounts. Thereby the Vendor had a chance to play the mischief as he liked. Had the Deputy or Head Accountant taken pains at least to compare whether the balance of the returns received from the Taluks and that mentioned in the Statement submitted to the Comptroller correspond with each other as was done when the present case came to light the Vendor would have been caught the very instant. Though it does not take more than half an hour to do this each month this was kept up for years unchecked. I cannot but say that this is also a serious carelessness.

It may not be out of place to mention here that though I represented the fact that came to my notice in the matter on the morning of the 3rd March through an Izadi Copy of which marked F is hereto attached to Mr Ramaswamy Iyer B. A. 2nd Assistant Commissioner with a request to take the following steps, as the Officiating Deputy Commissioner and the 1st Assistant Commissioner were not in the Head Quarters.

(1) A statement be taken from Venkobea Rao as to what explanation he offers on the subject.

(2) To make arrangements as to the production of Stamps, accounts, and other documents which might have been in the possession or house of Venkobea Rao.

(3) Orders which he thinks proper be issued so that his movable and immovable property may not be otherwise disposed of and he should not abscond himself.

But he did not take any immediate step as requested.

He

He came to the Office at about 3 P.M. and after recording the statement from Garudachar Deputy Accountant issued a notice to Venkoba Rao at about 7 P.M directing him to produce, registers, stamps &c before me on the next day i.e 4th March. Venkoba Rao did not comply with the notice but appeared before me on the morning of the 4th Idem and gave a statement that as he was not well he could not offer any explanations.

On the morning of the 6th March I wrote another note to the said Officer copy of which marked G is hereto attached requesting him to call over to the Office as I wanted to inform him of the facts discovered in the case till the evening of the 5th and to pass such orders as be deemed proper on it with a view to obtain order for the attachment of the property of Venkoba Rao as I came to know then that his Creditors were trying to get the same attached in the Civil Side on the same day when the Court was opened for business. For which he sent word that he was indisposed and that he would come to the Office at about 10 or 11 A.M. So I was obliged to go to Mr. N. Chelva Iyengar, 1st Assistant Commissioner who

who had them returned from circuit.
He immediately came to the Office
and passed orders for
the attachment of the property after
taking my deposition at about
11 A.M.

Copy of this has already been sent to the Deputy Commissioner

In the meanwhile it from the
3rd to the 6th March 1896 Venkobarao
Rao who was free at home managed
to dispose of the movable property
Consisting of Valuable jewels and
clothes leaving useless and
trifling things in the house.

Shimoga
4th June 1896

Treasury Officer
Shimoga District

44.

Statement Showing the details of the Value of
Of the Shimoga district and Money remitted by
with Sirsi in every months from 1st January

Year and months	Last months balance	Value of Stamps given during the months.	Total.	Amount remitted in Current months	Actual balance remained against Vendor	Value of Stamps given in Abstract Submitted Complete balance Vendor
January 1890	413 6 -	2637 14 -	3051 4 -	2554 - -	497 4 -	497
February	497 4 -	1489 4 -	1986 8 -	1356 6 -	630 2 -	490
March	630 2 -	1598 - -	2228 2 -	1488 12 -	739 6 -	489
April	739 6 -	325 8 -	1064 14 -	326 - -	738 14 -	498
May	738 14 -	820 - -	1558 14 -	724 8 -	834 6 -	434
June	834 6 -	2377 4 -	3211 10 -	2292 4 -	919 6 -	519
July	919 6 -	2512 - -	3431 6 -	2427 - -	1004 6 -	499
August	1004 6 -	2420 12 -	3425 2 -	2362 - -	1063 2 -	496
September	1063 2 -	1967 6 -	3030 8 -	1871 - -	1159 8 -	498
October	1159 8 -	1444 8 -	2604 - -	1299 2 -	1304 14 -	496
November	1304 14 -	1777 6 -	3082 4 -	1778 - -	1304 4 -	498
December	1304 4 -	1948 8 -	3252 12 -	1763 8 -	1489 4 -	498
January 1891	1489 4 -	1456 2 -	2945 6 -	1457 4 -	1488 2 -	497
February	1488 2 -	1697 14 -	3186 - -	1554 - -	1632 - -	236
March	1632 - -	1557 4 -	3189 4 -	1431 13 -	1757 7 -	359
April	1757 7 -	162 14 -	1920 5 -	163 2 -	1757 3 -	359
May	1757 3 -	1136 8 -	2893 11 -	1137 - -	1756 11 -	358
June	1756 11 -	1369 6 -	3126 1 -	1370 12 -	1755 5 -	357
July	1755 5 -	1694 10 -	3449 15 -	1533 2 -	1916 13 -	498
August	1916 13 -	1256 14 -	3173 11 -	1257 6 -	1916 5 -	498
September	1916 5 -	1230 12 -	3147 1 -	1230 12 -	1916 5 -	398
October	1916 5 -	723 10 -	2639 15 -	597 4 -	2042 11 -	399
November	2042 11 -	1094 12 -	3137 7 -	920 6 -	2217 1 -	274
December	2217 1 -	866 6 -	3083 7 -	867 - -	2216 7 -	274
January 1892	2216 7 -	20 - -	2236 7 -	20 - -	2216 7 -	274
February	2216 7 -	522 - -	2738 7 -	522 12 -	2215 11 -	273
March	2215 11 -	1136 - -	3351 11 -	886 2 -	2465 9 -	273
April	2465 9 -	1028 - -	3493 9 -	1028 - -	2465 9 -	273
May	2465 9 -	1105 - -	3570 9 -	870 12 -	2699 13 -	271

A
Sheet No: 2

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Year and months	Last months Balance	Value of Stamps given during the months	Total	Amount remitted in current months	Actual balance remained against Vendor	The figures in the A return submitted to Comptroller balance Vendor
June 1892	2699 13 -	1292 2 -	3991 15 -	1292 2 -	2699 13 -	271
July	2699 13 -	943 8 -	3643 5 -	775 - -	2868 5 -	384
August	2868 5 -	941 - -	3809 5 -	941 - -	2868 5 -	353
September	2868 5 -	751 4 -	3619 9 -	518 8 -	3101 1 -	314
October	3101 1 -	376 4 -	3477 5 -	376 4 -	3101 1 -	305
November	3101 1 -	738 4 -	3839 5 -	503 2 -	3336 3 -	307
December	3336 3 -	831 4 -	4167 7 -	831 4 -	3336 3 -	307
January 1893	3336 3 -	611 4 -	3947 7 -	611 4 -	3336 3 -	306
February	3336 3 -	578 12 -	3914 15 -	578 12 -	3336 3 -	305
March	3336 3 -	752 12 -	4088 15 -	752 12 -	3336 3 -	305
April	3336 3 -	330 8 -	3666 11 -	330 8 -	3336 3 -	305
May	3336 3 -	659 8 -	3995 11 -	542 12 -	3452 15 -	265
June	3452 15 -	699 4 -	4152 3 -	699 4 -	3452 15 -	265
July	3452 15 -	917 4 -	4370 3 -	917 4 -	3452 15 -	265
August	3452 15 -	561 4 -	4014 3 -	561 4 -	3452 15 -	267
September	3452 15 -	627 12 -	4080 11 -	471 12 -	3608 15 -	267
October	3608 15 -	421 4 -	4030 3 -	421 4 -	3608 15 -	261
November	3608 15 -	614 8 -	4223 7 -	485 8 -	3737 15 -	261
December	3737 15 -	499 - -	4236 15 -	499 - -	3737 15 -	261
January 1894	3737 15 -	1462 4 -	5200 3 -	1258 12 -	3941 7 -	-
February	3941 7 -	491 2 -	4432 9 -	491 2 -	3941 7 -	-
March	941 7 -	- - -	3941 7 -	199 - -	3742 7 -	-
	418 6 -	56476 6 -	54889 12 -	51147 5 -	3742 7 -	

4-6-94

e stood against Vencoba Rao the Court Fees
ich he got new Supply of Stamps by Credit on
and the balance still due by him.

Chalan or Indent- found	not found	Difference amount due by the Vendor		
1	-	86	10	Total Value of Stamps by Vencoba Rao on
1	-	138	-	26 chalans or Indents from 1st January/94 to 31st March/894
-	1	112	8	Deduct the amount of Chalan by the Vendor at the time of
1	-	98	8	presenting Indents -
1	-	89	12	Balance
-	1	91	8	Add the balance remained against Chalan on the
-	1	92	-	31st December/89 - - - - - Total
1	-	98	10	Deduct against the amount furnished in excess during
1	-	154	10	the said period as well as that found on account of
		1	2	Stamps on the 3rd March/894 for which no Stamps stand
-	1	185	4	Balance
-	1	165	14	This figure Corresponds with the Statements prepared in
1	-	129	5	the Treasury - Pursuant.
		3	-	Deduct against the Value of Stamps found in the
1	-	163	14	Vendor's Box on the 10th March/894.
1	-	126	8	Net Balance
1	-	179	6	
-	1	249	14	This Corresponds with the Statements prepared
-	1	234	4	by the Accountant of Coupon Collector's Office.
1	-	168	8	
-	1	233	4	
-	1	235	2	
1	-	116	12	
1	-	156	-	
1	-	129	-	
-	1	203	8	
		3622	11	

		3622-11-4
		6531-4--
		1908-9--
		3622-11-4
		413-6-4
		4036-1-4
		293-10--
		3742-7--
		10-2-4
		3732-5-4

4-6-94

Treasury

B

Statement Showing the Actual Balan
Stamp Vendor on the Several dates on Wh
Indent, the Stamps taken, the amount pai

No	Date, month and the year	Chalan or Indent no:	Balance stood against Vendor up to the date of Indent		Amount presided by him on the date		Value of Stamps taken by him		The amount shown as balance with him in the Indent.		Whether he has given acknowledge-ment
1	6.1.90	3	413	6	192	14	279	8	413	6	
2	8.2.90	64	494	-	61	"	199	-	354	6	
3	14.3.90	108	628	2	84	"	196	8	"		
4	22.5.90	127	738	6	65	8	164	-	401	3	
5	12.6.90	87	832	14	95	-	184	12	408	3	
6	10.7.90	98	916	10	91	8	183	-			
7	2.8.90	2-14	1004	6	134	-	226	-			
8	1.9.90	6	1063	2	122	-	220	10	399	12	
9	1.10.90	15	1159	8	90		244	10	343	12	
10	15.10.90	105	1314	2	85	4	86	6			
11	1.12.90	1-13	1304	4	111	-	296	4			
12	2.2.91	2	1488	2	150	-	295	14			
13	23.3.91	227-247	1629	2	112	3	241	8	351	2	
14	24.6.91	"	1755	7	88	-	91	-			
15	2.7.91	36	1755	5	18	6	182	4	326	8	
16	21.10.91	62	1916	5	100	8	227	-	373	1	
17	13.11.91	114	2037	11	16	4	195	10	306	15	
18	1.3.92	15	2215	11	12	-	261	14			
19	23.5.92	186	2465	9	16	-	250	4			
20	23.7.92	254	2699	13	14	-	182	8	155	-	
21	10.9.92	108	2868	5	45	-	278	4			
22	14.11.92	132	3101	1	20	2	255	4			
23	13.5.93	120	3336	3	132	-	248	12	225	14	
24	6.9.93	94	3452	15	22	-	178	-	185	-	
25	1.11.93	23	3608	15	30	-	159	-	187	-	
26	4.1.94	"	3737	15	-	-	203	8			
					1908	9	5531	4			

ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ

ಸಹಾಯಕ ಆಯುಕ್ತರು ಮತ್ತು ಉಪವಿಭಾಗಾಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳು

ಕಛೇರಿ

ಸಹಾಯಕ ಆಯುಕ್ತರು ಮತ್ತು ಉಪವಿಭಾಗಾಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳು ಕಛೇರಿ

ಸಹಾಯಕ ಆಯುಕ್ತರು ಮತ್ತು ಉಪವಿಭಾಗಾಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳು ಕಛೇರಿ

ಸಹಾಯಕ ಆಯುಕ್ತರು ಮತ್ತು ಉಪವಿಭಾಗಾಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳು ಕಛೇರಿ

ಸಹಾಯಕ ಆಯುಕ್ತರು ಮತ್ತು ಉಪವಿಭಾಗಾಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳು ಕಛೇರಿ

ಸಹಾಯಕ ಆಯುಕ್ತರು ಮತ್ತು ಉಪವಿಭಾಗಾಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳು ಕಛೇರಿ

ಸಹಾಯಕ ಆಯುಕ್ತರು ಮತ್ತು ಉಪವಿಭಾಗಾಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳು ಕಛೇರಿ

13-5-23

1	104	6-8	108	6-12
4	29	7-4	18	4-8
6	29	10-14	.	.
8	146	73	90	45
12	15	11-4	18	13-8
1	35	35	18	18
2	7	14	3	6
3	3	9	2	6
4	2	8	2	8
6	1	6	1	6
10	1	10	.	.
15	1	15	.	.
20	1	20	.	.
60	.	.	1	60
75	.	.	1	75
80	.	.	.	.
	374	225-14	262	248-12

13-5-93

1	129	8—1	72	4—8
3	8	1—8	"	"
4	82	20—8	18	4—8
6	9	3—6	10	3—12
8	215	107—8	108	54—
12	23	17—4	"	"
1—	57	57	18	18
2	11	22	6	12
3	6	18	3	9
4	6	24	3	12
6	4	24	2	12
10	3	30	2	20
15	2	30	1	15
20	"	"	1	20
30	"	"	"	"
45	1	45	"	"
	476	408—3	244	184—12

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F

೬೮

ಶ್ರೀ ಕಾಲಭೈರವೇಶ್ವರ ಸ್ವಾಮಿಯವರ ಸನ್ನಿಧಿಯಲ್ಲಿ

೧. ಸ್ವಾಮಿಯವರ ಕಲ್ಯಾಣೋತ್ಸವ ಸೇವೆ —

ಶ್ರೀ ಕಾಲಭೈರವೇಶ್ವರ ಸ್ವಾಮಿಯವರ ಕಲ್ಯಾಣೋತ್ಸವ ಸೇವೆಯನ್ನು ಮಾಡಿಸಿದವರು ಸೇವೆಯ ದಿನ ಸ್ವಾಮಿಯವರ ಸನ್ನಿಧಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಹಾಜರಿದ್ದು ಸೇವೆಯ ಪ್ರಸಾದವನ್ನು ಸ್ವೀಕರಿಸಿ ಹೋಗಬೇಕು. ಸೇವೆಯ ದಿನ ಸ್ವಾಮಿಯವರ ಸನ್ನಿಧಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಹಾಜರಿರದಿದ್ದಲ್ಲಿ ಸೇವೆಯ ಪ್ರಸಾದವನ್ನು ಸ್ವೀಕರಿಸಲು ಬಂದಾಗ ಸೇವೆಯ ಪ್ರಸಾದವನ್ನು ಕೊಡಲಾಗುವುದಿಲ್ಲ.

ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರು ಸಭೆಯ ಅನುಮತಿಯಂತೆ ಸಭೆಯ ಕಾರ್ಯಕ್ರಮಗಳನ್ನು ಮುಂದುವರಿಸಿದರು.

ಸಭೆಯ ಕಾರ್ಯಕ್ರಮಗಳು ಮುಗಿದ ನಂತರ ಸಭೆಯ ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರು ಸಭೆಯನ್ನು ಮುಂದೂಡ

ಸಂಪಾದಕೀಯ

ಸಂಪಾದಕೀಯ ಎಂದರೆ ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯ ಆತ್ಮ ಇದ್ದಂತೆ. ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯ ಆಶಯ, ಧೋರಣೆ, ಗುರಿ ಮತ್ತು ಉದ್ದೇಶಗಳನ್ನು ಸಂಪಾದಕೀಯ ಪ್ರತಿಬಿಂಬಿಸುತ್ತದೆ. ಸಂಪಾದಕೀಯ ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯ ಮುಖ್ಯ ಪುಟದಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರಕಟವಾಗುತ್ತದೆ. ಸಂಪಾದಕೀಯ ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯ ಮುಖ್ಯ ಸಂಪಾದಕರು ಅಥವಾ ಸಂಪಾದಕೀಯ ಮಂಡಳಿಯ ಸದಸ್ಯರು ಬರೆಯುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಸಂಪಾದಕೀಯ ಬರೆಯುವವರು ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯ ಹೆಸರಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಬರೆಯುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಸಂಪಾದಕೀಯ ಬರೆಯುವವರು ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯ ಹೆಸರಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಬರೆಯುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಸಂಪಾದಕೀಯ ಬರೆಯುವವರು ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯ ಹೆಸರಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಬರೆಯುತ್ತಾರೆ.

ಸಿವಿಲ್ ಪ್ರೊಸೀಜರ್

ಸಿ ಸಿ ನಂ ೨೦೦೫ ಸಿವಿಲ್ ನ್ಯಾಯಾಲಯ ಮಂಗಳೂರು ಇವರ ಮುಂದೆ ಸಿವಿಲ್ ಪ್ರೊಸೀಜರ್ ಕೋಡ್ ಆರ್ಡರ್ ೨೧ ರೂಲ್ ೫೮ ಪ್ರಕಾರ ಅರ್ಜಿದಾರರು ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ ಅರ್ಜಿಯ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಆಕ್ಷೇಪಣೆ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ ಪ್ರತಿವಾದಿಯ ಪರ ವಕೀಲರು ಹಾಜರಾಗಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಅರ್ಜಿದಾರರ ಪರ ವಕೀಲರು ಹಾಜರಾಗಿಲ್ಲ. ಪ್ರತಿವಾದಿಯ ಪರ ವಕೀಲರು ಆಕ್ಷೇಪಣೆಯನ್ನು ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಅರ್ಜಿದಾರರು ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ ಅರ್ಜಿಯ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಆಕ್ಷೇಪಣೆ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ ಪ್ರತಿವಾದಿಯ ಪರ ವಕೀಲರು ಹಾಜರಾಗಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಅರ್ಜಿದಾರರ ಪರ ವಕೀಲರು ಹಾಜರಾಗಿಲ್ಲ. ಪ್ರತಿವಾದಿಯ ಪರ ವಕೀಲರು ಆಕ್ಷೇಪಣೆಯನ್ನು ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಅರ್ಜಿದಾರರು ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ ಅರ್ಜಿಯ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಆಕ್ಷೇಪಣೆ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ ಪ್ರತಿವಾದಿಯ ಪರ ವಕೀಲರು ಹಾಜರಾಗಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಅರ್ಜಿದಾರರ ಪರ ವಕೀಲರು ಹಾಜರಾಗಿಲ್ಲ. ಪ್ರತಿವಾದಿಯ ಪರ ವಕೀಲರು ಆಕ್ಷೇಪಣೆಯನ್ನು ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಅರ್ಜಿದಾರರು ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ ಅರ್ಜಿಯ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಆಕ್ಷೇಪಣೆ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ ಪ್ರತಿವಾದಿಯ ಪರ ವಕೀಲರು ಹಾಜರಾಗಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಅರ್ಜಿದಾರರ ಪರ ವಕೀಲರು ಹಾಜರಾಗಿಲ್ಲ. ಪ್ರತಿವಾದಿಯ ಪರ ವಕೀಲರು ಆಕ್ಷೇಪಣೆಯನ್ನು ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ್ದಾರೆ.

ದಿನಾಂಕ ೬-೩-೯೪ -

ಸಹಿ/-
ಸಿವಿಲ್ ನ್ಯಾಯಾಧೀಶರು
ಮಂಗಳೂರು.

ओ बाबूजी मेरी बात सुनो। मैं तुम्हारे बिना नहीं रह सकती। मैं तुम्हारे बिना मर जाऊँगी। मैं तुम्हारे बिना जीवित

ਸਾਹਿਬ ਸ਼ੇਰ ਸਿੰਘ ਜੀ ਦੀ ਸੇਵਾ ਵਿਚ ਹਾਜ਼ਰ ਹੋਇਆ

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਮੈਨੂੰ ਵੇਖਦੇ ਹੀ ਪੁਛਿਆ ਕਿ ਕਹੋ ਜੀ ਕਿਵੇਂ ਆਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਆਪ ਜੀ ਦੀ ਸੇਵਾ ਵਿਚ ਹਾਜ਼ਰ ਹੋਣ ਲਈ ਆਇਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਦੇ ਪੁਤਰ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸਰਦਾਰ ਹਰੀ ਸਿੰਘ ਜੀ ਦਾ ਪੁਤਰ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਪੈਦਾ ਹੋਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੧੯੪੧ ਵਿਚ ਪੈਦਾ ਹੋਇਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਸਾਡੇ ਕੋਲ ਆਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੧੯੬੮ ਵਿਚ ਆਪ ਜੀ ਦੀ ਸੇਵਾ ਵਿਚ ਹਾਜ਼ਰ ਹੋਇਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਸਾਡੇ ਕੋਲੋਂ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੧੯੭੩ ਵਿਚ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਿਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਸਾਡੇ ਕੋਲ ਆਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੧੯੭੪ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਆਪ ਜੀ ਦੀ ਸੇਵਾ ਵਿਚ ਹਾਜ਼ਰ ਹੋਇਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੧੯੭੫ ਵਿਚ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਿਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਸਾਡੇ ਕੋਲ ਆਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੧੯੭੬ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਆਪ ਜੀ ਦੀ ਸੇਵਾ ਵਿਚ ਹਾਜ਼ਰ ਹੋਇਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੧੯੭੭ ਵਿਚ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਿਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਸਾਡੇ ਕੋਲ ਆਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੧੯੭੮ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਆਪ ਜੀ ਦੀ ਸੇਵਾ ਵਿਚ ਹਾਜ਼ਰ ਹੋਇਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੧੯੭੯ ਵਿਚ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਿਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਸਾਡੇ ਕੋਲ ਆਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੧੯੮੦ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਆਪ ਜੀ ਦੀ ਸੇਵਾ ਵਿਚ ਹਾਜ਼ਰ ਹੋਇਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੧੯੮੧ ਵਿਚ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਿਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਸਾਡੇ ਕੋਲ ਆਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੧੯੮੨ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਆਪ ਜੀ ਦੀ ਸੇਵਾ ਵਿਚ ਹਾਜ਼ਰ ਹੋਇਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੧੯੮੩ ਵਿਚ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਿਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਸਾਡੇ ਕੋਲ ਆਏ ਹੋ ?

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ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਸਾਡੇ ਕੋਲ ਆਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੧੯੮੬ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਆਪ ਜੀ ਦੀ ਸੇਵਾ ਵਿਚ ਹਾਜ਼ਰ ਹੋਇਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੧੯੮੭ ਵਿਚ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਿਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਸਾਡੇ ਕੋਲ ਆਏ ਹੋ ?

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ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੧੯੮੯ ਵਿਚ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਿਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਸਾਡੇ ਕੋਲ ਆਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੧੯੯੦ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਆਪ ਜੀ ਦੀ ਸੇਵਾ ਵਿਚ ਹਾਜ਼ਰ ਹੋਇਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੧੯੯੧ ਵਿਚ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਿਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਸਾਡੇ ਕੋਲ ਆਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੧੯੯੨ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਆਪ ਜੀ ਦੀ ਸੇਵਾ ਵਿਚ ਹਾਜ਼ਰ ਹੋਇਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੧੯੯੩ ਵਿਚ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਿਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਸਾਡੇ ਕੋਲ ਆਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੧੯੯੪ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਆਪ ਜੀ ਦੀ ਸੇਵਾ ਵਿਚ ਹਾਜ਼ਰ ਹੋਇਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੧੯੯੫ ਵਿਚ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਿਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਸਾਡੇ ਕੋਲ ਆਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੧੯੯੬ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਆਪ ਜੀ ਦੀ ਸੇਵਾ ਵਿਚ ਹਾਜ਼ਰ ਹੋਇਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੧੯੯੭ ਵਿਚ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਿਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਸਾਡੇ ਕੋਲ ਆਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੧੯੯੮ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਆਪ ਜੀ ਦੀ ਸੇਵਾ ਵਿਚ ਹਾਜ਼ਰ ਹੋਇਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੧੯੯੯ ਵਿਚ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਿਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਸਾਡੇ ਕੋਲ ਆਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੨੦੦੦ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਆਪ ਜੀ ਦੀ ਸੇਵਾ ਵਿਚ ਹਾਜ਼ਰ ਹੋਇਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੨੦੦੧ ਵਿਚ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਿਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਸਾਡੇ ਕੋਲ ਆਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੨੦੦੨ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਆਪ ਜੀ ਦੀ ਸੇਵਾ ਵਿਚ ਹਾਜ਼ਰ ਹੋਇਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੨੦੦੩ ਵਿਚ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਿਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਸਾਡੇ ਕੋਲ ਆਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੨੦੦੪ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਆਪ ਜੀ ਦੀ ਸੇਵਾ ਵਿਚ ਹਾਜ਼ਰ ਹੋਇਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੨੦੦੫ ਵਿਚ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਿਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਸਾਡੇ ਕੋਲ ਆਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੨੦੦੬ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਆਪ ਜੀ ਦੀ ਸੇਵਾ ਵਿਚ ਹਾਜ਼ਰ ਹੋਇਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੨੦੦੭ ਵਿਚ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਿਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਸਾਡੇ ਕੋਲ ਆਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੨੦੦੮ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਆਪ ਜੀ ਦੀ ਸੇਵਾ ਵਿਚ ਹਾਜ਼ਰ ਹੋਇਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੨੦੦੯ ਵਿਚ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਿਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਸਾਡੇ ਕੋਲ ਆਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੨੦੧੦ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਆਪ ਜੀ ਦੀ ਸੇਵਾ ਵਿਚ ਹਾਜ਼ਰ ਹੋਇਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੨੦੧੧ ਵਿਚ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਿਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਸਾਡੇ ਕੋਲ ਆਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੨੦੧੨ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਆਪ ਜੀ ਦੀ ਸੇਵਾ ਵਿਚ ਹਾਜ਼ਰ ਹੋਇਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੨੦੧੩ ਵਿਚ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਿਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਸਾਡੇ ਕੋਲ ਆਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੨੦੧੪ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਆਪ ਜੀ ਦੀ ਸੇਵਾ ਵਿਚ ਹਾਜ਼ਰ ਹੋਇਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੨੦੧੫ ਵਿਚ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਿਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਸਾਡੇ ਕੋਲ ਆਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੨੦੧੬ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਆਪ ਜੀ ਦੀ ਸੇਵਾ ਵਿਚ ਹਾਜ਼ਰ ਹੋਇਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੨੦੧੭ ਵਿਚ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਿਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਸਾਡੇ ਕੋਲ ਆਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੨੦੧੮ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਆਪ ਜੀ ਦੀ ਸੇਵਾ ਵਿਚ ਹਾਜ਼ਰ ਹੋਇਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੨੦੧੯ ਵਿਚ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਿਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਸਾਡੇ ਕੋਲ ਆਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੨੦੨੦ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਆਪ ਜੀ ਦੀ ਸੇਵਾ ਵਿਚ ਹਾਜ਼ਰ ਹੋਇਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੨੦੨੧ ਵਿਚ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਿਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਸਾਡੇ ਕੋਲ ਆਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੨੦੨੨ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਆਪ ਜੀ ਦੀ ਸੇਵਾ ਵਿਚ ਹਾਜ਼ਰ ਹੋਇਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੨੦੨੩ ਵਿਚ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਿਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਸਾਡੇ ਕੋਲ ਆਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੨੦੨੪ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਆਪ ਜੀ ਦੀ ਸੇਵਾ ਵਿਚ ਹਾਜ਼ਰ ਹੋਇਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੨੦੨੫ ਵਿਚ ਵਾਪਸ ਗਿਆ ਹਾਂ ।

ਸਰਦਾਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਫੁਰਮਾਇਆ ਕਿ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕਿਸ ਸਾਲ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਸਾਡੇ ਕੋਲ ਆਏ ਹੋ ?

ਮੈਂ ਅਰਜ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਕਿ ਮਹਾਰਾਜ ਜੀ ਮੈਂ ਸੰਮਤ ੨੦੨੬ ਵਿਚ ਫੇਰ ਆਪ ਜੀ ਦੀ ਸੇਵਾ ਵ

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ਸਾਰੇ ਸਾਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਸੱਦਾ ਦਿੱਤਾ ਜਾਂਦਾ ਹੈ ਕਿ ਵੱਧ ਤੋਂ ਵੱਧ ਗਿਣਤੀ ਵਿੱਚ ਪਹੁੰਚ ਕੇ ਇਸ ਰੈਲੀ ਨੂੰ ਕਾਮਯਾਬ ਬਣਾਉਣ ਵਿੱਚ ਆਪਣਾ ਯੋਗਦਾਨ ਪਾਉਣ।

ਸਾਥੀ ਸੁਰਜੀਤ ਸਿੰਘ ਫੂਲ ਨੇ ਕਿਹਾ ਕਿ ਸਾਡੀ ਪਾਰਟੀ ਦੀ ਕੇਂਦਰੀ ਕਮੇਟੀ ਦੀ ਮੀਟਿੰਗ ਵਿੱਚ ਪੰਜਾਬ ਦੇ ਮੌਜੂਦਾ ਹਾਲਾਤ ਬਾਰੇ ਵਿਚਾਰ ਕੀਤੀ ਜਾਵੇਗੀ। ਇਸ ਮੀਟਿੰਗ ਵਿੱਚ ਪੰਜਾਬ ਦੇ ਸਾਰੇ ਜ਼ਿਲ੍ਹਿਆਂ ਤੋਂ ਪਾਰਟੀ ਦੇ ਸੂਬਾ ਕਮੇਟੀ ਮੈਂਬਰ ਅਤੇ ਜ਼ਿਲ੍ਹਾ ਸਕੱਤਰ ਹਿੱਸਾ ਲੈਣਗੇ। ਮੀਟਿੰਗ ਵਿੱਚ ਪੰਜਾਬ ਦੇ ਮੌਜੂਦਾ ਰਾਜਨੀਤਿਕ ਹਾਲਾਤ, ਕਿਸਾਨ ਅੰਦੋਲਨ ਅਤੇ ਆਉਣ ਵਾਲੀਆਂ ਚੋਣਾਂ ਬਾਰੇ ਵਿਚਾਰ ਕੀਤੀ ਜਾਵੇਗੀ।

ਸਾਥੀ ਫੂਲ ਨੇ ਕਿਹਾ ਕਿ ਪੰਜਾਬ ਦੇ ਲੋਕ ਮੌਜੂਦਾ ਸਰਕਾਰ ਤੋਂ ਬਹੁਤ ਨਿਰਾਸ਼ ਹਨ ਅਤੇ ਉਹ ਇੱਕ ਨਵੇਂ ਵਿਕਲਪ ਦੀ ਤਲਾਸ਼ ਵਿੱਚ ਹਨ। ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਕਿਹਾ ਕਿ ਸੀ.ਪੀ.ਆਈ. ਪੰਜਾਬ ਦੇ ਲੋਕਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਇੱਕ ਸਾਫ਼-ਸੁਥਰਾ ਅਤੇ ਲੋਕ-ਪੱਖੀ ਵਿਕਲਪ ਦੇਣ ਲਈ ਵਚਨਬੱਧ ਹੈ।

ਪੰਜਾਬ ਸਰਕਾਰ ਦੇ ਸਕੱਤਰ ਦੀ ਹੈਸੀਅਤ ਵਿੱਚ ਮੈਂ ਆਪਣੇ ਅਧੀਨ ਕੰਮ ਕਰਦੇ ਅਫ਼ਸਰਾਂ ਦੀ ਸਾਲਾਨਾ ਗੁਪਤ ਰਿਪੋਰਟ ਲਿਖਦਾ ਹਾਂ। ਇਸ ਤੋਂ ਇਲਾਵਾ ਮੈਂ ਆਪਣੇ ਅਧੀਨ ਕੰਮ ਕਰਦੇ ਅਫ਼ਸਰਾਂ ਦੀ ਤਰੱਕੀ ਲਈ ਵੀ ਸਿਫ਼ਾਰਸ਼ ਕਰਦਾ ਹਾਂ।

ਮੈਂ ਆਪਣੇ ਅਧੀਨ ਕੰਮ ਕਰਦੇ ਅਫ਼ਸਰਾਂ ਦੀ ਸਾਲਾਨਾ ਗੁਪਤ ਰਿਪੋਰਟ ਲਿਖਣ ਸਮੇਂ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਕੰਮ ਦੀ ਗੁਣਵੱਤਾ, ਕੰਮ ਕਰਨ ਦੀ ਯੋਗਤਾ, ਕੰਮ ਪ੍ਰਤੀ ਲਗਨ, ਕੰਮ ਕਰਨ ਦੀ ਰਫ਼ਤਾਰ, ਕੰਮ ਵਿੱਚ ਨਵੀਨਤਾ ਅਤੇ ਕੰਮ ਵਿੱਚ ਸੁਧਾਰ ਲਿਆਉਣ ਦੀ ਯੋਗਤਾ ਨੂੰ ਧਿਆਨ ਵਿੱਚ ਰੱਖਦਾ ਹਾਂ। ਮੈਂ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਚਰਿੱਤਰ, ਇਮਾਨਦਾਰੀ, ਸਾਖ ਅਤੇ ਅਨੁਸ਼ਾਸਨ ਨੂੰ ਵੀ ਧਿਆਨ ਵਿੱਚ ਰੱਖਦਾ ਹਾਂ। ਮੈਂ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੀ ਸਰੀਰਕ ਅਤੇ ਮਾਨਸਿਕ ਸਿਹਤ ਨੂੰ ਵੀ ਧਿਆਨ ਵਿੱਚ ਰੱਖਦਾ ਹਾਂ। ਮੈਂ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਕੰਮ ਦੇ ਮੁਲਾਂਕਣ ਲਈ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਕੰਮ ਦੇ ਰਿਕਾਰਡ ਦੀ ਵੀ ਜਾਂਚ ਕਰਦਾ ਹਾਂ। ਮੈਂ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਕੰਮ ਦੇ ਮੁਲਾਂਕਣ ਲਈ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਸਹਿਕਰਮੀਆਂ ਅਤੇ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਅਧੀਨ ਕੰਮ ਕਰਦੇ ਅਫ਼ਸਰਾਂ ਤੋਂ ਵੀ ਰਾਏ ਲੈਂਦਾ ਹਾਂ। ਮੈਂ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਕੰਮ ਦੇ ਮੁਲਾਂਕਣ ਲਈ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਕੰਮ ਦੇ ਨਤੀਜਿਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਵੀ ਧਿਆਨ ਵਿੱਚ ਰੱਖਦਾ ਹਾਂ। ਮੈਂ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਕੰਮ ਦੇ ਮੁਲਾਂਕਣ ਲਈ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਕੰਮ ਦੇ ਟੀਚਿਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਵੀ ਧਿਆਨ ਵਿੱਚ ਰੱਖਦਾ ਹਾਂ। ਮੈਂ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਕੰਮ ਦੇ ਮੁਲਾਂਕਣ ਲਈ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਕੰਮ ਦੇ ਮਿਆਰਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਵੀ ਧਿਆਨ ਵਿੱਚ ਰੱਖਦਾ ਹਾਂ। ਮੈਂ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਕੰਮ ਦੇ ਮੁਲਾਂਕਣ ਲਈ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਕੰਮ ਦੇ ਮਾਪਦੰਡਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਵੀ ਧਿਆਨ ਵਿੱਚ ਰੱਖਦਾ ਹਾਂ। ਮੈਂ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਕੰਮ ਦੇ ਮੁਲਾਂਕਣ ਲਈ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਕੰਮ ਦੇ ਸੂਚਕਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਵੀ ਧਿਆਨ ਵਿੱਚ ਰੱਖਦਾ ਹਾਂ। ਮੈਂ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਕੰਮ ਦੇ ਮੁਲਾਂਕਣ ਲਈ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਕੰਮ ਦੇ ਸੂਚਕਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਵੀ ਧਿਆਨ ਵਿੱਚ ਰੱਖਦਾ ਹਾਂ। ਮੈਂ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਕੰਮ ਦੇ ਮੁਲਾਂਕਣ ਲਈ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਕੰਮ ਦੇ ਸੂਚਕਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਵੀ ਧਿਆਨ ਵਿੱਚ ਰੱਖਦਾ ਹਾਂ।

ਮੈਂ ਆਪਣੇ ਅਧੀਨ ਕੰਮ ਕਰਦੇ ਅਫ਼ਸਰਾਂ ਦੀ ਸਾਲਾਨਾ ਗੁਪਤ ਰਿਪੋਰਟ ਲਿਖਣ ਸਮੇਂ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਕੰਮ ਦੀ ਗੁਣਵੱਤਾ, ਕੰਮ ਕਰਨ ਦੀ ਯੋਗਤਾ, ਕੰਮ ਪ੍ਰਤੀ ਲਗਨ, ਕੰਮ ਕਰਨ ਦੀ ਰਫ਼ਤਾਰ, ਕੰਮ ਵਿੱਚ ਨਵੀਨਤਾ ਅਤੇ ਕੰਮ ਵਿੱਚ ਸੁਧਾਰ ਲਿਆਉਣ ਦੀ ਯੋਗਤਾ ਨੂੰ ਧਿਆਨ ਵਿੱਚ ਰੱਖਦਾ ਹਾਂ। ਮੈਂ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਚਰਿੱਤਰ, ਇਮਾਨਦਾਰੀ, ਸਾਖ ਅਤੇ ਅਨੁਸ਼ਾਸਨ ਨੂੰ ਵੀ ਧਿਆਨ ਵਿੱਚ ਰੱਖਦਾ ਹਾਂ। ਮੈਂ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੀ ਸਰੀਰਕ ਅਤੇ ਮਾਨਸਿਕ ਸਿਹਤ ਨੂੰ ਵੀ ਧਿਆਨ ਵਿੱਚ ਰੱਖਦਾ ਹਾਂ। ਮੈਂ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਕੰਮ ਦੇ ਮੁਲਾਂਕਣ ਲਈ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਕੰਮ ਦੇ ਰਿਕਾਰਡ ਦੀ ਵੀ ਜਾਂਚ ਕਰਦਾ ਹਾਂ। ਮੈਂ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਕੰਮ ਦੇ ਮੁਲਾਂਕਣ ਲਈ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਸਹਿਕਰਮੀਆਂ ਅਤੇ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਅਧੀਨ ਕੰਮ ਕਰਦੇ ਅਫ਼ਸਰਾਂ ਤੋਂ ਵੀ ਰਾਏ ਲੈਂਦਾ ਹਾਂ। ਮੈਂ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਕੰਮ ਦੇ ਮੁਲਾਂਕਣ ਲਈ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਕੰਮ ਦੇ ਨਤੀਜਿਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਵੀ ਧਿਆਨ ਵਿੱਚ ਰੱਖਦਾ ਹਾਂ। ਮੈਂ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਕੰਮ ਦੇ ਮੁਲਾਂਕਣ ਲਈ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਕੰਮ ਦੇ ਟੀਚਿਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਵੀ ਧਿਆਨ ਵਿੱਚ ਰੱਖਦਾ ਹਾਂ। ਮੈਂ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਕੰਮ ਦੇ ਮੁਲਾਂਕਣ ਲਈ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਕੰਮ ਦੇ ਮਿਆਰਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਵੀ ਧਿਆਨ ਵਿੱਚ ਰੱਖਦਾ ਹਾਂ। ਮੈਂ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਕੰਮ ਦੇ ਮੁਲਾਂਕਣ ਲਈ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਕੰਮ ਦੇ ਮਾਪਦੰਡਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਵੀ ਧਿਆਨ ਵਿੱਚ ਰੱਖਦਾ ਹਾਂ। ਮੈਂ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਕੰਮ ਦੇ ਮੁਲਾਂਕਣ ਲਈ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਕੰਮ ਦੇ ਸੂਚਕਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਵੀ ਧਿਆਨ ਵਿੱਚ ਰੱਖਦਾ ਹਾਂ। ਮੈਂ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਕੰਮ ਦੇ ਮੁਲਾਂਕਣ ਲਈ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਕੰਮ ਦੇ ਸੂਚਕਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਵੀ ਧਿਆਨ ਵਿੱਚ ਰੱਖਦਾ ਹਾਂ।

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ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರ ಸಹಿ ಮತ್ತು ಅಧಿಕೃತ ಮುದ್ರೆ

ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರ ಹೆಸರು - ಹುದ್ದೆ

ಸೇವೆ

ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳ ಹೆಸರು

ಸೇವೆ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ ದಿನಾಂಕ

ಸೇವೆ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ ಸ್ಥಳ

ಸೇವೆ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳ ಸಹಿ

ಸೇವೆ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳ ಹುದ್ದೆ

ಸೇವೆ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳ ಇಲಾಖೆ

ಸೇವೆ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳ ಕಚೇರಿ

ಸೇವೆ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳ ವಿಳಾಸ

ಸೇವೆ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳ ದೂರವಾಣಿ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ

ಸೇವೆ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳ ಇಮೇಲ್ ವಿಳಾಸ

ಸೇವೆ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳ ಫ್ಯಾಕ್ಸ್ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ

ಸೇವೆ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳ ಮೊಬೈಲ್ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ

ಸೇವೆ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳ ಹೆಸರು

ಸೇವೆ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ ದಿನಾಂಕ

ಸೇವೆ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ ಸ್ಥಳ

ಸೇವೆ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳ ಸಹಿ

ಸೇವೆ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳ ಹುದ್ದೆ

ಸೇವೆ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳ ಇಲಾಖೆ

ಸೇವೆ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳ ಕಚೇರಿ

ಸೇವೆ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳ ವಿಳಾಸ

ಸೇವೆ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳ ದೂರವಾಣಿ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ

ಸೇವೆ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳ ಇಮೇಲ್ ವಿಳಾಸ

ಸೇವೆ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳ ಫ್ಯಾಕ್ಸ್ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ

ಸೇವೆ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳ ಮೊಬೈಲ್ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ

ಯುದ್ಧಾನಂತರ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣಾಭಿವೃದ್ಧಿ ಪ್ರಸ್ತಾವನೆಯ ಪ್ರಕಾರ ಪ್ರಾಥಮಿಕ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣವನ್ನು ಕಡ್ಡಾಯ ಮಾಡಲು ಸರ್ಕಾರವು ಸಿದ್ಧವಾಗಿದೆ. ಆದರೆ ಈ ಕಾರ್ಯವನ್ನು ಕೈಗೆತ್ತಿಕೊಳ್ಳುವ ಮೊದಲು ಸರ್ಕಾರವು ಕೆಲವು ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರವನ್ನು ಕಂಡುಕೊಳ್ಳಬೇಕಾಗಿದೆ. ಅವುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಮುಖ್ಯವಾದವು ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನಂತಿವೆ.

೧. ಶಿಕ್ಷಣವನ್ನು ಕಡ್ಡಾಯಗೊಳಿಸಿದಾಗ ಅದರಿಂದ ಹೆಚ್ಚಿನ ಪ್ರಯೋಜನವನ್ನು ಪಡೆಯಲು ಸಾಧ್ಯವಾಗುವಂತೆ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣವನ್ನು ಹೇಗೆ ಸಂಘಟಿಸಬೇಕು?

೨. ಶಿಕ್ಷಣವನ್ನು ಕಡ್ಡಾಯಗೊಳಿಸಿದಾಗ ಅದರಿಂದ ಹೆಚ್ಚಿನ ಪ್ರಯೋಜನವನ್ನು ಪಡೆಯಲು ಸಾಧ್ಯವಾಗುವಂತೆ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣವನ್ನು ಹೇಗೆ ಸಂಘಟಿಸಬೇಕು?

೩. ಶಿಕ್ಷಣವನ್ನು ಕಡ್ಡಾಯಗೊಳಿಸಿದಾಗ ಅದರಿಂದ ಹೆಚ್ಚಿನ ಪ್ರಯೋಜನವನ್ನು ಪಡೆಯಲು ಸಾಧ್ಯವಾಗುವಂತೆ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣವನ್ನು ಹೇಗೆ ಸಂಘಟಿಸಬೇಕು?

೪. ಶಿಕ್ಷಣವನ್ನು ಕಡ್ಡಾಯಗೊಳಿಸಿದಾಗ ಅದರಿಂದ ಹೆಚ್ಚಿನ ಪ್ರಯೋಜನವನ್ನು ಪಡೆಯಲು ಸಾಧ್ಯವಾಗುವಂತೆ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣವನ್ನು ಹೇಗೆ ಸಂಘಟಿಸಬೇಕು?

೫. ಶಿಕ್ಷಣವನ್ನು ಕಡ್ಡಾಯಗೊಳಿಸಿದಾಗ ಅದರಿಂದ ಹೆಚ್ಚಿನ ಪ್ರಯೋಜನವನ್ನು ಪಡೆಯಲು ಸಾಧ್ಯವಾಗುವಂತೆ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣವನ್ನು ಹೇಗೆ ಸಂಘಟಿಸಬೇಕು?

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ಸಂಬಂಧಪಟ್ಟವರಿಗೆ ಅಧಿಕಾರ ಪತ್ರವನ್ನು ಮಾಡಿಕೊಡುವ
ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಅರ್ಜಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಕೋರಿಕೊಂಡಿದ್ದು ಸದರಿ ಅರ್ಜಿಯನ್ನು
ಪರಿಶೀಲಿಸಲಾಗಿ ಅರ್ಜಿದಾರರು ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿರುವ ಮನವಿಯಲ್ಲಿ
ಕೋರಿರುವಂತೆ ಅಧಿಕಾರ ಪತ್ರವನ್ನು ಮಾಡಿಕೊಡಲು ಯಾವುದೇ
ತೊಂದರೆ ಇರುವುದಿಲ್ಲವೆಂದು ಅಭಿಪ್ರಾಯಪಟ್ಟಿರುತ್ತಾರೆ.
ಆದ್ದರಿಂದ ಸದರಿ ಅರ್ಜಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಕೋರಿರುವಂತೆ ಅಧಿಕಾರ
ಪತ್ರವನ್ನು ಮಾಡಿಕೊಡಲು ಅನುಮತಿ ನೀಡಿದೆ. ಅಧಿಕಾರ
ಪತ್ರವನ್ನು ಮಾಡಿಕೊಡಲು ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಆದೇಶ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ-
ಆಇ 3941-ಗ-1974 ದಿನಾಂಕ 30-10-1974 ರಲ್ಲಿ
ಅಧಿಕಾರ ನೀಡಲಾಗಿರುತ್ತದೆ. ಸದರಿ ಆದೇಶದಲ್ಲಿ
ಅಧಿಕಾರ ಪತ್ರವನ್ನು ಮಾಡಿಕೊಡಲು ಅನುಮತಿ ನೀಡಿದ್ದು
ಅಧಿಕಾರ ಪತ್ರವನ್ನು ಮಾಡಿಕೊಡಲು ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಆದೇಶ
ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ ಆಇ 3737-15 ದಿನಾಂಕ 3737-15 ರಲ್ಲಿ
ಅಧಿಕಾರ ಪತ್ರವನ್ನು ಮಾಡಿಕೊಡಲು ಅನುಮತಿ ನೀಡಿದ್ದು
ಅಧಿಕಾರ ಪತ್ರವನ್ನು ಮಾಡಿಕೊಡಲು ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಆದೇಶ
ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ ಆಇ 3476-10 ದಿನಾಂಕ 261-5 ರಲ್ಲಿ
ಅಧಿಕಾರ ಪತ್ರವನ್ನು ಮಾಡಿಕೊಡಲು ಅನುಮತಿ ನೀಡಿದ್ದು
ಅಧಿಕಾರ ಪತ್ರವನ್ನು ಮಾಡಿಕೊಡಲು ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಆದೇಶ
ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ ಆಇ 3476-10 ದಿನಾಂಕ 3476-10 ರಲ್ಲಿ
ಅಧಿಕಾರ ಪತ್ರವನ್ನು ಮಾಡಿಕೊಡಲು ಅನುಮತಿ ನೀಡಿದ್ದು
ಸದರಿ ಆದೇಶಗಳನ್ವಯ ಅಧಿಕಾರ ಪತ್ರವನ್ನು
ಮಾಡಿಕೊಡಲು ಅನುಮತಿ ನೀಡಿದೆ. ಅಧಿಕಾರ ಪತ್ರವನ್ನು
ಮಾಡಿಕೊಡಲು ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಆದೇಶ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ- 3941-ಗ-1974
ದಿನಾಂಕ 30-10-1974 ರಲ್ಲಿ ಅಧಿಕಾರ ಪತ್ರವನ್ನು

ನನವಿಯಿಂ ಅಳುಕಿ ನಿರಂಜನ್ ಶಾಸ್ತ್ರಿ ಬಿಂ
ಬಳು ೧೦೦ — ಅಳತೆಯ ಸಾಲಿನ ಮೂಲ ರೇಂಜ್‌ನಿಂ
ಅಳತೆಯಿಂದಬಂದಕೂಡಾ ಹಿಂದಿನಬಿಂಕಿಂದ ಬಿಳಿ
ಬಿಳಿಸ್ಥಿಂಡಬಿಂಬಳು- 199 — ಅಳತೆಯಿಂದ ಬಳಸಿ
ಸ್ಥಿ 699 — ಅಳತೆಯ ನಬಳಕೆಯಿಂ ಡರ ತಿ —
ನಿನಳ 3242-7 — ಅವಿಂಡರನಿಂದ ಸರಿ
ರಳಿ ಬರಬೆಳಿಸಿಂಳು ಬಿ-

ರಂಪ್ರಲಿಂಸೆ ಬಿಂಬಿಸಿನಲ್ಲಿ — ಕೇಬಿಂಬಿಸಿನಲಿಲ
ಸನೋಲ್ಡಿಯ ಅಕ್ಷಾಂಬಿಂಬಿಲಸ ರಾಲ್ಲಾಳು ತಿಬರಿ
ನ್ಯಿಂದಬಿಂದಲಿಬ್ಬಿಸಳ್ಳನ್ನಿಸೋಲ್ಡಿ - ತಿಬ್ಬಿ ರಲಿತಿಬ
ರಿಲಿಲಿಸಳ್ಳಿಬ್ಬಿ ತಿಬರ ರಿಂಡಲಿ — ನಿಂಡರನಿಲಿಲ
ಬಿಬ್ಬಿ — ಅವಿಂಡರನಿಂರಲಿ — ಸ್ಪೈಬಿಲಿಂಬಿ ಕಿಸ್ಥಿಂಡಿ
ಅಡಾಬಿಲಿರಳ್ಳಿಲಿಲ್ಡಿ - ತಿಬ್ಬಿ ರಲಿತಿಬರಿನ್ನಿಂದಾ ಸಂಳ್ಳಿ
ಅರರರಅಳ್ಳಿಕಿಸಿ - ರನಾನಿ ಅಳಕಿಳ್ಳಿಲಿಬ್ಬಿ - ರಯಿಂ
ರಸಾಲಿವಳಿ ಬಿಳಿಸ್ಥಿ ಕಿ ಅಕಿಂಬಿಂಲಿ - ತಿಬಿಕಿಂ
ಸಳ್ಳಿ ಅಲ್ಲಿನಿಬಿಲಿಬ್ಬಿಳು. ಲ್ಲಿರಲಿರಳ್ಳಿಸಿ ನಿಂಳಿ
ರಸ್ಥಿಅರಳು ಅಲಿಬ್ಬಿಕನಬಿ. ಮೂಂಡಿಬ್ಬಿಳು. ಕೇಸ
ಲಿಂಟಿಡಿಲಿಲಿಲಿ — ಲಿಬಿಳ್ಳಿ ಸಾಬಿಲಿ ತಿಬ್ಬಿಸ್ಥಿ
ಸಸಳಾಬಿಸಿಂಡಿಲಿಲಿ — ಅರಿಬಿಮೂಡಿರಿಕಾಳ್ಳಿಳು ತಿ
ಬರಿಬಿಬ್ಬಿಕನಬಿ. ಸಾಲಿವಳಿ ಸಂಳ್ಳಿಲಿಲಿಲಿಲಿಲಿ
ಶಿಸಿಕ್ಕೋಳಿಸಿಳ್ಳಿ ತಿಬ್ಬಿ ರಲಿತಿಬರಿಂಲಿಬಿ: ಸಾಬಿಳ್ಳಿ
ಕಲಿಲಿಂಸಾಲಿವಳಿ ನಡಿ- ಪ್ರವಿಬಿ ಸ್ಪಾಂಕಿಂಡಿರನಿಂ
ಸೋಲ್ಡಿಬರಾಂಬಿಯ ನಳಿಲಿಲಿಸಿ — ಬಿಳ್ಳಿಂಸಿ ಯಿಂ ಕೇಲಿ

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7.3.94

This is a serious case and should give rise to
disciplinary action on the part of several Treasury
officials. The Addl. Dy. Commr. must
have passed necessary orders in this
case. What I may suggest for their
consideration, independent of the Magistrate

enquiry is directed, is that the Revenue Officer may be strictest to make a thorough enquiry into the subject of each & every one of the officials concerned and as each item of an each man is responsible for in every allowed to Stamp Vendor to such apportionable to the Large amount of Cost. & Charges. If the whole amount is not recovered from, on failure of the State Vendors property, then to advance must be made from each of the said Offrs. each to the extent of his culpable neglect - To set an example to Offrs. may be suspended the further orders and other fine added persons appointed to act for them. Such vigorous steps as these appear best seem to be absolutely necessary. Any Offrs. depositing the Cases and for which he is responsible need not be suspended, but he must be made to understand distinctly that the deposit will not save him altogether, and that his interest will be duly noticed after the Govt. Report to the whole Vendor is disposed of

Bangalore
10th Jan - 94

Robinson

Fruits 1 & 3

97

Mr Gundappa, Treasurer, Shimoga District should furnish his explanation in the Case of misappropriation made by Court Fees Stamps Vendor Venkoba Rao, of the Value of Stamps for Rupees 3742-7-0 on the points mentioned below: —

1. Why did he not Check the balance of the Several indents on which Venkoba Rao fraudulently obtained Stamps on credit during the Course of 4 years ie from January 1890 to that of January 1894 with the Vendor's daily accounts?

2. How did he Satisfy himself at the time of each issue of Stamps on credit as to whether there remained no outstanding against Venkoba Rao of the Value of stamps issued on previous occasions on Such indents?

3. What precautions were taken to guard against the non-issuing of Stamps to Vendor to a larger amount than his Security as laid down in Para 7 of Circular No: 330 dated 6th November 1865 of the Audit and Account

Received 13. 6. 94.

To

The Officer in Charge of the District Treasury
Shimoga.

Dated 13th June 1894

Sir,

In reply to his queries contained in No. 2281 dated 4th instant calling upon me to submit an explanation with reference to the misappropriation of Court-fees Stamps by the Official Vendor Venkoba Rao, I have the honour to state that I had no means of knowing the frauds committed by the said Venkoba Rao. He was not a licensed Vendor but a Government Official who was trusted to the extent of Rs 500 stamps in consideration of his having deposited Rs 500 in the Treasury as security for the faithful discharge of his duties as Official Vendor. The Account Code provides for sale of stamps by the Treasurer to licensed Vendors for cash and therefore there could have been no room for any fraud being committed by such licensed Vendors. But the position of Venkoba Rao was a unique one not falling within the provisions of the Account Code. It was with this object it seems that a provision was made in Circular No. 1194 dated 26th March 1875 to the effect that it will be the Treasury Officer's duty to see that whenever the Official Vendor makes an application for the issue of stamps greater in value than the amount of security furnished by him,

Thus it will be seen that the Official Vendor Venkoba Rao was placed under the direct control and

personal

personal supervision of the Treasury Officer.

Ever since the creation of this post or at least since I became the Treasurer, the indents & challans presented by the Official Vendor used to come to me after they were registered and numbered in the Account Department and after the payment & receipt order had been made thereon by the Treasury Officer.

The Object of this procedure was to have the balance shown in the indents checked in the Account Department before any stamp was issued to the Vendor according to his indent, and I was all along led to believe by the Treasury Officer's order of payment on the indents that the indents were properly checked in the Account Department. I therefore used to issue stamps as per order of the Treasury Officer and to return the indents to the Account Department the same Evening.

I need not say that the Account Department is quite separate from the Cash Department and that I had no means of knowing whether the Officials of the Account Department discharged their duties properly or not. Moreover the Account Department is not subordinate to me but to the Treasury Officer.

There is no provision in the Account Code nor is there any Standing Order in force directing an Official Vendor to submit his daily accounts to me, nor that I should check the balance shown in the

indents,

indents, with the Vendor's daily accounts. But as shown in the introductory portion of this explanation, it was not my duty to check the balance of the several indents submitted by Venkoba Rao, but it was the duty of the Account Department to do so and the Treasury Officer before passing the order for the issue of stamps should have satisfied himself as required by Circular No 1194 dated 26th March 1875 that the value of stamps mentioned in the application of the Vendor did not exceed the amount of the security furnished by him. If this had been done, Venkoba Rao could not have committed any fraud.

Query No 2. The order of the Treasury Officer passed on each indent directing me to issue stamps as per indent, fully satisfied me that the balance shown in the indent was correct and that there was no outstanding against him; further no sort of account is directed to be kept in the Cash Department, showing the amount outstanding against the Vendor and the indents submitted by the Vendor having been returned to the Account Department the very same evening, I had to depend entirely upon the Treasury Officer's order on the indents for the correctness of the balance shown therein as outstanding against the Vendor.

Query No. 3. The Circular quoted in this query was issued regarding the sale of general stamps long before any

Court-fees

Court-fees stamps were introduced into the Province, and the said Circular is not applicable to court-fees stamp Vendors. Moreover it applies only to licensed Vendors and not to Official Vendors and that this circular was not in force or rather was never observed in this District even as regards licensed Vendors is apparent from the replies given to the queries put to the Treasury Officer and the Treasurer during the annual inspection of the Treasury held from the year 1885. Further in the queries put at the time of the annual inspections of the Treasury, there was nothing about the examination of the Official Vendors accounts. It seems however that in the year 1891, our present worthy Deputy Commissioner pointed out that the Official Vendors accounts should be examined by the Treasury Officer or the Treasurer; but this order was neither communicated to me nor was I directed to examine the Official Vendor's accounts. It also appears that on the Deputy Commissioner's having again drawn the attention of the Treasury Officer in 1892 to the fact of the Official Vendor's accounts not having been examined the Treasury Officer seems to have deputed the Head Accountant to examine these accounts; but on the objection taken by the Comptroller to the Examination of accounts by the Head Accountant, the Treasury

Officer

The correspondence containing Mr Stephens's letter was sent to the Treasurer and sent by him on the 20th June 1894 are hereto attached in original.

6th July 1894.

Treasury Officer

Officer for the first time in December 1873 passed a memo to the effect that as he could not find time to do this work himself, I should examine the Vendor's accounts. I accordingly examined all the licensed Vendor's accounts and called upon the Official Vendor Venkobarao to produce his accounts for examination but he failed to do so and this fact I immediately reported to the Treasury Officer.

From the above it will be apparent that the Treasury Officer did not entrust to me the examination of the stamp Vendor's accounts prior to December 1873, much less that he ever thought of the provisions of the Circular of 1865 quoted in this query as being applicable to the examination of the accounts of the Official Stamps Vendor. The proper Circular applicable to the present case is Circular No 1194 of 1875 already referred to in reply to query No 1. As this circular requires the Treasury Officer to see that stamps of larger value than the amount of security are not issued to an Official Vendor & as it held him responsible I always took care to see that each indent bore the orders & signature of the Treasury Officer and then issued stamps to the Vendor.

Query No 4. As I already submitted in the foregoing paragraph, the Circular of 1865 did not apply to licensed Court fees Stamp Vendors, much less to the case of Official stamp Vendor. And the Circular relating to the sale of Court-fees stamps to licensed Vendors is Circular No 807 dated 29th Septr 70

dated 29th September 1870. Under this Circular the Treasury Officer should have examined the stamp-Vendor's accounts himself or should have specially authorized some one else to do it. But the Treasury Officer having for the first time authorized me in December 1893 to examine the Stamp Vendor's accounts, I cannot be expected to have checked stamp Vendor's accounts during the four years in question.

Query No. 5 The same reply as the one given to query No. 4 supra.

In conclusion I have the honour to state that if the indents had been properly checked in the Account Department before the Treasury Officer passed orders directing the issue of stamps to the Official Vendor and if the compilation of the Taluq Vendors' accounts had not been entrusted to the Official Vendor Venkoba Rao, as it unfortunately seems to have been done in this case, there would have been no room for any fraud being committed. Consequently the whole blame attaches to the account Department which is quite separate from my Department. I therefore trust that this my explanation will convince my Superiors that I am not guilty of any negligence in this unfortunate

unfortunate affair.

I have the honour to be

Sir,

Your most obedient & humble Servant

[signature]

District Treasurer - Shimoga

ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ: ಕೃಷಿ/ಇ-೨೦೨೩/೧೨೪೫

ದಿನಾಂಕ: ೧೫ ಮಾರ್ಚ್ ೨೦೨೩

ಸುತ್ತೋಲೆ

ವಿಷಯ: ಕೃಷಿ ಇಲಾಖೆಯ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಸಿಬ್ಬಂದಿಯವರಿಗೆ ಸಮವಸ್ತ್ರ ಧರಿಸುವ ಕುರಿತು.

ಕೃಷಿ ಇಲಾಖೆಯ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಸಿಬ್ಬಂದಿಯವರು ಕರ್ತವ್ಯ ನಿರ್ವಹಿಸುವಾಗ ಸಮವಸ್ತ್ರ ಧರಿಸಬೇಕೆಂದು ಸರ್ಕಾರವು ಆದೇಶಿಸಿದೆ. ಸಮವಸ್ತ್ರವು ಶಿಸ್ತು, ಏಕರೂಪತೆ ಮತ್ತು ಇಲಾಖೆಯ ಗುರುತನ್ನು ಕಾಪಾಡಲು ಸಹಾಯಕವಾಗಿದೆ.

ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ನಿಯಮಗಳನ್ನು ಎಲ್ಲರೂ ಕಡ್ಡಾಯವಾಗಿ ಪಾಲಿಸಬೇಕು.

೧. ಪುರುಷ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಸಿಬ್ಬಂದಿಯವರು ಖಾಕಿ ಬಣ್ಣದ ಪ್ಯಾಂಟ್ ಮತ್ತು ಅರ್ಧ ತೋಳಿನ ಶರ್ಟ್ ಧರಿಸಬೇಕು. ಶರ್ಟ್‌ನ ಎಡ ಭುಜದ ಮೇಲೆ ಇಲಾಖೆಯ ಲಾಂಛನವಿರಬೇಕು.

೨. ಮಹಿಳಾ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಸಿಬ್ಬಂದಿಯವರು ಖಾಕಿ ಬಣ್ಣದ ಸೀರೆ ಮತ್ತು ಅರ್ಧ ತೋಳಿನ ರವಿಕೆ ಧರಿಸಬೇಕು. ಸೀರೆಯ ಅಂಚು ಕಡು ಹಸಿರು ಬಣ್ಣದಲ್ಲಿರಬೇಕು.

೩. ಕಾಲಿಗೆ ಕಪ್ಪು ಬಣ್ಣದ ಶೂ ಮತ್ತು ಸಾಕ್ಸ್ ಧರಿಸಬೇಕು. ಚಪ್ಪಲಿ ಧರಿಸಿ ಕರ್ತವ್ಯಕ್ಕೆ ಹಾಜರಾಗುವಂತಿಲ್ಲ.

೪. ಹೊಲ, ಗದ್ದೆ ಅಥವಾ ಪ್ರಯೋಗಾಲಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಕೆಲಸ ಮಾಡುವಾಗ ಮೇಲಿನ ಸಮವಸ್ತ್ರದ ಮೇಲೆ ಏಪ್ರನ್ ಧರಿಸಬಹುದು.

೫. ಸಮವಸ್ತ್ರವನ್ನು ಸ್ವಚ್ಛವಾಗಿ ಮತ್ತು ಇಸ್ತ್ರಿ ಮಾಡಿ ಧರಿಸಬೇಕು. ಹರಿದ ಅಥವಾ ಮಾಸಿದ ಸಮವಸ್ತ್ರ ಧರಿಸಿ ಕಚೇರಿಗೆ ಬರುವಂತಿಲ್ಲ.

೬. ಸಮವಸ್ತ್ರವನ್ನು ಹೊರತುಪಡಿಸಿ ಬೇರೆ ಉಡುಪು ಧರಿಸಿ ಕರ್ತವ್ಯ ನಿರ್ವಹಿಸಲು ಅನುಮತಿ ಪಡೆಯಲು ಜಿಲ್ಲಾ ಕೃಷಿ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಲಿಖಿತ ಮನವಿ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಬೇಕು.

೭. ಈ ನಿಯಮಗಳನ್ನು ಉಲ್ಲಂಘಿಸಿದವರ ವಿರುದ್ಧ ಶಿಸ್ತು ಕ್ರಮ ಕೈಗೊಳ್ಳಲಾಗುವುದು.

ಸಹಿ/-
(ಎಂ. ಕೆ. ಸುಧಾಕರ್)
ಜಂಟಿ ಕೃಷಿ ನಿರ್ದೇಶಕರು

Annexure - I

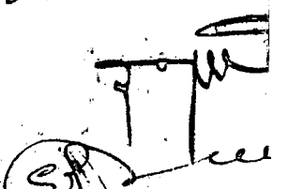
27-4-91

Abdul Rahman

7-5-92

1432

1609



I have passed orders
on the petition and granted
petitioner. Please let me have a
certificate that Said Vendor, for the previous
years, he has not any licence under the said
Act under which the Said Vendor
was able to make the public demand.

13

Pres. Clerk 16-5-92 Pres. Statement

My wife drawing cattle & pack Vendors allotted and license arising from as necessary to sell skins in & without Municipality - It was to an agreement more convenient to the public and less costly in that each to pay under all the circumstances yet done. Please bottle down to Rules yet principal business heads and the Lawyers in & down. If Pack Vendors can make to demand himself then is no need of the Municipality Vendors, but I do not think that he can conveniently meet to demand himself. Please refer to the Petitions rule and submit for to Town Council

13/5/92 Abdul Rahman

J. Municipality.

Submitted a detailed Comparative Memo in the Declared sum after the following papers —

1 Statement Income by Municipality Books - 1

2 Lawyers' opinion — 3

3 Statement showing Municipality details of stamps sold from the years 1882-83 to 1891-92 —

24-10-92

Annexure-A/15

ಅನುಬಂಧ-ಎ/15

ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಸರ್ಕಾರಿ ನೌಕರರ ನಡತೆ ನಿಯಮಗಳು, 1966

ಅನುಸೂಚಿ

ಸರ್ಕಾರಿ ನೌಕರರು ಅನುಸರಿಸಬೇಕಾದ ಕೆಲವು ಸಾಮಾನ್ಯ ಮಾರ್ಗದರ್ಶಿ ಸೂತ್ರಗಳು

1. ಸರ್ಕಾರಿ ನೌಕರರು ಸಾರ್ವಜನಿಕರೊಂದಿಗೆ ಸೌಜನ್ಯದಿಂದ ವರ್ತಿಸಬೇಕು. ಅವರ ಕೆಲಸಗಳನ್ನು ಆದಷ್ಟು ಬೇಗ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಡಲು ಪ್ರಯತ್ನಿಸಬೇಕು. ಅವರ ಕೆಲಸಗಳನ್ನು ಮಾಡಿಕೊಡಲು ಅಥವಾ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಡದಿರಲು ಯಾವುದೇ ಲಂಚ ಅಥವಾ ಇತರ ಪ್ರತಿಫಲವನ್ನು ಪಡೆಯಬಾರದು.

2. ಸರ್ಕಾರಿ ನೌಕರರು ಸಾರ್ವಜನಿಕರಿಂದ ಪಡೆಯುವ ಅರ್ಜಿಗಳನ್ನು ಸ್ವೀಕರಿಸಿದ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಒಪ್ಪಿಗೆ ಪತ್ರವನ್ನು ಕೊಡಬೇಕು. ಅರ್ಜಿಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಕೇಳಿರುವ ಮಾಹಿತಿಯನ್ನು ಆದಷ್ಟು ಬೇಗ ಕೊಡಬೇಕು. ಅರ್ಜಿಗಳನ್ನು ತಿರಸ್ಕರಿಸಿದರೆ ಅದಕ್ಕೆ ಕಾರಣಗಳನ್ನು ಕೊಡಬೇಕು.

3. ಸರ್ಕಾರಿ ನೌಕರರು ಸಾರ್ವಜನಿಕರಿಂದ ಪಡೆಯುವ ಅರ್ಜಿಗಳನ್ನು ಸ್ವೀಕರಿಸಿದ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಒಪ್ಪಿಗೆ ಪತ್ರವನ್ನು ಕೊಡಬೇಕು. ಅರ್ಜಿಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಕೇಳಿರುವ ಮಾಹಿತಿಯನ್ನು ಆದಷ್ಟು ಬೇಗ ಕೊಡಬೇಕು. ಅರ್ಜಿಗಳನ್ನು ತಿರಸ್ಕರಿಸಿದರೆ ಅದಕ್ಕೆ ಕಾರಣಗಳನ್ನು ಕೊಡಬೇಕು.

4. ಸರ್ಕಾರಿ ನೌಕರರು ಸಾರ್ವಜನಿಕರಿಂದ ಪಡೆಯುವ ಅರ್ಜಿಗಳನ್ನು ಸ್ವೀಕರಿಸಿದ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಒಪ್ಪಿಗೆ ಪತ್ರವನ್ನು ಕೊಡಬೇಕು. ಅರ್ಜಿಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಕೇಳಿರುವ ಮಾಹಿತಿಯನ್ನು ಆದಷ್ಟು ಬೇಗ ಕೊಡಬೇಕು. ಅರ್ಜಿಗಳನ್ನು ತಿರಸ್ಕರಿಸಿದರೆ ಅದಕ್ಕೆ ಕಾರಣಗಳನ್ನು ಕೊಡಬೇಕು.

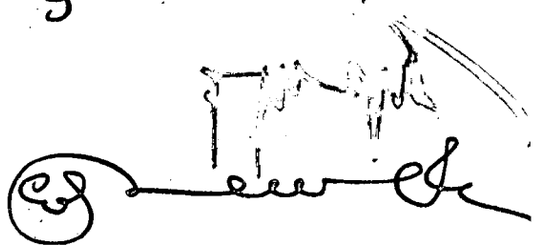
5. ಸರ್ಕಾರಿ ನೌಕರರು ಸಾರ್ವಜನಿಕರಿಂದ ಪಡೆಯುವ ಅರ್ಜಿಗಳನ್ನು ಸ್ವೀಕರಿಸಿದ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಒಪ್ಪಿಗೆ ಪತ್ರವನ್ನು ಕೊಡಬೇಕು. ಅರ್ಜಿಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಕೇಳಿರುವ ಮಾಹಿತಿಯನ್ನು ಆದಷ್ಟು ಬೇಗ ಕೊಡಬೇಕು. ಅರ್ಜಿಗಳನ್ನು ತಿರಸ್ಕರಿಸಿದರೆ ಅದಕ್ಕೆ ಕಾರಣಗಳನ್ನು ಕೊಡಬೇಕು.

ಅಂಗಡಿಯವರಿಗೆ ಸಾಮಾನುಗಳನ್ನು ಕೊಡುವುದು ಮತ್ತು ಅವರಿಂದ ಹಣ ಪಡೆಯುವುದು ಮಾಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದರು.
ಅಂಗಡಿಯವರು ಸಾಮಾನುಗಳನ್ನು ಕೊಟ್ಟು ಹಣ ಪಡೆಯುವುದು ಮಾಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದರು.
ಅಂಗಡಿಯವರು ಸಾಮಾನುಗಳನ್ನು ಕೊಟ್ಟು ಹಣ ಪಡೆಯುವುದು ಮಾಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದರು.
ಅಂಗಡಿಯವರು ಸಾಮಾನುಗಳನ್ನು ಕೊಟ್ಟು ಹಣ ಪಡೆಯುವುದು ಮಾಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದರು.
ಅಂಗಡಿಯವರು ಸಾಮಾನುಗಳನ್ನು ಕೊಟ್ಟು ಹಣ ಪಡೆಯುವುದು ಮಾಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದರು.
ಅಂಗಡಿಯವರು ಸಾಮಾನುಗಳನ್ನು ಕೊಟ್ಟು ಹಣ ಪಡೆಯುವುದು ಮಾಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದರು.
ಅಂಗಡಿಯವರು ಸಾಮಾನುಗಳನ್ನು ಕೊಟ್ಟು ಹಣ ಪಡೆಯುವುದು ಮಾಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದರು.
ಅಂಗಡಿಯವರು ಸಾಮಾನುಗಳನ್ನು ಕೊಟ್ಟು ಹಣ ಪಡೆಯುವುದು ಮಾಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದರು.
ಅಂಗಡಿಯವರು ಸಾಮಾನುಗಳನ್ನು ಕೊಟ್ಟು ಹಣ ಪಡೆಯುವುದು ಮಾಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದರು.
ಅಂಗಡಿಯವರು ಸಾಮಾನುಗಳನ್ನು ಕೊಟ್ಟು ಹಣ ಪಡೆಯುವುದು ಮಾಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದರು.

(४)

10739

118



6427-8 ಗುಂಟೆ
6311-8 ಗುಂಟೆ
10739 ರೂ 1156 ಪೈಸೆ

4-3-93

ಸಂಪೂರ್ಣ ಕಾಲಾವಧಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಅಲ್ಲಿ ಸಂಪೂರ್ಣ ಕಾಲಾವಧಿಯಲ್ಲಿ

The undermentioned Gentlemen are requested to favour me with their Views on the following Subjects ——

I — If the present Ad Court-fees Stamps Vendors Commission should be increased, & in what manner would it be recommended to the Public.

II — For selling Court-fees Stamps on the usual Commission, why not Licensed Vendors as many as necessary be appointed after doing away with the present Vendors altogether.

III — Do not the said arrangements more conducive to the Public.

Treasury Assistt
Commr
Thanjr

10/10/92 Jo J B

/ Mr. Sabaroo Advocate
/ Mr. C. Sundaramier do
/ Mr. L Ramanaden — do —
/ Mr. Gurudaden B.A.B.L do
/ Mr. Gurusamy — do —
/ Mr. Suttiah do
/ Mr. L Ramanaden Pleader
/ Mr. S Bhimanaden do
/ Mr. Vedanayagar do
/ Mr. B. Narasimmayar do
/ Mr. J. Narasimmayar do
/ Mr. J. L. Luttimmah do
/ Mr. Naranaden — do
/ Mr. Raghavendraden do
/ Mr. C. Mudianaden do

11—10—92

I consider that the present arrangement of keeping a permanent Stamp Vendor as well as of having licensed Vendors is more convenient to the Public. The Public and the Lawyers require Stamps both

in the Morning and afternoon. The licensed Vendors have been supplying us with Stamps in the Town in the morning, and the paid Vendor has been supplying us with stamps in Court, and so the present arrangement as it is has rendered more Convenience to the Public and Lawyers

In my opinion no change in the present system of selling stamps is necessary.

V. Rama Row
Pleader.
Cuddapah
6/11/92

I think that the present arrangement without any change made is convenient to the public the licensed Vendors are supplying us with stamps at our doors & the paid Vendor is supplying us with stamps in the Court.

K. Raghavendra Row
pleader.
6/11/92

The present system vending stamps through the paid vendor & licensed-commission-Vendors is most convenient & desirable, and I am therefore for maintaining both the Vendors.

I Agree

Illegible
6/11/92

11-10-92.

The present paid Court fee stamps vendors can meet the public demand & one retail stamps vendor may be permitted to vend Court fee stamps of small value to the public at office hours.

[illegible]
Madras.

The present arrangement of having one paid court-fee-stamps-vendor & 2 retail stamps Vendors to vend stamps during office & private hours respectively is very convenient to the public.

[illegible]
Madras
12/10/92

The present system vendors has been mo of them are having in to go. If the present syst of inconvenience to

of selling stamps through retail stamp & satisfactory & especially as both our there people will have occasion to is disturbed with it would work good to public at large.

B Narayana Rao
Pleader

ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತ ಪಂಡಿತರಿಗೆ ಕೊಡಲಾಗುವ ಸಂಭಾವನೆಯ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತ ಪಂಡಿತರ ಸಂಘದ ಅಭಿಪ್ರಾಯ

ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತ ಪಂಡಿತರಿಗೆ ಕೊಡಲಾಗುವ ಸಂಭಾವನೆಯ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತ ಪಂಡಿತರ ಸಂಘದ ಅಭಿಪ್ರಾಯ ಕೇಳಿ ಸರ್ಕಾರವು ಪತ್ರ ಬರೆದಿತ್ತು. ಸಂಘದ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿಗಳು ಸಂಘದ ಸಭೆಯನ್ನು ಕರೆದು ಸಭೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಚರ್ಚಿಸಿ ಸರ್ಕಾರಕ್ಕೆ ಅಭಿಪ್ರಾಯ ತಿಳಿಸಲು ನಿರ್ಧರಿಸಿದರು. ಸಭೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಸಂಘದ ಸದಸ್ಯರಾದ ಪಂಡಿತರು ಸಂಭಾವನೆಯ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಚರ್ಚಿಸಿ ಸಂಭಾವನೆಯನ್ನು ಹೆಚ್ಚಿಸಬೇಕೆಂದು ಸರ್ಕಾರಕ್ಕೆ ಮನವಿ ಮಾಡಲು ನಿರ್ಧರಿಸಿದರು. ಸಂಘದ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿಗಳು ಸರ್ಕಾರಕ್ಕೆ ಮನವಿ ಪತ್ರ ಬರೆದು ಕಳುಹಿಸಿದರು. ಸರ್ಕಾರವು ಸಂಘದ ಮನವಿಯನ್ನು ಪರಿಶೀಲಿಸಿ ಸಂಭಾವನೆಯನ್ನು ಹೆಚ್ಚಿಸಲು ಆದೇಶ ಹೊರಡಿಸಿತು. ಸಂಘದ ಸದಸ್ಯರಾದ ಪಂಡಿತರು ಸಂತೋಷಪಟ್ಟರು. ಸಂಘದ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿಗಳು ಸರ್ಕಾರಕ್ಕೆ ಧನ್ಯವಾದ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದರು. ಸಂಘದ ಸದಸ್ಯರಾದ ಪಂಡಿತರು ಸಂಘದ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಧನ್ಯವಾದ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದರು.

ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತ ಪಂಡಿತರಿಗೆ ಕೊಡಲಾಗುವ ಸಂಭಾವನೆಯ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತ ಪಂಡಿತರ ಸಂಘದ ಅಭಿಪ್ರಾಯ ಕೇಳಿ ಸರ್ಕಾರವು ಪತ್ರ ಬರೆದಿತ್ತು. ಸಂಘದ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿಗಳು ಸಂಘದ ಸಭೆಯನ್ನು ಕರೆದು ಸಭೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಚರ್ಚಿಸಿ ಸರ್ಕಾರಕ್ಕೆ ಅಭಿಪ್ರಾಯ ತಿಳಿಸಲು ನಿರ್ಧರಿಸಿದರು. ಸಭೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಸಂಘದ ಸದಸ್ಯರಾದ ಪಂಡಿತರು ಸಂಭಾವನೆಯ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಚರ್ಚಿಸಿ ಸಂಭಾವನೆಯನ್ನು ಹೆಚ್ಚಿಸಬೇಕೆಂದು ಸರ್ಕಾರಕ್ಕೆ ಮನವಿ ಮಾಡಲು ನಿರ್ಧರಿಸಿದರು. ಸಂಘದ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿಗಳು ಸರ್ಕಾರಕ್ಕೆ ಮನವಿ ಪತ್ರ ಬರೆದು ಕಳುಹಿಸಿದರು. ಸರ್ಕಾರವು ಸಂಘದ ಮನವಿಯನ್ನು ಪರಿಶೀಲಿಸಿ ಸಂಭಾವನೆಯನ್ನು ಹೆಚ್ಚಿಸಲು ಆದೇಶ ಹೊರಡಿಸಿತು. ಸಂಘದ ಸದಸ್ಯರಾದ ಪಂಡಿತರು ಸಂತೋಷಪಟ್ಟರು. ಸಂಘದ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿಗಳು ಸರ್ಕಾರಕ್ಕೆ ಧನ್ಯವಾದ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದರು. ಸಂಘದ ಸದಸ್ಯರಾದ ಪಂಡಿತರು ಸಂಘದ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಧನ್ಯವಾದ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದರು.

Advocate

13/10/92

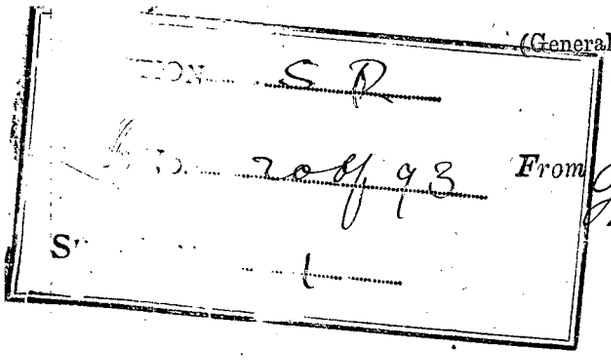
Bhaskar Anjaneya

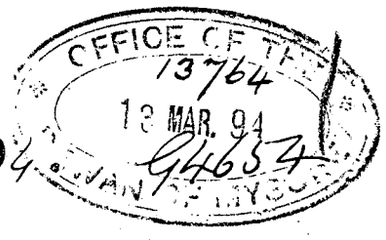
Advocate

14/10/92

I am also of the same opinion

Advocate





(General Serial No. 30.)

1894

From The Deputy Commissioner

To (1)

The Chief Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore.

Dated 8
Despatched 10 } March
Received

Enclosures No.

General No. 849
No. 692

states for the information of Govt that the Dy Treasury Officer reports that Stamp vendor Venkata Row has embezzled Court Fees stamps and labels to the extent of Rs 3,941-7-4

12/3/94
Submitted
173

Put up Govt Order
Read Letter
Draft Reply

15/3

From Commissioner's Office
Shimoga District

Dated 8th March 1894
To. Camp Sagar.
(1)

No. 849
692

To

The Chief Secretary to the
Dewan of Mysore.

Sir,

I have the honor to state
for the information of Government
that the Officer in charge of the
District Treasury reports that
on examination of the stamp
accounts as of the District Treasury
it was discovered that the Official
Vendor of stamps (Venkoba Row)
has embezzled the value of Court
Fees stamps and labels issued
to him from the District
Treasury for sale, to the extent
of Rs 3941-7-"

2. The scrutiny of accounts
initiated as soon as the defalcation
was suspected, discloses that the

Vendor has failed, between the months of July 1890 and February 1894, to credit to the Treasury a sum of Rs. 3941-7-", out of the value of Stamp papers &c. issued to him from time to time for Sale. The Stamp accounts for December 93 compiled by the Vendor himself shew that he has shewn a larger balance of Rs 3476-10-" against the Taluk Treasuries — reducing his own to Rs 261-5-". It is apparent that he has made these fictitous entries in order to baffle detection of the offences — Committed by him. Including the value of the labels issued in the months of January and February 94, the whole amount to be accounted for by the Vendor, comes to Rs 3941-7-"

3. As the Scrutiny of the accounts has not been completed, it is not possible to furnish a

a detailed account of the fraud.

4. Venkoba Row has been arrested, and he will be placed on his trial as early as possible. Steps have also been taken to attach his property, and the case against him will be taken up by myself, as soon as the preliminary investigation is complete.

5. A detailed report will be submitted after the departmental investigation is completed. It is impossible at this stage to say to what extent blame is attached to the Treasury Office Establishment.

I have the honor to be
Sir
Your most obedient Servant

D. Macaulay
Asst Dy Commissioner
Shimoga Dt.

SECTION S. P. (General Serial No. 31.)

FILE No. 70 of 1893

SERIAL No. 2

1894

From The Comptroller

To The Chief Secretary to the Govt of Tasmania

Dated 8th March 94

Despatched 10th

Received

(2)

Enclosures No. 3

General No. 5751

No.

Formal copy letter from the Commr Shenandoah states that he intends to proceed to Shanghai on Monday the 12th inst.

Asst Comptroller

Ask the Comptroller to bring the enclosures under the notice of the Governor with a view to his directing that the Shenandoah be allowed to proceed to Shanghai on the 12th inst.

21/3

Noted for Gov

21/3

G. 10/3/94

Subd Chief Secretary.

Please see also Shanghai Commr's No 849 of 8th March 692

Reporting as the same subject

The Comptr has gone to Shanghai

P.O. 15/3/94

Sl. 2

No. 5151

OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER OF MYSORE,

Bangalore, 8th March 1894

COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE 9 - MAR. 94 MYSORE

From

E. R. SUBBRAYAR, Esq.,
Comptroller of Mysore.

(2)

The Chief Secretary
to the Dewan
of Mysore.

SIR,

I have the honor to forward for the information of Government copy of letter No. 1933 dated 5th March 1894 from the Deputy Commissioner Shimoga and its enclosures regarding an alleged misappropriation to the extent of Rs. 3466-10-0 by the Government Stamp Vendor, B. Venkoba Rao, and to state that I propose proceeding to Shimoga on Monday next the 12th instant.

I have the honor to be
Sir
Your most obedient Servant
E R Subbrayar
Comptroller

Encl 5 & 6 2 7

(General Serial No. 30.)

1894.

From The Dy Commissioner Shimoga District

To The Comptroller in Mysore.

Dated 5th March 1894 Camp Sagar

Despatched

Received

Enclosures No. 2

General No. 1933

No.

Sir,

In forwarding herewith copy of letter No. A dated 3d Instant together with its enclosure from the Treasury Officer, I have the honor to state that, that Officer has been requested to examine the stamp accounts without least delay, and institute criminal proceedings against the Official Vendor Venkoba Rao.

I h

It appears from facts brought to light up to the time of Treasury Officer's report, that Venkoba Rao has shewn in the Stamp accounts fictitious balances against Taluq Treasuries and mis-appropriated the value of the stamps entrusted to him for sale as Official Vendor.

3. I have ordered the suspension of the Official pending investigation.

I have &c
(Sd.) D. Nanjal Row
Offg. by Commissioner
Shemoga District

"Copy"

Offg. Chief Assistant
to the Comptroller
of Mysore.

H.M.

Encl to D.C. Shimoga
3rd March 1894

No. A.

From The Treasury Officer
Shimoga District

To.

The Deputy Commissioner
Shimoga District

Sir,

I have the honor to enclose for your kind perusal, a copy of information lodged before Mr. B. Ramaswami Iyer B.A. the 2nd Assistant Commissioner, Shimoga anent the misappropriation made by B. Venkoba Rao, Government Stamp Vendor, of the amount of the value of Court Fees Stamps and labels and making the incorrect entries in the account concerned, and to request that you will be so good as to order for making necessary enquiries on the subject.

I have &c
(Sd.) K. Nagesha Rao
Treasury Officer

Copy
Off. Chief Assistant
to the Comptroller

GM.

Encl: 5962

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

4696 [illegible]
17.2.94

[illegible]

[illegible] 3704-12- [illegible]

[illegible]

7171-6- [illegible]

[illegible]

261-5- [illegible]

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2 [illegible]

(3)

SECTION S R
FILE NO. 20 of 97
SUPPL. NO. 3

13

The Comptroller & the
Govt Surgeon.

No 1644
3601
Dy 29-3-94

His letter 515 dated 8th
March 94, reporting having
that information has been
received of the ~~Trois~~ appropria
embezzlement of Rs Court
fee stamps and labels
of the value of Rs 3466-0-0
by the Govt Stamp Vendor
B. Venkobarao at Shimoga
and that he intends proceed
-ing to Shimoga to investigate
the matter.

H has the honor to request
the Comptroller to be so good
as to report at once the result of his
investigation and to state
what is being done with
the accused and how the
case stands now.

By Order

Draft. HH 29/3/94
Under Secy.

General Serial No. 29.)

SECTION 8 9

REGD. NO. 20 of 93 From

SHEET No. 4

1894 OFFICE 14983. 6 APR. 94

The Superintendent
Shimoga Jail

To

The Chief Secretary to the Dewan
of Mysore.

(4)

Dated 3rd April 1894.

Despatched 4th —— do. ——

Received

Enclosures No. one.-

General No. 274 } 1893-94.
No.

Has the honor to forward herewith a petition presented by Sessions Undertrial Prisoner Venkoba Row, praying for an order to postpone the sale of his movable and immovable property attached by the Deputy Commissioner Shimoga district, pending disposal of the Criminal Case against him before the Sessions Judge Naga Division.-

Superintendent
Shimoga Jail

The petitioner is charged with Committing fraud on Govt in regard to Stamp papers and the case is before the Sessions Court. It seems the accused is anxious in selling his property and the sale may be postponed till the result of his trial is known.

To the Deputy Commissioner for action accordingly.

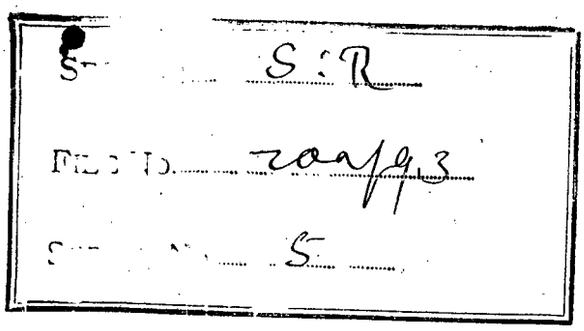
8/4.

for Asst. Commissioner

10/4/94

No 17222
J. 1232

15



To

The Dt Commr, Shimoga Dt

Dt 11th April 1894

(5)

In forwarding herewith a petition dated 2d instant from undertrial prisoner Venkobarao in the Shimoga Jail praying that the sale of his properties which are under attachment be not carried out till the disposal of his trial before the Sessions Court, has the honor to observe that as the properties are under attachment the need for immediate selling them is not apparent

By order

11/4/94

Under Sec

SECTION S R

FILE No. 20a/98

SERIAL No. 6

(General Serial No. 31.)

189

From The Comptroller

15-98

26 APR 94

To The Chief Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore

Dated 24th

Despatched 25 April

Received

(6)

Enclosures No. 1

General No. 6164.

No.

In continuation of this office No. 5151 dated 8th March 94, reports on the result of the Examination of the Stamp accounts of the Shimoga District Treasury conducted under his personal supervision.

E. L. C.

G. 26-4-94

Ref.

Submitted to Chief Secty. The case of the Stamp Vendor is before the Sessions Court.

1/5/94

With D.O. of 24/4 about certain alleged Embezzlements in the accounts of Nalur —

2 vols Comptroller's Notes who here Yearly Returns of Treasuries during the periods in question

29/5

With D.O. of 24/4 & 29/5

With draft Reply

30/5

No. 6164

17
6

To.

The Chief Secretary to the
Dewan of Mysore.

Sir,

In continuation of my letter No. 5761 dated 8th March 1894 and with reference to your docket No. 16414/3601 dated 30th idem I have the honor to report for the information of Government the result of the Examination of the Stamp accounts of the Shemoga District Treasury Conducted under my personal Supervision.

The Salaried Vendor did not regularly maintain the 3 Registers required of him under this Office Circular No. 807 dated 29th September 1870. The books produced for inspection were—

1 Stock acct
2 Daily accts of sales
3 Abstr of DC

I Vendor's Stock account:—

This has been Kept from April 1883 to April 1889, but does not bear the initials of the Vendor.

II Daily accounts of Sales:—

This has been maintained from 1st February 1889 to 31st March 1890 and from 26th July 1892 to 24th November 1893. These accounts from the manner in which they were written up seem only to be the Vendors rough book and they do not bear his initials too

The

18

The other register "abstract account of the daily Sales" was not at all maintained and produced for inspection —.

3 The books maintained in the Treasury Department in connection with Stamps were the

1. Treasury Officers' Stock book
2. Treasurers' ——— do ——— :-

This book which was written up by the Stamp yamasta was full of Corrections many of which have not been attested and there was also an item of issue the total of which was entered in pencil.

3 Office Copy of the monthly abstract of Stamp accounts :-

The book has neatly been kept up from March 1873 to July 1886 and initialled by the Treasury Officer almost every month. From July 1886 the Office Copies are not properly kept. The book is almost torn and the sheets are all loose. They are not initialled by the Treasury Officer — except in 2 or 3 months and they abound with unattested Corrections and alterations from the time the Vendor began to prepare them. From July 1890 to March 1891, the Office Copies are missing.

4 The amount of Stamps issued to the Vendor for sale was ascertained from the Treasurers' Stock book in which the Vendors' signature was obtained for each issue

No Indents?

When he was paying cash also some times?

issue in acknowledgment of the same. There were, however, a few instances in which the issues were not so acknowledged. Although this is a gross failure of duty on the part of the Treasurer still the issues cannot be denied in as much as the value thereof has in all those instances been fully paid into the Treasury on the very day the Stamps were received by the Vendor. As for the remittances made by the Vendor the required information was obtained from his remittance book for those years for which they were available and the entries made therein were found to be correct as compared with the Miscellaneous Receipt Register of the Treasury — account branch and for the remaining years the credits appearing in his favor in the Treasury Jama Register have been taken.

5 The total amount of Stamps issued to the Vendor from 14th September 1882 the date of his appointment to the post up to 10th March 1894 was Rs. 192098-15-0 including the b/f of Rs. 316-10-0 which was made over to by his predecessor and the remittance by him in return was Rs. 188356-8- adding to it Rs 10-2-0 the value of found in the Vendor's box and credited Stock on the 10th March 1894, the total remitted is Rs. 188366-10-0 thus leaving balance of Rs. 3732-5-0 to be accounted for by the Vendor.

6 The accounts prior to 1887

20

prepared in the English account Branch of the Treasury and from April 1887. this duty seems to have been entrusted to the Vendor who has in this very month committed fraud by altering the Correct balance of Rs. 544-4-0 against him to Rs. 444-4-0 to agree with that shown in the City sent to my Office. The difference of Rs. 400-0-0 has been added on to the actual balance in Taluqs. However, in the subsequent month the amount has correctly been accounted for as against himself.

7 The second fraud was committed in December 1888. The actual balances at the close of the months from December 1888 to June 1889, and the balances shown in the returns of those months sent to my Office were:—

	Actual balance against the Vendor	Shown in the return sent to Comptroller	Difference added on to taluq balance
December 1888	632-10-0	432-10-0	200-0-0
January 1889	634-7-0	534-7-0	100-0-0
February	833-6-0	433-6-0	400-0-0
March	961-11-0	461-11-0	500-0-0
April	950-13-0	445-13-0	505-0-0
May	950-13-0	445-13-0	505-0-0
June	961-1-9	496-1-0	465-0-0

These differences which were shown against 9 in the returns sent to my Office were lately made up in July 1889 when balance of Rs. 491-12-0 has correctly been

been shown as against him.

The balances thereafter continued to be correctly shown up to the end of January 1890, when it was Rs. 497—4—0.

In February 1890, Stamps to the value of Rs 1489—4—0 were issued to him and adding to which the opening balance of Rs. 497-4-0, the total amount was Rs. 1986-8-0. The remittances made by him during the month was Rs. 1356—6—0, thus leaving a balance of Rs 630—2—0 against him. But in the return sent to my Office only Rs. 490-2-0 has been shown as such. In the same manner fictitious balances were continued to be shown in the returns of the subsequent months till December 1893, in which month, he had entered in the accounts only Rs. 261—5—0 as against him while it ought to have been Rs. 3737—15—0.

3737-15
261-5
3476-10

From the facts above stated it would seem that the Official Vendor was placed in complete and sole possession of all stamp accounts both District and Taluq and that no check whatever was exercised over him either by the Treasury Officer, his accountants or the Treasurer.

The first and the most serious irregularity that was committed was the taking away of the duties and responsibilities of the compilation of the stamp accounts from the regularly organized account branch and transferring them to a minor official who

12

who was also entrusted with the sale of stamps on his own account thus giving the latter even facility to manipulate the accounts as suited him best. This deviation from established procedure is stated to have been ordered when Mr Panchanatha Row was Treasury Officer neither the records of the District Treasury nor of this office bear out this statement.

12 The Head and other accountants who have initialed these accounts sent to my office do not appear to have at all checked them. Neither the Treasury officer Mr Nagasa Row who has passed the indents nor the Treasurer who has issued the stamps appear to have verified even once during the long period of 7 years, the balances in hand as shown in the stamp vendors numerous indents.

13 The Treasury Officer has not even once during the above period Examined the stock in hand with the stamp Vendor though under the rules he is strictly enjoined to do so twice every year.

Did he compare the Balances as shown in the Indents returned with those as shown in the returns to Courts?

Lastly, some of the returns submitted to this office in 1890 are found to be no Exact Copies of those Kept in the Treasury.

14 The Head Accountant who has initialled these returns has been grossly negligent

see certificates which D.O. records every month as a matter of practise this it is prescribed half yearly -

73

negligent. The Stamp Vendor has now been committed to the Sessions by the District Magistrates.

Copies of the Proceedings are herewith submitted.

15
Ub

I beg to add that there has been some delay in the submission of this report as I had to wait for a copy of the Proceedings of the preliminary enquiry held by the District Magistrate.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,

E Norbury
Comptroller

To

Submitted.

The order of this Office was to stay the sale if no reasons exists to the contrary. The use of the expression "If it is found necessary to stay the sale until the disposal of the case" does not show any desire to reject the order.

R 2/5.

(General Serial No. 30.)

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER
1624
1894 11 MAY 94
9 15 13

From The Deputy Commissioner Shimoga

SECTION S.R.

To FILE No. 20 of 93

The Chief Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore

SERIAL No. 7

Dated 25.

Despatched 30. } April

Received (7)

Enclosures No. 1

General No. 1002

No. 820

With reference to docket No. 17222/1232 dated 11 April returns the petition of Venkoba Row & states that if it is found necessary to stay the sale of his property until the disposal of the case needful orders will be passed.

Just 1-5-94

Recd 2/5

Dy Commissioner's Office
Shimoga District.

25th April 1894
30 Camp Shikarpur

(7)

No 1002 En 1
820

To

The Chief Secretary to the
Dewan of Mysore.

Sir,

In returning the petition from prisoner Venkoba Row on the subject of the sale of his properties, received with your Docket No. 17222/1232 dated 11th Instant, I have the honor to state that orders were issued for the sale of the properties in question in the ordinary Course of business. If it is found necessary to stay the sale until the disposal of the Case pending against the prisoner, needful orders will be passed on the subject. I have the honor to be

Sir
your most obedient servant

[signature]
Dy Commissioner
Shimoga Dist

2-4-94

Superintendent
Shimoga Jail

96

under attachment the
ed for immediately selling them
s not apparent. The D/Comr=
that orders for sale were
ued in the usual course
business, and that "if it is
und necessary to stay the
ale until the disposal of the
ase pending against the pris.r
eedful orders will be passed
the subject". It

I do not quite understand
e D/Comrs reply, but as it is
ot the intention of Govt
to interfere in any way
with the action of the local
authorities, no further orders
seem necessary.

No reply will be given to
Petitioner

Sd/ H Thuillier

26/5/74

Vide Asst Secy for
Genl and Mily Mrl

Sd/ 28/5

SECTION S

(General Serial No. 30.)

1894. 1456.

From The Superintendent
Shimoga Jail

To The Chief Secretary
to the Dewan of
Mysore.

Dated 26th April 1894.

Despatched 27th — do. —

Received

Enclosures No. one. —

General No. 296. —
No.

Has the honor to forward a petition presented by Sessions Undertrial Prisoner Venkoba Rao praying for issue of orders to the Deputy Commissioner Shimoga directing to post-pone the Sales of his property, and for his release on bail.

Superintendent
Shimoga Jail

Submitted

A Commr has been sent to the D.C. to postpone the sale of the petitioner's property if that be done and no further orders seem called for.

With regard to his release on bail apart from the fact that the offence with which he stands charged is not bailable he must apply to the Sessions Judge stating reasons &c.

RJ 5

× Accused was committed to the Sessions by the Shimoga Taluq Court on a charge of Forgery.

(Venkobarao)

The Petr who is now under trial for defalcation of Stamps prays

(1) that he may be let out on bail

(2) that his properties which are under attachment be not sold until his case is disposed of.

The first matter is altogether in the hands of the Court, and no orders can be passed by this Office.

On the 2nd point, the D.C. was told that when the properties were

G. 30-4-94

The Superintendent
Shimoga Jail.

Stable Revn. 28/5

32

SECTION S P
FILE No. 20 1893
SUB-No. 9

Read, the following letter No: 6164 dated 24th April 1894 from the Comptroller:

(Here print it).

(9)

No 20240-41 / 4579 25-5-94

Order thereon:-

The letter read above fully explains the manner in which salaried Stamp Vendor Venkoba Row drawing his supplies of stamps from the Shimoga District Treasury has been enabled to embezzle Government money to the extent of Rs: 3732-5-- by fraudulent transactions extending over a period of upwards of 7½ years. The papers disclose a flagrant and systematic disregard of the commonest precautions which

which the standing orders prescribes. The Vendor furnished security to the extent of Rs: 500/. and was entitled to receive stamps and labels on credit to that extent. But he was given larger credits on the strength of his indents falsely showing small stock in hand. His account books were ill kept and were never examined, though, by para 11 of Account Department Circular No: 807 dated 29th Septr 1870, they should have been sent for and examined once a quarter by the Treasury Officer, in order to ensure their being properly

kept

kept up. The stock in his hands was never examined, though such examination and a certificate to that effect are prescribed by the Account Department orders of 7th September 1869 repeated in the Circular of 13th October 1874. In the returns to the Comptroller, larger stocks were shown against Taluk Treasuries than what Amildars in charge of those Treasuries had acknowledged in their returns to the Dist. Treasury; and the Vendor's stock was reduced by a corresponding extent - a method of fraud which ~~shows at least~~ the Treasury Officer seems never to have compared the acknowledgements of Amildars with the returns of them sent by him ~~which he was~~

sending

was facilitated by the highly objectionable system unauthorizedly adopted by the Treasury Offr. of Shimoga under which the Stamp Vendor was allowed to Compile the Taluk returns for Submn to the Comptroller.

35 4

~~Sendaq to~~ the Comptroller

2. It appears from the Comptroller's Report that monies embezzled prior to July 1889 in this way, were in effect, made good in that month, and that amounts embezzled from February 1890 had not been made good on the date of his investigations. From a statement received from the Comptroller, it appears that with the exception of a few short intervals of a few days at a time, Mr. Nazish Khan was the officer in charge of the District Treasury from ~~February~~ 1st July 1886 ~~1890~~ to 12th November 1892, and Mr. K. Ramanujiengar from 13th November 1892 to 15th May 1893 during

Mr.

~~I quote in language~~ in the terms of the marginals quoted

~~Thus it will be~~ Thus it appears that the certificates which ~~to which he at first appended~~ ~~them~~ he deliberately appended to them ~~to state the truth~~ were utterly incorrect

(*) Certified that I have examined the stock in the hands of the defaulters and found them correct & that the amounts shown in the certificates are the same or similar to the stock in their hands.

The ~~two~~ defalcations first began in April 1887 & the embezzled amount was then replaced within a few months. The second embezzlement commenced in December 88 & the amounts embezzled remained in hand till July 89. The third embezzlement began Feb 90 & continued uninterrupted till it was discovered in Dec 92

Mr. Nagesh Rao's absence on leave, and that Mr. Nagesh Rao has, since the 15th May 1893, been in continuous charge of the Treasury. It follows that these officers are largely responsible for what has occurred. The Head Accountant, as the principal ministerial official responsible for the correct compilation of the accounts, is also responsible, ~~though in a minor degree~~ & the Deputy Accountant, whenever he may have prepared the return for the Head Accountant. Government will look to these ~~officials~~ officials for whatever of the embezzled money cannot be recovered from the Vendor's property.

3. The Dy/Commr. will report

(and the Treasury Offrs of about 8/7 and from Dec 88 to 15 July '89 remained in the Mangalore

37

report what steps he has taken for realizing the mis-appropriated amount and with what result. and in order to enable Govt to apportion the liability for the deficiency, the Comptroller is requested to furnish Govt with a statement in the following form for every one of the periodical returns ~~from February 1890~~ for the three periods of embezzlement above specified, during which the prescribed certificate of verification of balances has been furnished:-

(1.) Date of Certificate.
(2) Name of the Pr Acct attesting it.
(3) Name of the Dy Acct attesting it.
(4) Name of Treasury Offr signing it.
(5) Balance shown in the Return against Talukhs.
(6) Correct balance.
(7). Difference between (5) & (6) being the amount by which the Vendor's stock was shown to be less in the return to the Comptroller's Office.

38

4. These orders will be communicated to the Officers above named, who are at liberty to submit any representation they may wish to make in the matter.

5. The Comptroller's report ~~shows that~~ names Mr. Panchanatha Row as this Treasury Officer ~~who first ordered the Vendor~~ Venkoba Row to compile the returns to the Comptroller's Office ~~&~~ in addn will be called upon to explain this very reprehensible action of his. —

The Dy Commr requested Mr Ascertain report who the Treasy Offr was who first assisted the system under wh the Stamp Vendor was allowed to compile the returns & the Comptroller's office - He

But the practice began in April 87 & there is no reason to have been the Treasy Offr - Mr Ascertain the Officer, he

n - 5 - 94

Pvt Secy

Chief Secy

To. The Comptroller to response Soon.

The Dy Commr, Shimoga Dist for urgent Commrs & the Officials concerned.

submit
9/5/94

(Here print Comptrollers List of Treasy Offrs &c)

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (General),—dated 23rd May 1894.

READ :—

The following letter, No. 6164, dated 24th April 1894, from the Comptroller to the Government of Mysore :—

In continuation of my letter No. 5151, dated 8th March 1894, and with reference to your docket No. 16414—3601, dated 30th idem, I have the honor to report for the information of Government the result of the examination of the stamp accounts of the Shimoga District Treasury conducted under my personal supervision.

2. The salaried Vendor did not regularly maintain the 3 registers required of him under this Office Circular No. 807, dated 29th September 1870. The books produced for inspection were—

I. Vendor's Stock Account—

This has been kept from April 1883 to April 1889, but does not bear the initials of the Vendor.

II. Daily Accounts of Sales—

This has been maintained from 1st February 1889 to 31st March 1890 and from 26th July 1892 to 24th November 1893. These accounts, from the manner in which they were written up, seem only to be the Vendor's rough book, and they do not bear his initials too. The other register "Abstract Account of the Daily Sales" was not at all maintained and produced for inspection.

3. The books maintained in the Treasury Department in connection with stamps were—

1 The Treasury Officer's stock book.
2 The Treasurer's do

This book which was written up by the Stamp Gumasta was full of corrections many of which have not been attested, and there was also an item of issue the total of which was entered in pencil.

III. Office Copy of the Monthly Abstract of Stamp Accounts—

The book has neatly been kept up from March 1873 to July 1886 and initialled by the Treasury Officer almost every month. From July 1886, the office copies are not properly kept. The book is almost torn, and the sheets are all loose. They are not initialled by the Treasury Officer except in 2 or 3 months, and they abound with unattested corrections and alterations from the time the Vendor began to prepare them. From July 1890 to March 1891, the office copies are missing.

4. The amount of stamps issued to the Vendor for sale was ascertained from the Treasurer's Stock Book in which the Vendor's signature was obtained for each issue in acknowledgment of the same. There were, however, a few instances in which the issues were not so acknowledged. Although this is a gross failure of duty on the part of the Treasurer, still the issues cannot be denied, inasmuch as the value thereof has in all those instances been fully paid into the Treasury on the very day the stamps were received by the Vendor. As for the remittances made by the Vendor, the required information was obtained from his remittance book for those years for which they were available, and the entries made therein were found to be correct as compared with the Miscellaneous Receipt Register of the Treasury Account Branch, and for the remaining years the credits appearing in his favor in the Treasury Jama Register have been taken.

5. The total amount of stamps issued to the Vendor from 14th September 1882, the date of his appointment to the post, up to 10th March 1894 was Rs. 1,92,098-15-0 including the balance of Rs. 316-10-0 which was made over to him by his predecessor, and the remittance made by him in return was Rs. 1,88,356-8-0, and adding to it Rs. 10-2-0, the value of labels found in the Vendor's box and credited to stock on the 10th March 1894, the total sum remitted is Rs. 1,88,366-10-0, thus leaving a balance of Rs. 3,732-5-0 to be accounted for by the Vendor.

6. The accounts prior to 1887 were prepared in the English Account Branch of the Treasury and from April 1887 this duty seems to have been entrusted to the Vendor who has in this very month committed fraud by altering the correct balance of Rs. 844-4-0 against him to Rs. 444-4-0 to ageee with that shown in the copy sent to my office. The difference of Rs. 400 has been added on to the actual balance in Taluks. However, in the subsequent month, the amount has correctly been accounted for as against himself.

7. The second fraud was committed in December 1888. The actual balances at the close of the months from December 1888 to June 1889 and the balances shown in the return of those months sent to my Office were —

	Actual Balance against the Vendor.	Shown in the return sent to Comptroller.	Difference added on to Taluk Balances.
December 1888	632 10 0	432 10 0	200
January 1889	634 7 0	534 7 0	100
February 1889	833 6 0	433 6 0	400
March 1889	961 11 0	461 11 0	500
April 1889	950 13 0	445 13 0	505
May 1889	950 13 0	445 13 0	505
June 1889	961 1 0	496 1 0	465

41

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (General),—dated 23rd May 1894.

These differences which were shown against Taluks in the returns sent to my Office were completely made up in July 1889, when the balance of Rs. 491-12-0 has correctly been shown as against him.

8. The balances thereafter continued to be correctly shown up to the end of January 1890, when it was Rs. 497-4-0.

9. In February 1890, stamps to the value of Rs. 1,489-4-0 were issued to him, and adding to this the opening balance of Rs. 497-4-0, the total amount was Rs. 1,986-8-0. The remittances made by him during the month were Rs. 1,356-6-0, thus leaving a balance of Rs. 630-2-0 against him. But in the return sent to my Office, only Rs. 490-2-0 have been shown as such. In the same manner fictitious balances were continued to be shown in the returns of the subsequent months till December 1893, in which month, he had entered in the accounts only Rs. 261-5-0 as against him, while it ought to have been Rs. 3,737-15-0.

10. From the facts above stated, it would seem that the official Vendor was placed in complete and sole possession of all stamp accounts, both District and Taluk, and that no check whatever was exercised over him either by the Treasury Officer, his Accountants, or the Treasurer.

11. The first and the most serious irregularity that was committed, was the taking away of the duties and responsibilities of the compilation of the stamp accounts from the regularly organized Account Branch and transferring them to a minor official who was also entrusted with the sale of stamps on his own account, thus giving the latter every facility to manipulate the accounts as suited him best. This deviation from established procedure is stated to have been ordered when Mr. Panchanatha Rao was Treasury Officer. Neither the records of the District Treasury nor of this office bear out this statement.

12. The Head and other Accountants who have initialled these accounts sent to my Office do not appear to have at all checked them. Neither the Treasury Officer, Mr. Nagesa Rao, who has passed the indents, nor the Treasurer who has issued the stamps, appears to have verified even once during the long period of 7 years the balances in hand, as shown in the Stamp Vendor's numerous indents.

13. The Treasury Officer has not even once during the above period examined the stock in hand with the Stamp Vendor, though under the rules, he is strictly enjoined to do so twice every year. Lastly, some of the returns submitted to this Office in 1890 are found to be no exact copies of those kept in the Treasury.

14. The Head Accountant who has initialled these returns has been grossly negligent. The Stamp Vendor has now been committed to the Sessions by the District Magistrate.

15. Copies of the proceedings are herewith submitted.

16. I beg to add that there has been some delay in the submission of this report, as I had to wait for a copy of the proceedings of the preliminary enquiry held by the District Magistrate.

No. 20240-41—G. 4579, DATED, BANGALORE, 23RD MAY 1894.

ORDER THEREON.—The letter read above fully explains the manner in which salaried Stamp Vendor Venkoba Rao drawing his supplies of stamps from the Shimoga District Treasury has been enabled to embezzle Government money to the extent of Rs. 3,732-5-0 by fraudulent transactions extending over a period of upwards of $7\frac{1}{2}$ years. The papers disclose a flagrant and systematic disregard of the commonest precautions which the standing orders prescribe. The Vendor furnished security to the extent of Rs. 500 and was entitled to receive stamps and labels on credit to that extent. But he was given larger credits on the strength of his indents falsely showing small stock in hand. His Account Books were ill kept and were never examined, though by para 11 of Account Department Circular No. 807, dated 29th September 1870, they should have been sent for and examined once a quarter by the Treasury Officer, in order to ensure their being properly kept up. The stock in his hands was never examined, though such examination and a certificate to that effect are prescribed by the Account Department Orders of 7th September 1869 repeated in the Circular of 13th October, 1874. In the returns to the Comptroller, larger stock was shown against Taluk Treasuries than what Amildars in charge of those Treasuries had acknowledged in their returns to the District Treasury, and the Vendor's stock was reduced by a corresponding extent—a method of fraud which was facilitated by the highly objectionable system unauthorizedly adopted by the Treasury Officer of Shimoga under which the Stamp Vendor was allowed to compile the Taluk returns for submission to the Comptroller. The

Treasury Officer seems never to have compared the acknowledgments of Amildars with the return of them sent by him to the Comptroller, thus showing that the certificates in the terms marginally quoted which he deliberately appended to them were utterly incorrect.

Certified that I have examined the stock in this Treasury and found them to be correct and that the Amildars have similarly certified to the stock in their Treasury.

2. It appears from the Comptroller's report that the defalcations first began in April 1887. The then embezzled amount was replaced next month. The second embezzlement commenced in December 1888 and the amount embezzled recouped in July 1889. The third embezzlement began in February 1890 and continued uninterrupted till its discovery in December 1893. From a statement received from the Comptroller and printed hereunder, it appears that with the exception of a few short intervals of a few days at a time, Mr. Nagesh Rao was the Officer in charge of the District Treasury from 1st July 1886 to 12th November 1892, and Mr. K. Ramanujaiengar from 13th November 1892 to 15th May 1893, during Mr. Nagesh Rao's absence on leave, and that Mr. Nagesh Rao has, since the 15th May 1893, been in continuous charge of the Treasury. It follows that these Officers are largely responsible for what has occurred.

3. The Head Accountant, as the principal ministerial Official responsible for the correct compilation of the accounts, is also responsible and the Deputy Accountant, whenever he may have prepared the return for the Head Accountant. Government will look to these Officials for whatever of the embezzled money cannot be recovered from the Vendor's property.

4. The Deputy Commissioner will report what steps he has taken for realizing the misappropriated amount and with what result, and in order to enable Government to apportion the liability for the deficiency, the Comptroller is requested to furnish Government with a statement in the following form for every one of the periodical returns for the three periods of embezzlement above specified, during which the prescribed certificate of verification of balances has been furnished :—

(1) Date of certificate.
(2) Name of the Head Accountant attesting it.
(3) Name of the Deputy Accountant attesting it
(4) Name of Treasury Officer signing it.
(5) Balance shown in the Return against Taluks.
(6) Correct Balance.
(7) Difference between (5) and (6), being the amount by which the Vendor's stock was shown to be less in the Return to the Comptroller's Office.

5. These orders will be communicated to the Officers above named, who are at liberty to submit any representation they may wish to make in the matter.

6. The Deputy Commissioner is requested to ascertain and report who the Treasury Officer was who first adopted the system under which the Stamp Vendor was allowed to compile the returns to the Comptroller's Office. The Comptroller's report names Mr. Panchanatha Rao as this Officer. But the practice began in April 1887, and then Mr. Nagesh Rao seems to have been the Treasury Officer. Whoever the Officer, he will in addition be called upon to explain this very reprehensible action of his.

T. ANANDA ROW.
Chief Secretary.

To—The Comptroller to the Government of Mysore.
The Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District for information and communication to the Officials concerned.

Exd.—K.S.

43

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (General),—dated 23rd May 1894.

Statement showing the names of Treasury Officers who were in charge of the Shimoga District Treasury from 1st July 1886—

No.	Names of Treasury Officers.	Period each was in charge of the Treasury, Shimoga.	Remarks.
1	Mr. K. Nagesh Rao ...	1st July 1886 to 14th March 1890.	
2	„ N. Chelviengar ...	15th March to 10th April 1890 ...	In temporary charge of the Treasury during the absence of Mr. K. Nagesh Rao on Jamabandi duty.
3	„ K. Nagesh Rao ...	11th April 1890 to 31st December 1891.	
4	„ Mangapati Naidu ..	6th January to 31st January 1892.	Acting during the absence of Mr. K. Nagesh Rao on privilege leave.
5	„ Chelviengar* ...	11th February to 25th March 1892.	* Received charge of the District Treasury from the Deputy Commissioner Mr. Abdul Rahman, K. B.
6	„ B. Ramaswami Iyer ...	26th March to 31st March 1892.	
7	„ K. Nagesh Rao ...	1st April 1892 to 12th November 1892.	
8	„ K. Ramanujaiengar ...	13th November 1892 to 15th May 1893 ...	Acting during the absence of Mr. K. Nagesh Rao on 6 months' private affairs leave.
9	„ K. Nagesh Rao ...	16th May 1893 to date.	

General Serial No. 29.)

SECTION S R

FILE No. 20 of 94 From

SERIAL No. 10

To

1894 18227.
11 JUN 94
1422 44

The Superintendent
Shimoga Jail

The Chief Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore.

(10)

Dated 8th June 1894.

Despatched do.

Received

Enclosures No. one

General No. 326 / *No.* } 1893-94.

Has the honour to forward a petition presented by Sefions Under Prisoner Venkobarao praying for an order to postpone the sale of his property until the disposal of the appeal, which will shortly be preferred against the order passed by the Deputy Commissioner Shimoga district, on the 9th Inst.

Superintendent
Shimoga Jail

45

Shifurundudu
Shimoga fail
6-94

ತಿಳಿಸಲು ಅಧಿಕಾರವಿಲ್ಲ. ಆದರೆ ಕೆಲವು ಸಂದರ್ಭಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳು ಅಧಿಕೃತವಾಗಿ ಕಚೇರಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಅಥವಾ ಕಚೇರಿಯ ಹೊರಗೆ ಸಾರ್ವಜನಿಕರೊಂದಿಗೆ ಮಾತನಾಡುವಾಗ ಅಥವಾ ಪತ್ರವ್ಯವಹಾರ ಮಾಡುವಾಗ ಸಾರ್ವಜನಿಕರಿಗೆ ಸೌಜನ್ಯದಿಂದ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಬೇಕು. ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳು ಸಾರ್ವಜನಿಕರೊಂದಿಗೆ ಸೌಜನ್ಯದಿಂದ ವರ್ತಿಸಬೇಕು. ಸಾರ್ವಜನಿಕರಿಗೆ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳು ಸೌಜನ್ಯದಿಂದ ಉತ್ತರ

(General Serial No. 30.)

SECTION S Q

FILE No. 20 of 93

SERIAL No. 11

Submitted for order

1916

From The Deputy Commissioner Lunatic Asylum

To The Chief Secretary to the Govt of Bombay

Dated 11th June

Despatched

Received

(11)

Enclosures No.

General No. 1123

No. 915

With reference to para 4 of Govt Pro: No. 2024-41 dated 23d. Ultimo reports that the security of the stamp vendor Vaikuntha Row has already been confiscated and that Rs 3264-1-4 has been realized by the sale of his movable and immovable property.

OF THE
8384
JUN 0
1916
6502

No. 1123
915

MYSORE

Shimoga District

By Commr's Office

Shimoga 11th June 1896.

To

(11)

The Chief Secretary to the
Dewan of Mysore.

Sir,

With reference to para 4 of Government Proceedings No 20240-41 G 4579 dated the 23d Ultimo, I have the honor to report that the security of the Stamp Vendor Venkoba Rao viz: Rs 500/. has already been confiscated to Government.

500
444-1-4

2. Rupees 444-1-4 has been realized by the sale of his movables.

3. His house at Shimoga has this day been sold by

public auction for Rs 995/- to Vittachary, Head Gumastah, Chinnagiri Taluk; his wet land in Nillagatta, Shimoga Taluk, for Rs 1200/- to Mr Nageshe Rao, Assistant Commissioner, and another wet land in the Inam village of Mandli for Rs 625/- to one Putta Ranganna of Shimoga.

995
1200
2195

4. At the request of Mr Nageshe Rao, I permitted him to bid for the land purchased by him.

5. The sales this day were conducted by Mr Ramachendra Rao, Extra Assistant Commissioner and I confirmed them. The 1/4 deposits have been paid up

by the purchasers. 50

6. The result thus is that Rs 3264-1-4 has been realized or will be realized against Rs 3742-7-0 standing against Venkoba Rao.

Including the security amount (500) the total is Rs 3764-1-4

500
444-1-4
995- - -
1200 - - -
625- - -
3764-1-4

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your most obedient servant
Abdul Rahman, K.B.
by Commissioner

SECTION E D

FILE No. [illegible] 10d/f/93

SUB No. 12

(13)

57

The following Post Copy Telegram
dated the 15th Inst. was forwarded
to

Camp No. 468 (A) The Dy. Supt. Shwebo Dist
15-6-94 Instructed by his no 6002 of
820
re Absconder

Camp No. 469 (B) The Supt. Shwebo Jail for
15-6-94 Comm. by [illegible] confidential
Prisoner Camp reader
Verbatim Non Intercourse
Instructed with the
Jail Manual no 326 of 8th
Instant

Camp 180 Miles 15/6
Abby

(Here copy telegram noted in Register
for Despatch in the Office)

S Urgent

(General Serial No. 30.)

1894. 18637. 20 JUN 94 E 1628

From The Commissioner Shimoga Dist. E. 6705

SECTION S. R.

FILE No. 2a0198

SERIAL No. 13

To

The Chief Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore.

Dated 18th June/94

Despatched

(14)

Received

Enclosures No.

General No. 1141

No. 928

With reference to his Camp No. 468 of the 15/16 Instant reports that the properties have already been sold and the money realized credited towards the balance against the late Stamp Vendor Venkoba Row

J. Bor Early both [illegible]

and Office Note

Sir,

Reed. 20/6 Before [illegible]

by the Genl Branch on the 19th Inst — Bdl. 20-6-94

19/6/94

Present

No 1141 En
1928

1. This Office letter No X 1123/915 of the 11th Instant.
2. Chief Secretary's Telegram to the Dy Commissioner of the 14th Instant.
3. Dy Commissioner's D.O. to the Chief Secretary dated the 14th do.
4. Chief Secretary's Camp No. 468 of the 15th/16 Instant. (Form Proforma A 2-Vide)

X Gl. 1835/6 5-5-32

Dy Commissioner's Office
Shimoga District.
18th June 1894.

To The Chief Secretary to
the Dewan of Mysore.

Sir,

(14)

With reference to the
Communications noted on the
margin I have the honor
to report that the purchasers
of the immoveable properties
having paid up the balances
of the purchase money, the
Officer who conducted the sale
issued orders making over the
properties to the respective
purchasers on the 16th Instant.

2 The money realized
has been credited towards
the balance against the
late Stamp Vendor Venkoba
Row, the balance now

standing against him being
Rs. 57/8-5-8.

I have the honor to be
Sir
Your most obedient servant.
Abdul Rahiman KBV
Dy Commissioner
Shimoga Dist

BBL.

Dr has taken Rs 57-7-0 as evidence to Rs 3264-vide as realised with 47 8-5-8 Rupees
The realised - Where should the money be?

General Serial No. 29.)

1894 19080

9/1746

J. 4th 29/7/94

Rec. 29/6

From The Superintendent Shimoga Jail

(24)

SECTION S Q

FILE NO. 222/93 To

SERIAL No. 14

To The Chief Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore.

Submitted

Orders seem to have been issued from Camp complying with the requests of the Petitioner

29/6 Q

Dated 26th June 1894.

Despatched 26th

Received

Enclosures No. 1

General No. 342 / No. } 1893.94

Has the honor to forward a petition presented by Sepoy's Undertrial prisoner Venkoba Row praying that orders may be issued not to confirm the Sales, and hand over his properties to the purchasers until the final disposal of his case.—

Superintendent
Shimoga Jail

25-6-94.

Sufferinabuldeyo
Shivajafail

57

ಮಂಗಳವಾರ ಸಂಜೆ ಸುಮಾರು ಗಂಟೆಗೆ ನಾನು
ಮನೆಯಲ್ಲಿದ್ದಾಗ ಶಂಕರ ಬಂದು ನನಗೆ
ಕರೆದುಕೊಂಡು ಹೋದ. ಅಲ್ಲಿ ಅವನ
ಸ್ನೇಹಿತರಾದ ಸುರೇಶ, ಮಹೇಶ ಮತ್ತು
ಇನ್ನೂ ಕೆಲವರು ಇದ್ದರು. ಅವರೆಲ್ಲರೂ
ಸೇರಿ ನನಗೆ ಬಲವಂತವಾಗಿ ಕುಡಿಯಲು
ಮದ್ಯ ಕೊಟ್ಟರು. ಅದನ್ನು ಕುಡಿದ ನಂತರ
ನನಗೆ ಪ್ರಜ್ಞೆ ತಪ್ಪಿತು. ಪ್ರಜ್ಞೆ ಬಂದಾಗ
ನಾನು ಆಸ್ಪತ್ರೆಯಲ್ಲಿದ್ದೆ. ಅಲ್ಲಿ ನನ್ನ
ಸ್ನೇಹಿತರು ಮತ್ತು ಕುಟುಂಬದವರು
ಇದ್ದರು. ಅವರು ನನಗೆ ಹೇಳಿದ್ದು
ಏನೆಂದರೆ, ಶಂಕರ ನನ್ನನ್ನು ಕರೆದುಕೊಂಡು
ಹೋದ ನಂತರ ನಾನು ಮನೆಗೆ ಬರಲಿಲ್ಲ
ಎಂದು ಅವರು ಹುಡುಕಾಡಿದರು. ಆಗ
ಅವರಿಗೆ ನಾನು ಶಂಕರನ ಜೊತೆ
ಹೋಗಿದ್ದೆ ಎಂದು ತಿಳಿಯಿತು. ಅವರು
ಶಂಕರನಿಗೆ ಫೋನ್ ಮಾಡಿದಾಗ ಅವನು
ನಾನು ಅವನ ಮನೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಇದ್ದೇನೆ
ಎಂದು ಹೇಳಿದ. ಆಗ ಅವರು ಅಲ್ಲಿಗೆ
ಹೋಗಿ ನನ್ನನ್ನು ಕರೆದುಕೊಂಡು
ಬಂದರು. ಅವರು ಹೇಳಿದ್ದು ಏನೆಂದರೆ
ನಾನು ಅಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರಜ್ಞೆ ತಪ್ಪಿ ಬಿದ್ದಿದ್ದೆ
ಎಂದು. ಅವರು ನನ್ನನ್ನು ಆಸ್ಪತ್ರೆಗೆ
ಕರೆದುಕೊಂಡು ಹೋಗಿ ಚಿಕಿತ್ಸೆ
ಕೊಡಿಸಿದರು. ಆಸ್ಪತ್ರೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ನನಗೆ
ಎಚ್ಚರವಾದಾಗ ನಾನು ಅಳುತ್ತಿದ್ದೆ.
ಏಕೆಂದರೆ ನಾನು ಮಾಡಿದ ತಪ್ಪಿನ
ಅರಿವು ನನಗಾಯಿತು. ನಾನು ಮಾಡಿದ
ಕೆಲಸ ಸರಿಯಲ್ಲ ಎಂದು ನನಗೆ
ಅನಿಸಿತು. ಆಗ ನಾನು ಅಲ್ಲಿಂದ
ಹೊರಟು ಬಂದೆ. ಅಲ್ಲಿಂದ ಹೊರಟು
ಬಂದ ನಂತರ ನಾನು ಮನೆಗೆ ಹೋಗಲಿಲ್ಲ.
ಏಕೆಂದರೆ ನಾನು ಮಾಡಿದ ತಪ್ಪಿಗೆ
ಅವರು ಬೈಯುತ್ತಾರೆ ಎಂದು ನನಗೆ
ಅನಿಸಿತು. ಆಗ ನಾನು ಬಸ್ ಸ್ಟಾಂಡಿಗೆ
ಹೋಗಿ ಅಲ್ಲಿ ಕುಳಿತುಕೊಂಡೆ. ಆಗ
ಅಲ್ಲಿಗೆ ಬಂದ ಪೊಲೀಸರು ನನ್ನನ್ನು
ವಿಚಾರಿಸಿದರು. ನಾನು ಅವರಿಗೆ
ಎಲ್ಲವನ್ನೂ ಹೇಳಿದೆ. ಅವರು ನನ್ನನ್ನು
ಠಾಣೆಗೆ ಕರೆದುಕೊಂಡು ಹೋಗಿ
ಕೂರಿಸಿದರು. ಅಲ್ಲಿ ನಾನು ಅಳುತ್ತಿದ್ದೆ.
ಏಕೆಂದರೆ ನಾನು ಮಾಡಿದ ತಪ್ಪಿನ
ಅರಿವು ನನಗಾಯಿತು. ನಾನು ಮಾಡಿದ
ಕೆಲಸ ಸರಿಯಲ್ಲ ಎಂದು ನನಗೆ
ಅನಿಸಿತು. ಆಗ ನಾನು ಅಲ್ಲಿಂದ
ಹೊರಟು ಬಂದೆ. ಅಲ್ಲಿಂದ ಹೊರಟು
ಬಂದ ನಂತರ ನಾನು ಮನೆಗೆ ಹೋಗಲಿಲ್ಲ.
ಏಕೆಂದರೆ ನಾನು ಮಾಡಿದ ತಪ್ಪಿಗೆ
ಅವರು ಬೈಯುತ್ತಾರೆ ಎಂದು ನನಗೆ
ಅನಿಸಿತು. ಆಗ ನಾನು ಬಸ್ ಸ್ಟಾಂಡಿಗೆ
ಹೋಗಿ ಅಲ್ಲಿ ಕುಳಿತುಕೊಂಡೆ. ಆಗ
ಅಲ್ಲಿಗೆ ಬಂದ ಪೊಲೀಸರು ನನ್ನನ್ನು
ವಿಚಾರಿಸಿದರು. ನಾನು ಅವರಿಗೆ
ಎಲ್ಲವನ್ನೂ ಹೇಳಿದೆ. ಅವರು ನನ್ನನ್ನು
ಠಾಣೆಗೆ ಕರೆದುಕೊಂಡು ಹೋಗಿ
ಕೂರಿಸಿದರು. ಅಲ್ಲಿ ನಾನು ಅಳುತ್ತಿದ್ದೆ.

1 ನಂಬಿಕೆ — ಕ್ರಿಸ್ತನಲ್ಲಿ ಹೊಸ ಜೀವನ ಹೊಂದುವುದು.
ಅವಿಶ್ವಾಸ — ಕ್ರಿಸ್ತನಿಂದ ದೂರವಾಗಿ ಸಾಯುವುದು.
ಕರುಣೆ — ಅವಶ್ಯವುಳ್ಳವರಿಗೆ ಸಹಾಯ ಮಾಡುವುದು.
ಕಠಿಣ ಹೃದಯ — ಅವಶ್ಯವುಳ್ಳವರಿಗೆ ಸಹಾಯ ಮಾಡದೆ ಇರುವುದು.
ಪ್ರೀತಿ — ಯೇಸುಕ್ರಿಸ್ತನಲ್ಲಿ ಇರುವ ಪ್ರೀತಿಯನ್ನು ಇತರರಿಗೆ ತೋರಿಸುವುದು.
ದ್ವೇಷ — ಇತರರಿಗೆ ಕೇಡು ಮಾಡಲು ಯೋಚಿಸುವುದು.

2 ನಂಬಿಕೆಯಿಂದ — ಅಪೊಸ್ತಲರಲ್ಲಿ ಒಬ್ಬನಾದ ಪೌಲನು ಯೇಸುಕ್ರಿಸ್ತನಲ್ಲಿ ಭರವಸೆ ಇಟ್ಟಿದ್ದರಿಂದ ಆತನಿಗೆ ಸಂಭವಿಸಿದ ಅನೇಕ ಕಷ್ಟಗಳನ್ನು ಸಹಿಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳಲು ಸಾಧ್ಯವಾಯಿತು. ಆತನು ಯೇಸುಕ್ರಿಸ್ತನಲ್ಲಿ ಭರವಸೆ ಇಟ್ಟಿದ್ದರಿಂದ ಆತನಿಗೆ ಸಂಭವಿಸಿದ ಅನೇಕ ಕಷ್ಟಗಳನ್ನು ಸಹಿಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳಲು ಸಾಧ್ಯವಾಯಿತು.

3 ಕಾಣುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಪಟ್ಟಿರುವಂತೆ — ಕಾಣುವಂತೆ ಕಾಣಿಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳುವುದು — ಯೇಸುಕ್ರಿಸ್ತನು ಪರಲೋಕಕ್ಕೆ ಹಿಂತಿರುಗಿ ಹೋಗುವುದನ್ನು ಶಿಷ್ಯರು ಕಣ್ಣಾರೆ ನೋಡಿದರು.

4 ಕಾಣಿಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳುವಿಕೆಗಳು — ಪುನರುತ್ಥಾನದ ನಂತರ ಯೇಸುಕ್ರಿಸ್ತನು ತನ್ನ ಶಿಷ್ಯರಿಗೆ ಕಾಣಿಸಿಕೊಂಡ ಸಂದರ್ಭಗಳು —

5 ಪ್ರತಿವಾದಿಯು ಸ್ವತಃ ಹಾಜರಾಗಿ ಅಥವಾ ಅವರ ಪರವಾಗಿ ಅಧಿಕೃತ ವಕೀಲರು ಹಾಜರಾಗಿ ಅರ್ಜಿಯ ಪ್ರತಿಯನ್ನು ಸ್ವೀಕರಿಸಿದ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಸಹಿ ಮಾಡಿದ ನಂತರ ಅರ್ಜಿಯನ್ನು ಸ್ವೀಕರಿಸಲಾಗಿದೆ ಎಂದು ಪರಿಗಣಿಸಲಾಗುವುದು.

6 ಪ್ರತಿವಾದಿಯು ಅರ್ಜಿಯನ್ನು ಸ್ವೀಕರಿಸಲು ನಿರಾಕರಿಸಿದಲ್ಲಿ ಅಥವಾ ಅರ್ಜಿಯ ಪ್ರತಿಯನ್ನು ಸ್ವೀಕರಿಸಿದ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಸಹಿ ಮಾಡಲು ನಿರಾಕರಿಸಿದಲ್ಲಿ ಅಥವಾ ಅರ್ಜಿಯ ಪ್ರತಿಯನ್ನು ಸ್ವೀಕರಿಸಲು ಅಥವಾ ಸಹಿ ಮಾಡಲು ಅಧಿಕೃತ ವಕೀಲರು ಹಾಜರಾಗದಿದ್ದಲ್ಲಿ ಅರ್ಜಿಯ ಪ್ರತಿಯನ್ನು ಪ್ರತಿವಾದಿಯ ಕೊನೆಯ ತಿಳಿದಿರುವ ವಿಳಾಸಕ್ಕೆ ಅಂಚೆ ಮೂಲಕ ಕಳುಹಿಸಿ ಅಂಚೆ ಇಲಾಖೆಯಿಂದ ಪಡೆದ ಸ್ವೀಕೃತಿ ಪತ್ರವನ್ನು ಲಗತ್ತಿಸಿ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಬೇಕು.

7 ಪ್ರತಿವಾದಿಯು ಅರ್ಜಿಯನ್ನು ಸ್ವೀಕರಿಸಲು ನಿರಾಕರಿಸಿದಲ್ಲಿ ಅಥವಾ ಅರ್ಜಿಯ ಪ್ರತಿಯನ್ನು ಸ್ವೀಕರಿಸಿದ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಸಹಿ ಮಾಡಲು ನಿರಾಕರಿಸಿದಲ್ಲಿ ಅಥವಾ ಅರ್ಜಿಯ ಪ್ರತಿಯನ್ನು ಸ್ವೀಕರಿಸಲು ಅಥವಾ ಸಹಿ ಮಾಡಲು ಅಧಿಕೃತ ವಕೀಲರು ಹಾಜರಾಗದಿದ್ದಲ್ಲಿ ಅರ್ಜಿಯ ಪ್ರತಿಯನ್ನು ಪ್ರತಿವಾದಿಯ ಕೊನೆಯ ತಿಳಿದಿರುವ ವಿಳಾಸಕ್ಕೆ ಅಂಚೆ ಮೂಲಕ ಕಳುಹಿಸಿ ಅಂಚೆ ಇಲಾಖೆಯಿಂದ ಪಡೆದ ಸ್ವೀಕೃತಿ ಪತ್ರವನ್ನು ಲಗತ್ತಿಸಿ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಬೇಕು.

2

(General Serial No. 30.)

1893. 19081.

From The Deputy Commissioner Bellary District

(25)

SECTION S. Q.

FILE No. 20 of 93

SERIAL No. 15

To

The Chief Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore.

Dated 26 June 1894.

Despatched

Received

Enclosures No. –

General No. 1184 } 1893-94
No. 948 }

With reference to his Telegram of the 24th Instant, invites attention to this Office letter No 1141 of the 18th Instant – 948

*. Return deposit of bidders of Vendor Venkoba Rao's property in cases in which sale has not already been completed. Keep property under attachment, letter posted –

Refer
29/6
Rebm
3/7

1/7
29/7/94

To, The Q Branch.

Read:
29/6

Please put up the telegram & copy of received already from the Camp
Rec 2016.

Send for file from Bellary, Com. Bhunga.

62

1893-94

From The Deputy Commissioner
Munioga District

To The Chief Secretary to the
Dewan of Dungore
Dated 26th June 1894.

No } 1893-94
Cu —

Sir,

With reference to your Telegram of the 24th Instant (Copied in the Margin), I have the honor to invite attention to this Office letter No 1141/928 of the 18th Instant.

I have the honorable
Sir,
Your most Obedient Servt

Abdul Rahman N.B.E.
Deputy Commissioner

(General Serial No. 30.)

1894

From The Deputy Commissioner
Shimoga District

SECTION S R
FILE No. 20 of 93
SERIAL No. 16

To

The Chief Secretary to the Dewan
of Mysore.

Dated 10 July 94

Despatched

Received

Enclosures No. 1

General No. 69
No. 1.

In Continuation of this M
No 1141/928 of the 18th ultimo
forwards copy of judgment
in the Shimoga Sessions Ca
No 17 of 1893-94. Govt. v.
Venkoba Row (Ex Stamp Vend

G. 23/7/94

Papers submitted to Chief.

Subd. 6/Aug/94

Please see 2 other papers below on same subject.
File as with Chief Secy's No 16/94

BDD
16-2
94

64 1894.

From

The D/ Commissioner
Shimoga District.

To

The Chief Secretary to the Dewan
of Mysore.

D/ 10th July 194 (18)

No 49 Em. /
/

In Continuation of this Office No.
1141/928 of the 18th ultimo, has the
honor to forward for information
of Government, Copy of the Judgment
in the Shimoga Sessions Case No 17
of 1893-94. Government ~~vs~~
Venkoba Row (Ex-Stamp Vendor)

Abdul Rahiman Khan
D/ Commissioner
Shimoga Dt.

(16)

In the Court of Sessions; Nagar Division

Shimoga 6th July 1894.

No 9.
10.7.94

Present- B. Thimmalacharlu Jogpe B.A.
Sessions Judge.

Shimoga Sessions case No 17 of 1893-94.

Complainant — Accused
Government ~~vs~~ — Venkoba Rao.

Offence: —

1st, 2d, and 3d Criminal
Breach of Trust as Public servant
under Section 409 I. P. Code.

4th Cheating and thereby dis-
honestly inducing the persons de-
ceived to deliver property to him
under Section 420 I. P. Code.

Opinion of assessors: —

The accused has misappropriated
to his own use Court fee stamps
of the value of Rs 3732 — 5 — 0.

Finding of the Judge: —

Guilty on all heads of the

charge. The accused is sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment on the 1st head of the charge; to one year's rigorous imprisonment on the 2d head of the charge; and to 3 years rigorous imprisonment on the 3d and 4th heads of the charges, also to a fine of Rs 3732-5-0 and in default to two years' additional rigorous imprisonment on the same heads of the charge. The sentence on the 2d head of the charge to run from the expiry of the sentence on the 1st head, and the sentence on the 3d and 4th heads to commence on the expiry of the sentences on the 1st and 2d heads of the charge.

yr fine
1 —
1 —
3 3732-5
2 d/o of fine
5+2

The facts of the case are as follows:—

The accused Venkoba Rao was salaried Vendor of Court-fee Stamps at Shimoga from September 1882,

when he was appointed to March 1894. He had furnished security for Rs 500 for the proper and trustworthy performance of his duties as such Vendor, and he was entitled to receive from the Treasury on credit Court fee stamps to the extent of his security amount, on indents presented by him to the Treasury Officer. In March 1887 the duty of compiling the Stamp returns which had to go from the District Treasury Officer to the Comptroller, was entrusted to the accused, and taking advantage of this circumstance, he in April 1887 on false indents showing false balances of stamps with him, succeeded in getting more Court fee stamps than he was entitled to receive, and having misappropriated stamps of the value of 400 Rs falsely showed it

as standing against the Taluks,
by adding that amount to the
Taluk balances and reducing
his own balance by so much. He
however recouped it in the next
month. Until December 1888, he
behaved all right, when he began
to adopt the same tactics, viz;
of presenting false indents show-
ing false balances in his hands,
and inducing the Treasury Offices
to pass the same, and that having
thus got more stamps than he
was entitled to, he contrived to
set
show his own stock as within his
security amount and added the
difference between his actual
balance of stock and what he
fictitiously showed as his balance
in the monthly returns sent to
the Comptroller to the balances
shown against the Taluks by
the Amildars in the returns which
they sent to the District Treasury. In

In July 1889, however, as he was about to go on 3 months' leave, the accused made up the amount he had misappropriated till then, and thus made his own stock in hand and the Taluk balances correct. In February 1890 some-time after he returned from his leave, he began to do the same and continued to defraud Govern-ment until February 1894, when his further mischievous career was checked by the Comptroller having discovered certain discre-pancies in the return for De-cember 1893 which was returned to the Treasury Officer for ex-planation. This led to an ex-amination of the Stamp accounts and it was discovered both by the examination of accounts made by the Treasury Officials, and

also by the examination of accounts made by a clerk deputed by the Comptroller for that purpose, that the accused had embezzled Court fee stamps of the value of Rs 3732-5-0. Upon this, the accused was placed before the District Magistrate by whom he has been committed to this Court for trial on charges of Criminal Breach of Trust by a public servant (Section 409 I.P. Code) and cheating under Section 420 of the I.P.C

2. The accused pleaded not guilty to the charge.

3. The following witnesses were examined for the prosecution.

1 Mr K. Nagesha Rao.
2 Venkataramanaiah
3 Gundappa.
4 Garudachar and
5 Narayana Rao.

4. The following exhibits were filed for the prosecution:—

A. Docket from the Comptroller of Mysore to the Treasury Officer, Shimoga, No 4696 dated 16th February 1894.

B Return of Court-Fees stamps of the Shimoga District Treasury for December 1893 enclosed in the above docket.

C. Petition of the accused to the Treasury Officer, Shimoga, who receipted it 4.3.94.

D Statement of the accused given before the Treasury Officer below Petition C.

E. Office copies of the returns of Court-Fees stamps of the Shimoga District Treasury E and E1 to E 32 = 33 in all from April 1891 to December/93.

F. Originals of the above Returns F and F1 to F79 from March/8-

to November 1893 except that for November 1891.

G. Monthly statements of Court Fees Stamps submitted from Taluk Amildars to the District Treasury officer from March/87 to December 1893 as per perisht G and G1 to G 654.

H. Indents for Court-fees stamps presented by the accused to the Treasury office H and H1 to H 13 = 14 in all.

I. Chelans on the reverse side of the Indents H, I and H1 to I 13 = 14 dated 12-6-90, 22-5-90, 6-1-90, 1-11-93, 6-9-93, 13-5-93 23-7-92, 13-11-91, 21-10-91, 2-7-91 23-3-91, 8-2-90, 1-10-90, 1-9-90.

J. Indents (without Chelans) dated 1-6-87, 1-12-87, 1-8-88, 1-10-88, 1-11-88, 1-7-89 J and J1 to J 5 = 6 in all.

K. Stamp Vendor's (accused's) Remittance

Remittance books K and K1 to K4 = 5 in all.

L. Office copies of Returns (or rough compilations from the Taluk Returns (?) submitted to the Comptroller's Office from July 1886 to June 1890.

M. Kacha Averjas or rough compilations of Stamp accounts M and M1 to M58.

N. Stock and issue Registers of Court fee stamps 6 Books N and N1 to N5 = 6 in all kept in the Treasury Department.

O
O1 to O5 } Jamma Registers of the District Treasury Office from April 1890 to March 1891 = 6 books

P. Vendor's (accused's) monthly abstract rough register of Receipts and payments and balance against him from April 1883 to April 1889 and

for July 1889.

2. Statements prepared by the Accountant, Comptroller's Office (2nd witness for Prosecution) showing the quantity of Stamps issued to the Vendor the amount remitted by him to Treasury the balance remaining against him at the end of each month and the balance shown by him in the accounts submitted to the Comptroller from September 1882 up to 10th March 1894.

R. Do — do — showing daily transactions from February 1890 to March 1894.

S. Service of Stamp Vendor Venkoba Rao, accused, showing he was on leave from 6th August 1889 to 5th November 1889.

T. Explanatory Memo showing the corrections to be made in the Stamp Returns for September,

October, November and December 1893 prepared by the accused.

U. Warrant from the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga, No. 5 dated 6:3-94 to the Sheristedar of Shimoga Taluk (5th witness for prosecution)

V. Mahazar or Memo of the search of the house of the accused dated 6-3-94.

W. Statement of the accused made before the Committing Magistrate.

5. The accused stated as follows:-

"I admit having made the statement marked W before the Committing Magistrate. I did not misappropriate the money. Gundachar and others have done so. I wanted to bring this to the notice of the Treasury officer myself, but before I could do so, Gundachar went and informed him of it."

6. No witnesses were examined for the defence -

7. No exhibits were filed for the defence -

8. It has been conclusively proved that the accused Venkoba Rao, from the month of February 1890 to the month of February 1894 received from the District Treasury at Shimoga, on credit, Court-fee stamps of the value of Rs 3732-5- and that he has failed to account for the same - Indeed, this fact was admitted by the learned Advocate for the accused who, however contended that the accused could not be convicted of the offences charged against him, although the Government might recover from him, by means of a Civil suit, the value of the stamps not accounted for by him. This indeed is a novel argument and

and is extremely absurd in my opinion. It was contended that the accused, though in the service of Government as a salaried Vendor of Court-fee stamps, was not a public servant; that he should be looked upon as only a licensed Vendor remunerated by fixed monthly pay, instead of commission; that the relation between the Government and the accused was only that of seller and buyer; and that therefore whatever was not paid for by the accused should be recovered from him by Government by a Civil suit. It has been proved by the evidence of the Treasury Officer, Mr. Nagesha Rao (1st witness for prosecution) that no license was ever issued to the accused for

vending Court fee stamps, and that from the date of his appointment in the year 1882 he has always been a paid servant of the Government. The contention, therefore, that the accused was only a licensed Vendor, and not a public servant, is utterly worthless, and I am surprised to see that it was seriously put forward by the Advocate for the accused.

9. It was next contended that the charge of cheating made against the accused could not stand, as it was not shown for the prosecution that the Treasury Officer and the Treasurer were misled by the Indents presented by the accused, showing less in stock of stamps in his hands than the actual stock which was, or ought to have been, with him

on

on the several dates on which the Indents for fresh supplies were made by him, because the Advocate for the accused says that the Treasury Officer and the Treasurer had the means of checking the correctness, or otherwise, of the balances shown by the accused as standing against him on those dates, and that having failed to adopt those means, they could not be said to have been cheated by the accused, and that having through their negligence allowed the accused to get more stamps from the Treasury than he was entitled to get on credit, they could only proceed against him by a Civil suit, and not prosecute him criminally for cheating. It is scarcely necessary in my opinion to consider this argument,

as it is not disputed by the accused's advocate himself that the endents in question were false endents, showing false stock in hand with the accused, and that the Treasury Officer was thereby led to pass them, and I do not think that the fact, that the Treasury Officer had the means of detecting the falsity of the endents, but neglected to adopt them, makes any difference in the Criminal character of the act of the accused. Upon both the technical objections raised by the accused's advocate therefore, my finding is against him.

10. I shall now briefly state the facts of the case and the evidence adduced for the prosecution in support of the several charges made against the accused. I should have done so at great length, but

but for the facts that it was not denied by the advocate for the accused that the accused had from time to time received, from the District Treasury on credit, Court-fee stamps of the value of Rs. 3732-5- and that he had failed to account for it. It has been proved that the accused was appointed as salaried Vendor of Court-fee stamps at Shimoga in September 1882, that he was working under the Treasury Officer, and that in March or April 1887, he commenced to compile the Stamp Returns received from the Taluks, and prepare for submission to the Comptroller the monthly Returns of stamps which had to go to that officer. The "Avargas" or details of Taluk balances, which are noted

for purposes of compilation of the returns which had to be submitted from the District Treasury to the Comptroller (Exhibits Nn to Nn 58) and which from the basis of such returns, are admittedly in the handwriting of the accused. It is also proved that the office copies (Exhibits Gg to Gg 32) and the fair copies (Exhibits Ff to Ff 79) of the monthly stamp returns sent to the Comptroller are in the handwriting of the accused, except the heading in English which is in the handwriting of different officials in the Treasury, as the accused is ignorant of English, and therefore went to other officials and got the heading written by them. It is proved further that the Indents, upon which he drew supplies of Court fee stamps on credit from the District Treasury, and which

have been proved to show false stock in hand with the accused are all in the handwriting of the accused (vide Exhibits H to H13 and J to J5). It is indeed very unfortunate, and is very much to be regretted, that these indents and some others which are said to be missing, were not checked by the Treasury Officer, as they ought to have been, at the time when they were severally presented to him by the accused, but as they showed the stock with the accused to be within his security amount, viz 500 Rs, they were passed by the Treasury Officer. The evidence of the Treasurer (3rd witness for prosecution) shows that he duly supplied the accused with Court fee stamps on these indents as shown by the corresponding entries in his Stock

We found Indents for Cert Vendors should be attached

A ledger account should be kept in Treasury of Cert Vendors

or 46 Issue Register (Exhibit A to N5)
which have all been signed by the
accused in Mahratta, in which
language the accused always puts
his signature. The falsity of the
accused's indents, and the way in
which he has attempted to show
smaller stock against him than
he actually had or ought to have had by adding the
deficiency to the balances actually
standing against the Talukas, as
shown by the returns received
from the Talukas (Exhibits G to G 654),
have been fully exhibited in the
statements marked Q and R pre-
pared by the 22 witness for prose-
cution, who is a Clerk employed
in the Comptroller's Office at
Bangalore, and who was deputed
by the Comptroller to thoroughly
examine all the Court-fee Stamp
Registers and returns in the District
Treasury from the date of the
accused's

accused's appointment in September 1882 up to March 1894, when the fact that the accused had misappropriated a very large amount of Court-fee stamps was discovered. The Statement D shows the amount of Court-fee stamps issued to the accused from the District Treasury, the amount remitted by him to the Treasury, the actual balance remaining with him at the end of each month, and the fictitious balance shown by him in the Monthly Returns submitted to the Comptroller from the month of September 1882 to March 1894. The Statement R shows details of daily transactions from February 1890 to March 1894 under the heads "Value of Stamps issued to the Vendor", "Remittances received from the Vendor", "Remittances made by the

the Vendor, more or less", and "net amount due by the Vendor". These statements have been sworn to as having been carefully and correctly prepared, and the accused did not question their correctness, and his advocate said he had no question to ask of this witness. Now, according to the Statement 20, it clearly appears that the balance of stamps which ought to have been with the accused at the end of April 1887, was valued at Rs. 844-4- but in the monthly return for April 1887 sent to the Comptroller (Ex 71) it is shown as Rs. 446-4-0, the difference having been added on to the Taluk balances, and thereby showing against the Taluks larger balances than the Amildars had

had shown in the Returns sent by them to the District Treasury. This difference of Rs 400, however, was made up by the accused in the following month of May 1887, when he showed correct balances both as against himself and as against the Talatis, as will be seen from the monthly return sent to the Comptroller for that month (vide exhibit J2). Thus, it has been proved beyond all doubt that in April 1887, the accused misappropriated to his own use Court fee stamps of the value of 400 Rs, although he made it good in the next month, and that he is consequently guilty of the offence specified in the first head of the charge

The 2d head of the charge refers to the embezzlement of stamps

by the accused from 1st December 1888 to 30th June 1889, and the statement 2c shows the following figures for those months.

At the end of.	Actual balance with the accused.	Fictitious balance shown in return sent to Comptroller.
December/1888.	Rs 632-10-0	Rs 432-10-0
January/89	" 634-7-0	" 534-7-0
February/89	" 833-6-0	" 433-6-0
March/89	" 961-11-0	" 461-11-0
April/89	" 950-13-0	" 445-13-0
May/89	" 950-13-0	" 445-13-0
June/89	" 961-1-0	" 496-1-0

12. In July 1889, however, the accused made good the difference by paying into the Treasury in cash Rupees 469-5-0 more than the amount of stamps which were issued to him from the Treasury in that month and from July 1889 to January 1890 the accounts are shown to be correct. Now, the reason why in July 1889 he made up the difference which was outstanding against

against him at the end of June 1889,
is very clear. He had to go on
3 months' leave, of which he availed
himself from 6th August 1889, and
if he had not squared up the
difference and shown correct
balance of stamps in stock with
him, the fraud would most cer-
tainly ~~could~~ have been detected
by the official who prepared the
return for July 1889; and his mal-
practices would have been brought
to light immediately. It is very
remarkable however that the
monthly returns for the 3 months
during which the accused was on
leave and which were compiled
and prepared by the other Ac-
countants in the Office are quite
correct, both in respect of the "warjas"
and also in respect of the Office

and

and fair copies of the returns sent to the Comptroller - The mischief, which had been thus interrupted by the accused's absence on leave, was resumed by him soon after he returned to duty, and it continued to be played by him uninterruptedly from February 1890 to February 1894, when the Comptroller having noticed discrepancies in the monthly return for December 1893, returned it to the Treasury Officer for an explanation thereof - The 2d head of the charge, which relates to the embezzlement by the accused from December 1888 to June 1889 has been completely and most satisfactorily established against the accused -

13. The embezzlement of stamps which was begun by the accused in February 1890 and continued

till

till it was discovered in February 1894, and which amounted to the very large sum of Rs 3732 — 5 — . has also been proved satisfactorily It is shown that from the 1st February 1890 to 10th March 1894, when the clerk deputed from the Comptroller's office examined the stamp accounts of the District Treasury, the value of Court-fee stamps issued to the accused from the Treasury was Rs 51838 — 8 — towards which he remitted according to his remittance (Exhibits C 6 to C 14) and according to the Treasury "Jama" or Receipt Register books. (Exhibits C 6 to C 15) the sum of Rs 48603-7 — leaving a balance of Rs 3235 — 1 — . to which, the sum of Rs 497-4 — which was the opening balance against him on 1st February 1890 being added, there was a sum of Rs 3732 — 5 — for which, or for stamps of the value of which, the accused had to account. The daily

details of the accused's transactions with the District Treasury from February 1890 to March 1894 during which period he has contrived to cheat the Treasury officer out of stamps of the above mentioned value are shown in the statement marked R, from which it will be seen that the accused has systematically carried on his malpractices with impunity during the long period of 4 years. It is to be observed that the root of all this evil was the fact of the accused having been left to compile the Taluk returns in addition to his own. This gave him the fullest opportunity of showing his own balances to be smaller than they actually were, and adding on the difference to the Taluk balances, and showing the latter to be larger than the Amildars

Amildars had shown them in their Taluk returns. In one instance, however, viz, in the month of March 1899, he boldly added a sum of Rs 400 to the actual balance of Court-fee stamps in the District Treasury and a sum of Rs 100 to the Taluk balances. All this was left undetected, I very much regret to say, through the negligence of the Treasury Officer and his Accountants who were bound to check the returns prepared by the accused. The Treasury Officer has indeed candidly admitted his failure of duty not only in this respect, but also in respect of passing the indents presented to him by the accused without checking from time to time, as he was bound to do,

9. the correctness or otherwise, of the stock shown by the accused as remaining in his hands on the several dates on which the indents were presented.

14. The accused in his statement before the Committing Magistrate, has tried to make it appear that he did not misappropriate the stamps and falsify the accounts, but that the Head Accountant and the Deputy Accountant did so. I have no hesitation in saying that this is a most dishonest attempt on the part of the accused to cast undeserved aspersions on the character of innocent officials. It is impossible to conceive how any body else but the accused could have misappropriated the stamps in question. It is not pretended that they were issued

at any time either to the Head or the Deputy Accountant, nor have they in any single instance been shown to have had anything to do with the issue of Court-fee stamps to the accused from the District Treasury. The issues were all made to the accused on his own indents, and in each instance it is he who has signed the Issue Register kept in the Treasury in acknowledgment of the stamps that were given to him. It is alleged by the accused in the same statement that he had lent the sale proceeds of the stamps not only to the Head and Deputy accountants, but also to the pleaders practising at Shimoga, but that a paper on which he had noted down the monies which he so lent to them is missing. This is an equally

GB

dishonest assertion, and the concluding portion of his statement that if time be given to him he would sue them to recover the money from them and make it good forms the climax of his dishonest and absurd statement

15. The assessors have arrived at the same conclusion as myself regarding the fact of the accused having received from the Treasury Court-fee stamps of the value of Rupees 3732-5-- and having failed to account for it.

16. The accused has been guilty of a most daring series of acts in deceiving the Treasury officer and the Treasurer, and making them issue from time to time stamps to a larger extent than he would have otherwise got, and

and he has subjected the Government to a very serious loss. I therefore consider it necessary that the accused should receive an exemplary punishment so as to deter other public servants from committing such frauds upon Government as he has done.

17 — Finding and Sentence.

The Court, concurring with the Assessors on the facts of the case, finds the accused Venkoba Rao guilty of the Offence specified in the 1st head of the charge, viz, that he committed the offence of Criminal breach of trust by a public servant, punishable under Section 409 of the I. P. Code, and the Court directs that the said accused

be sentenced to suffer rigorous imprisonment for one year.

The Court concurring with the Assessors on the facts of the case, finds the accused Venkoba Rao guilty of the offence specified in the 2d head of the charge viz, that he committed the offence of Criminal breach of trust by a public servant, punishable under Section 409 of the I. P. Code and the Court directs that he be sentenced to suffer rigorous imprisonment for one year. This sentence will commence to run on the expiry of that passed on the 1st head of the charge.

The Court, concurring with the Assessors on the facts of the case, finds the accused Venkobai Rao guilty of the offence specified

in the 3d head of the charge, viz, that he committed the offence of Criminal breach of trust by a public servant, punishable under Section 409 of the I.P. Code.

The Court, concurring with the assessors, also finds the accused Venkoba Rao guilty of the offence specified in the 4th head of the charge, viz, that he committed the offence of cheating punishable under Section 420 of the I.P. Code.

And the Court directs that for the offences, of which the accused has been found guilty under the 3d and 4th heads of the charge, which relate to the same facts, the accused Venkoba Rao be sentenced to suffer rigorous imprisonment for three

three years, and pay a fine of Rs. 3732-5-0, and in default, suffer additional rigorous imprisonment for two years. This sentence will commence to run on the expiry of the sentences passed upon the accused on the 1st and 2d heads of the charge

6th July 1894 Sd/ B. Tirumalachar
Sessions Judge

Copy
Sd/ B. Tirumalachar
Sessions Judge
Nagar Division

Copy
Abdul Rahman K.B
District Magistrate

SECTION C B Deferred

FILE No. 200 of 93

SERIAL No. 17

26

From

Chief Secretary,
Bangalore.

To
Deputy Commissioner,
Shimoga

Reply immediately to paras five and six of Proceedings of 23rd May about Vendor's embezzlement

13-7-94.

I/c/f. T. Ananda Row.
Chief Secretary

No. 664
of 1149

Office of the Dewan of Mysore.
Dated 13th July 1894.

Draft copy forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga Dist. for information.

BO

Draft 13/7

Chief Secy

initd
13/7.

(General Serial No. 30.)

189 16

From The Deputy Commr Shimoga

To The Chief Secretary to the Govt of Mysore

Dated 13th July

Despatched

Received

Enclosures No. 5

General No. 60
No. 50

With reference to Telegram annexed on the margin submits values as per Statement attached about Venkata Rao's encumbrance Statement.

Sub: to Chief Secy 16/7/94

The Same 3403 9845 9/8/94

SECTION S 2
FILE No. 20 of 93
SERIAL No. 16

Dy Commissioner's Office
Shimoga District.
13th July 1894. 103
6-30 P.M.

No. 60/50 in 5

(19)

To The Chief Secretary to the
Dewan of Mysore.

Sir,

With reference to your Telegram annexed on the margin received this evening, I have the honor to submit the papers as per Perist attached.

2. I have already forwarded copy of the Judgment of the Sessions Court in the case in which the Stamp Vendor was convicted. Vide this Office No. 49/1 dated the 10th Instant.

3 I have also applied for the records in the said Case but have not received them

Reply immediately to paras 5 and 6 of proceedings of 23rd May about Vendor's embezzlement.

as yet.

I have the honor to be

Sir,

Your most obedient Servt

Abdul Rahman, KB

Dy Commissioner

Shimoga District

AR.

2nd cy-9

9 11/8/94 KR

pol Br

Please put up refers.

Submitted to Under Secretary on 3-7-94.

Dy 17-8-94

The connected papers were submitted to Chief Secy on 8/8/94

9 R 8-94.

Bpl

SECTION S. R

FILE NO. 20 of 93

SUB-NO. 19

Sl No 19081

J

(General Serial No. 30.)

1894.

From The Deputy Commr Chitradurga

(27)

To

The Chief Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore.

Dated 9th

Despatched } August

Received

Enclosures No.

General No. 123

No. 100

1141
G 928. 4/6

In continuation of this office docket No. 1169 dated 26th June 94 G 48 last reports that a sum of Rs 49-6-5 due to B. Venkoba Rao (by stamp vendor) has been received from the Munsif's court and credited towards the balance yet to be recovered from him.

106

1894

From

The Deputy Commissioner
Trincomalee District

To

The Chief Secretary to the
Government of Ceylon

Dated 9th
Received 13 August

No. 123/10 ...

In continuation of this
Office Docket No. 1169/948 dated
26th June I ask, has the honor
to report that a sum of
Rs. 49-6-5 due to Ratna
Venkoba Chetty (by Stamp
Vendor) in judgment creditor
in execution case No. 259
of 1893-94 on the file

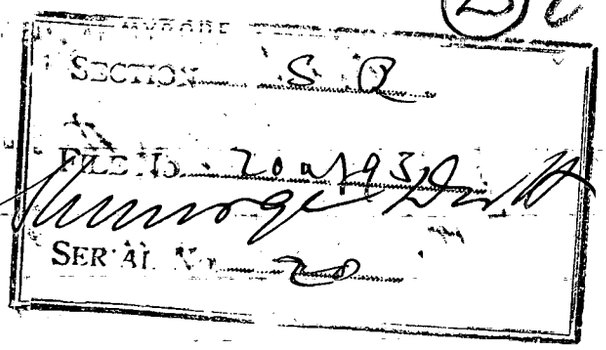
of the Surrogate's Court Shimoga,
sub Div.
has been received from
the Court and credited to
Government towards the
balance yet to be recovered
from him.

Abdul Rahiman, B.A.
Deputy Commissioner
Shimoga Dt.

Secy

No 3403 & 845 & 27-8-94 & 27/8

(23) 108



Sir

In acknowledging receipt of your No 60/50 & 13th ultimo & the papers sent therewith relating to Venkata Row's Enfranchisement I am directed to observe that it does not appear therefrom that the orders of Govt contained in Govt No 10240-41 & 23rd May last & 4579 have been communicated to the Govt of the Nizam & the Govt of the Nizam's Agency & that any further representation they may have to make on the subject

2 I am further to remind you that the Report called for in para 6 of this Office letter No 845 & 27th August last has not been rec'd & to request that you will be good enough to call for further information & ascertain facts & submit the required Report

3 I am to refer you to your letter No 123/915 & to enquire why in your letter

109

I think last year have deducted the security amount of £500 in Cal - culating the amount available for remitting the Govt for the embezzled value of Coffee labels - With this security amount the revenue would amount to £3764-1-4, but the figure given at para 6 of your letter under reference is £3264-1-4

Thanking you

Yours faithfully

Chacko

(General Serial No. 30.)

1894. 2917.

15 SEP 94

91219

From The Deputy Commr.

Shimoga Dt.

28

SECTION S. R.

FILE No. 20 of 1893

SERIAL No. 21

To

The Chief Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore.

Dated 20th

Despatched } August

Received

Enclosures No. 2

General No. 190

No. 154

In reply to para 1 of letter No. 3403/645 of the 27th instant submits two representations received through the Dt. Treasury officer from the Head and Dy accountants.

2.9.94

Refer put up

4/9.

Submitted 4/9/94

No. 190 entre
154

Shimoga District
Deputy Commissioner's Office
Shimoga 26th August
1894

(28)

To

The Chief Secretary to the
Govt of Mysore

Sir,

In reply to para 1 of your letter No. 3403/645 (or 3463) of the 27th Instant received this day, I have the honor to submit the two enclosed representations received through the District Treasury from the Head and My Accountants.

2. The orders of Govern-
=ment were made
known to the two officials

before they submitted
their former explanations
3. The point referred
to in para 6 of the
Government orders alluded
to in para 2 of the letter
under advertance, I beg
to state, has already
been explained at length
by Dwn. Nagesha Row vide
his explanation dated
the 6th July last. The
Comptroller himself
says in para 11 of his
letter that the statement
is borne out neither
by the records of the
District Treasury nor
of his Office. There

is nothing whatever to
shew that any Treasury Officer
committed the most
serious irregularity
alleged. The Dy Accountant
appears to have stated
something about this
in his depositions which
are not before me now.
It is highly improbable
that any one of the Treasury
Officers, to save the trouble
to his responsible officials,
actually took away the
work from them, and
assigned it to a minor
irresponsible official,
adding so much to his
own responsibility by so doing.

4 As regards para 3

I submit that according to my own views, in strict justice, I directed the confiscation of the security amount to Govern= =ment, independent of the amount embezzled by the ex stamp vendor, though Mr. Nageshia Rao suggested to me that the former sum might be paid towards the latter. If the Government are pleased to make the deduction in favor of the ex stamp vendor, I do not at all wish to stand in his way.

I have the honor to be
Sir
Your most obed. Servt.

Abdul Rahman, B. A.
Deputy Commissioner

1906

The Deputy Commissioner
Shrewsbury District

Most Respectfully

In adverting to my
Proceedings No 20266 dated
28th May last and the Chief
Secretary's letter No 9463 dated
29th instant to the address of the
Deputy Commissioner Shrewsbury
District I most respectfully
beg to submit that I have
already furnished my ex-
planation with reference to the
extract from the Treasury
Officers explanation, and that

as a Subordinate Official

I have to offer no more explanation
on the subject. My duty is simply
to obey the orders of my Superiors.
If I was in any way wrong I could
have been rectified then & there
The Stamp Returns are submitted
to the Comptr. Gen. every month.
Besides the Court fee Stamp Returns
the late Deputy Vendors was
compelling the Returns of their
Stamps as is well known to my
Superiors

I have the honor to remain
Sir
Your most obedient & humble
Servant -

Gandachar -
Dy Accountant
Dist Treasury
Nuddea

30th Oct 1874
Nuddea

Gen. Serial No. 30.]

1894

From

E. R. SUBROYER, Esq.,
Comptroller to Mysore Govt.

SECTION S.A

FILE No. 20 of 93

SERIAL No. 22

The Chief Secretary to the
Dewan of Mysore.

Dated 14
Despatched 14 } December
Received

Enclosures No. 1

General No. 3392
No.

In reply to

SUBJECT.

Forwards a Statement as required in connection with the embezzlement of Govt Money at the Shimoga District Treasury

Refers put up
18/12

References—(to be entered only in the Dewan's Office).

116

No. 3392 with 7 enclosures

OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER OF MYSORE,
Bangalore, 8th December 1894.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE MYSORE 13 DEC. 94

30

From

E. R. SUBROYER, ESQ., B.A., B.C.E.,
Comptroller to Mysore Government.

To

The Chief Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore.

5th No: 9 in the file.

SIR,

With reference to para 4 of Government Proceedings No. 20240-41 / G.4579 dated 23rd May 1894, I have the honor to forward herewith a statement furnishing particulars as required therein in connection with the late embezzlement of Government money by the salaried Vendor of the Shemoga District Treasury and to state that the Treasury Officer has invariably been certifying to the correctness of the balance in every month with the exception of a few months as noted in the statement. In some months Accountants other than the present Head or Deputy Accountants have initialled the returns and their names are reported to be H. Srinivasiengar and H. N. Chennigya Rao as noted in the margin.

The Stamp returns of this Office which were filed in the Sessions Court of Shemoga as evidance in the trial of late Stamp Vendor were returned by that court only on the 17th November 1894. The delay in the disposal of this reference was therefore unavoidable.

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant

Hy Eagles
for Comptroller

Date of reference — Initials of the Tech attesting the return. — Name — Designation

5th March 1889 — H. N. C. — H. N. Chennigya Rao — Ag: Deputy Accountant.
19th May 1889 — Ditto — H. Srinivasiengar — Treasury Accountant.
Return for August '91 not received — H. N. C. — H. N. Chennigya Rao — Ag: Deputy Accountant.
19th November 1891 — H. N. C. — do — do.

Asked Revs to Red 25/6

SECTION S. R. Gen. Serial No. 31.]

FILE NO. 2 Rev 1895

SUBJECT 2 3 From The Deputy Commissioner Chitradurga District.

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE. 31 MAY 1895. 16447

R 5044

(32)

To The Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore.

Dated 28 May 1895.
Despatched
Received

Enclosures—No. 2

General No. 1183
No. 910

Requests to obtain early orders of Government as to whether the sum of Rs 500/- deposited as Security by late Stamp Vendor Venkoba Rao may be taken in part adjustment of the Govt money embezzled by him.—

Q.
Ref Mem 31/5
478-94 has been subd to the chief Secy on 24.1.95.
Sir
Submitted with file.—

Submitted herewith a petition from the late Stamp Vendor Venkoba Rao of Chitradurga praying that the sum of Rs 500 deposited by him as security may be taken in part adjustment of the Govt money embezzled by him. The point for decision is whether the deposit of Rs 500 may be taken in part adjustment of the Govt money embezzled by the late Stamp Vendor. The Dy Comr who had ordered the confiscation of the deposit subsequently observed that as the Govt are allowed to make the deduction in favor of the Stamp Vendor, I do not at all wish to stand in his way. At the instance of the Comptroller the Dy Comr solicits early orders.

Q.
Why the undue delay 9-6-95.
Dy Comr — What is the difference? Decrease deposit — forfeited & credited towards the defalcations of the Stamp Vendor.

Ref Mem 31/5 — 478-94 has been subd to the chief Secy on 24.1.95.
Sir
Submitted with file.—
Ref the embezzled amount — what was the deposit for?
The deposit was forfeited & credited towards the embezzlement by Govt order dated 22/6/95 & proceedings recorded 25/6

1895.

12 (32)

From.

The Deputy Commissioner
Shimoga District.

To.

The Chief Secretary to the
Government of Mysore.

Dated 28th May 1895.

No. 1183 en 2
9.10

Sir.

In forwarding for information copy of docket No 6689 dated 18th Inst. received from the Comptroller together with this office reply thereto No. 2481 of this date, I have the honor to request that you will be good enough to obtain the orders of Government at an early date, as to whether the sum of Rs 500 deposited as security by late Stamp Vendor Venkoba Rao of the Shimoga District Treasury may be taken in part adjustment of the Government money embezzled by him.

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your most obedt Servt

D Muniswamy Rao

Offg: Deputy Commissioner
Shimoga District

Encl to Ltr 23
1895.

From.

The Comptroller
of Mysore.

To. The Deputy Commissioner
Shimoga District.

Dated 18th } May 1895.
Despd 19th }

No 6689

With reference to the sum of Rs 428. 15. 3 still outstanding against the late Stamp Vendor out of the embezzled amount of Rs 3732-5-0 has the honor to enquire why the said Amount was not adjusted up to date, and to request that he will be good enough to take steps for its early adjustment and report the same to this Office.

Sd. Hy. Eagles
for Comptroller

"Copy

D Narasimhaiah
Offg: Deputy Commissioner
Shimoga District

Encl to 1895 No 123

From The Deputy Commissioner
Shimoga District

To. The Comptroller
in Mysore

Dated 27th May / 95.

No. 2481

With reference to his docket No 6689 dated 18th Instant enquiring why Rs 428-15-3 out of Rs 3732-5-0 embezzled by late Stamp Vendor Venkoba Rao in the Shimoga District Treasury was not adjusted up to date, has the honor to state that pending Government decision as to whether the sum of Rs 500/- deposited as security by the said official is liable to be confiscated to Government as ordered by Mr Khan Bahadur Abdur Rahiman, or is it to be taken in part adjustment of the money embezzled, the amount in question remains un-=adjusted. A reference on this subject as contained in this office letter No 190/154 dated 30th August / 94 Copy of which was forwarded to him with this office docket No 1229 dated

13th

13th November last, is pending disposal with the Government. A reminder has this day been sent to the Chief Secretary soliciting early orders on the subject.

Sd/- D. Nanneal Rao
Offg: Deputy Commissioner
Shimoga District

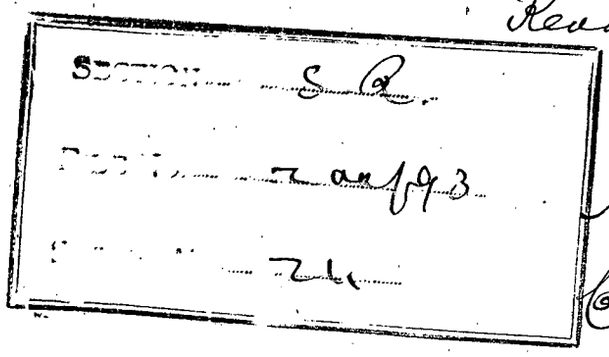
"Copy"
D Nanneal Rao
Offg: Deputy Commissioner
Shimoga District

Draft ab Secretariat

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

(33)

Read:—



Letter No. 1183/910 dated 28th May 1895 from the Deputy Commissioner of the Shemoga District, requesting orders as to whether the sum of Rs 500/. deposited as Security by the late Stamp Vendor Venkoba Row of the Shemoga District Treasury, may be taken in part adjustment of the Government money embezzled by him.

Order thereon

Government consider that the above reference was quite unnecessary. The Dy Commr. is to declare the deposit forfeited and credit it towards the

Rs 24961-2/R 3690 dy 26.6.95

126

recovery of the embezzled

amount

C26-6-95.

Rev Secty.

26/6/95

Re Mr D Nonnes Shemogue Dte

Comptroller